TAIWAN SECOM CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND 2022

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The reader is advised that these consolidated financial statements have been prepared originally in Chinese. In the event of a conflict between these consolidated financial statements and the original Chinese version or difference in interpretation between the two versions, the Chinese language consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

TAIWAN SECOM CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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Independent Auditors' Review Report Translated from Chinese

To Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries as of September 30, 2023 and 2022, the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 and consolidated statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including the summary of significant accounting policies (together "the consolidated financial statements"). Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed and became effective by Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of Review

Except as explained in the following paragraph, we conducted our reviews in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" of the Republic of China. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Conclusion

As explained in Note 4(3), the financial statements of certain insignificant subsidiaries were not reviewed by independent accountants. Those statements reflect total assets of NT\$11,366,541 thousand and NT\$9,899,926 thousand, constituting 44% and 41% of the consolidated total assets, and total liabilities of NT\$3,643,802 thousand and NT\$2,506,565 thousand, constituting 27% and 20% of the consolidated total liabilities as of September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively; and total comprehensive income of NT\$214,787 thousand, NT\$219,119 thousand, NT\$613,645 thousand and NT\$505,163 thousand, constituting 33%, 33%, 30% and 26% of the consolidated total comprehensive income for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. As explained in Note 6(8), the financial statements of certain associates and joint ventures under the equity method were not reviewed by independent accountants. Those associates accounted for using the equity method amounted to NT\$360,929 thousand and NT\$366,171 thousand as of September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The related shares of profit from the associates and joint ventures under the equity method amounted to NT\$3,362 thousand, NT\$2,904 thousand, NT\$8,344 thousand and NT\$5,454 thousand, and the related shares of other comprehensive income from the associates and joint ventures under the equity method both amounted to NT\$0 thousand for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The information related to above subsidiaries, and associates accounted for using the equity method disclosed in Note 13 was also not reviewed by independent accountants.



Qualified Conclusion

Based on our reviews, except for the effect of such adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the financial statements of certain insignificant subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method and the information disclosed in the footnotes been reviewed by independent accountants described in the preceding paragraph, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all materials respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company and its subsidiaries as of September 30, 2023 and 2022, and their consolidated financial performance for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 and cash flows for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard No. 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed and became effective by Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Liu, Hui-Yuan

Wang, Hsuan-Hsuan

Ernst & Young, Taiwan November 13, 2023

Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to review such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, and their applications in practice. As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, Ernst & Young cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

TAIWAN SECOM CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				As of			
		September 30, 2023		December 31,	2022	September 30, 2	2022
Assets	Notes	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	4 and 6	\$4,505,543	17	\$5,153,467	20	\$4,242,618	17
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, current	4, 5 and 6	64,518	-	64,472	-	22,376	_
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, current	4, 5 and 6	138,333	1	269,473	1	269,098	1
Financial assets measured at amortized cost, current	4, 6 and 8	195,267	1	257,783	1	289,631	1
Contract assets, current	4 and 6	621,783	2	456,121	2	407,556	2
Notes receivable, net	4, 5 and 6	215,294	1	190,244	1	166,203	1
Accounts receivable, net	4, 5 and 6	1,233,184	5	1,222,555	5	1,036,626	5
Accounts receivable from related parties, net	4, 6 and 7	244,870	1	261,564	1	251,277	1
Operating lease receivables	4, 5 and 6	30,463	-	26,819	-	23,059	_
Finance lease receivables	4, 5 and 6	70,202	_	81,465	_	76,575	_
Inventories, net	4 and 6	549.889	2	564,068	2	546,560	2
Prepayments		1,004,914	4	755,425	3	745,030	3
Other current assets		173,037	1	370,846	1	171,727	1
Total current assets		9,047,297	35	9,674,302	37	8,248,336	34
						., .,	
Non-current assets							
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, non-current	4, 5 and 6	235,961	1	186,360	1	191,531	1
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, non-current	4, 5 and 6	202,301	1	173,375	1	196,250	1
Financial assets measured at amortized cost, non-current	4, 6 and 8	132,075	1	132,075	1	26,490	-
Investments accounted for using the equity method	4, 5 and 6	4,265,066	17	4,230,179	16	4,272,164	18
Property, plant and equipment	4, 6, 7 and 8	8,947,770	34	8,825,335	34	7,488,275	31
Right-of-use assets	4, 6 and 7	1,151,164	4	881,801	3	802,035	3
Investment property, net	4, 5 and 6	23,403	-	23,661	-	38,445	-
Intangible assets	4 and 6	462,629	2	482,078	2	515,274	2
Deferred tax assets	4, 5 and 6	394,700	2	411,752	2	433,683	2
Prepayment for equipment		392,845	2	300,354	1	1,502,837	6
Refundable deposits	7	333,167	1	335,863	1	328,090	1
Long-term receivables	5 and 6	65,016	-	49,940	-	46,169	-
Long-term lease receivables	4, 5 and 6	115,304	-	143,621	1	144,343	1
Prepaid investments		2,000	-	-	-	· =	-
Other assets, non-current		72,576	-	52,695	-	53,332	-
Total non-current assets		16,795,977	65	16,229,089	63	16,038,918	66
Prepaid investments Other assets, non-current	4, 5 and 6	2,000 72,576		52,695	-		53,332
Total assets		\$25,843,274	100	\$25,903,391	100	\$24,287,254	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

TAIWAN SECOM CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		As of					
		September 30,	, 2023	December 31,	, 2022 September 30, 2022		
Liabilities and Equity	Notes	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
Current liabilities							
Short-term loans	4, 6 and 8	\$628,000	2	\$830,000	3	\$750,000	3
Short-term bills payable	6	120,000	1	30,000	-	130,000	1
Contract liabilities, current	4 and 6	1,479,872	6	1,427,258	6	1,400,156	6
Notes payable		354,878	1	353,222	1	138,347	1
Accounts payable	6	777,121	3	805,122	3	583,303	2
Accounts payable to related parties	7	29,444	-	26,057	-	28,984	-
Other payables	6 and 7	2,147,773	8	2,327,855	9	1,627,865	6
Current tax liabilities	4, 5 and 6	290,879	1	265,088	1	142,856	1
Provisions, current	4 and 6	6,000	_	988	_	824	_
Lease liabilities	6	342,377	1	296,586	1	284,492	1
Lease liabilities to related parties	6 and 7	8,467	_	15,308	-	16,475	_
Current portion of long-term loans	4, 6 and 8	804,839	3	2,360,500	9	2,200,000	9
Other current liabilities	4, 6 and 7	152,248	1	132,708	1	125,517	1
Total current liabilities	i, o and /	7,141,898	27	8,870,692	34	7,428,819	31
		7,111,050		0,070,072		7,120,019	
Non-current liabilities							
Contract Liabilities, non-current	4 and 6	7,749	_	15,319	_	15,076	_
Long-term loans	4, 6 and 8	3,512,000	14	1,792,339	7	2,256,839	9
Provisions, non-current	4 and 6	82.762	_	117,102	,	132,529	í
Lease liabilities	6	790,825	3	553,729	2	482,224	2
Lease liabilities to related parties	6 and 7	4,749	_	10,287	_	13,216	_
Long-term payables	o una /	25,059	_	10,586	_	23,110	_
Net defined benefit liabilities, non-current	4, 5 and 6	1,279,551	5	1,372,487	6	1,477,745	6
Guarantee deposits	6	650,688	3	631,423	3	657,386	3
Total non-current liabilities		6,353,383	25	4,503,272	18	5,058,125	21
Total liabilities		13,495,281	52	13,373,964	52	12,486,944	52
10th habitatis		15,475,201		15,575,704		12,400,744	
Equity attributable to the parent							
Capital							
Common stock	6	4,511,971	18	4,511,971	17	4,511,971	19
Capital surplus	6	969,541	4	906,891	3	852,865	4
Retained earnings	6	, , , , , ,		, , , , , ,	2	002,000	·
Legal reserve		4,485,859	17	4,220,058	16	4,220,058	17
Special reserve		91,087	-	15,352	-	15,352	-
Unappropriated earnings		2,116,683	8	2,741,795	11	2,007,429	7
Other components of equity	4 and 6	(52,406)	_	(91,087)	-	43	
Treasury stock	4 and 6	(237,581)	(1)	(263,255)	(1)	(285,544)	(1)
Non-controlling interests	6	462,839	2	487,702	2	478,136	2
Total equity	Į	12,347,993	48	12,529,427	48	11,800,310	48
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		12,517,775		12,327, 121		11,000,510	
Total liabilities and equity		\$25,843,274	100	\$25,903,391	100	\$24,287,254	100
		425,5.5,271		420,700,071			
		1	1			I	l

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

TAIWAN SECOM CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 $\,$

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, except for Earnings Per Share)

		For the three-mo	nth perio	ods ended Septem	ber 30,	For the nine-mor	nth perio	ods ended Septeml	ber 30,
		2023		2022	,	2023		2022	,
Item	Notes	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
Operating revenue	4 and 7	\$4,298,223	100	\$3,813,155	100	\$12,657,079	100	\$11,363,647	100
Less : Sales returns and allowances		(10,943)	-	(8,086)	-	(32,247)	-	(27,038)	-
Net revenue	6	4,287,280	100	3,805,069	100	12,624,832	100	11,336,609	100
Operating costs	6 and 7	(2,880,629)	(67)	(2,516,825)	(66)	(8,470,648)	(67)	(7,620,289)	(67)
Gross profit		1,406,651	33	1,288,244	34	4,154,184	33	3,716,320	33
Operating expenses	6 and 7								
Sales and marketing expenses		(256,365)	(6)	(217,824)	(6)	(741,060)	(6)	(652,217)	(6)
General and administrative expenses		(443,486)	(10)	(391,160)	(10)	(1,285,966)	(10)	(1,173,925)	(10)
Research and development expenses		(29,423)	(1)	(33,373)	(1)	(91,677)	(1)	(90,822)	(1)
Expected credit losses		(6,335)		(1,635)		(13,235)		(5,478)	
Subtotal		(735,609)	(17)	(643,992)	(17)	(2,131,938)	(17)	(1,922,442)	(17)
Operating income		671,042	16	644,252	17	2,022,246	16	1,793,878	16
Non-operating income and loss									
Interest Income	6	3,093	-	2,884	-	17,279	-	7,690	-
Other income	6	5,394	-	9,675	-	13,131	-	23,661	-
Other gains and losses	5 and 6	45,578	1	4,963	-	36,110	-	(19,415)	-
Finance costs	6	(30,906)	(1)	(18,502)	-	(83,846)	(1)	(43,990)	-
Share of profit or loss of associates accounted for using the equity method	4	114,461	2_	141,329	4_	357,972	3	545,227	4
Subtotal		137,620	2	140,349	4	340,646	2	513,173	4
Income before income tax		808,662	18	784,601	21	2,362,892	18	2,307,051	20
Income tax expenses	4, 5 and 6	(144,937)	(3)	(142,049)	(4)	(432,815)	(3)	(391,085)	(3)
Net income		663,725	15	642,552	17	1,930,077	15	1,915,966	17
Other comprehensive income	6								
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss									
Unrealized (losses) gains on financial assets at fair value through other									
comprehensive income (loss)		(16,031)	-	(1,455)	-	74,343	1	21,891	-
Share of other comprehensive (loss) income of associates and joint ventures-									
may not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		(24,194)	(1)	(8,643)	-	6,503	-	(32,993)	-
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss									
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		7	-	(277)	-	(1,703)	-	560	-
Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures-									
may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		22,462	1	24,494		26,015		53,664	
Total other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax		(17,756)		14,119		105,158	1	43,122	
T.4.1		\$645.060	15	\$CEC (71	17	#2.025.225	16	£1.050.000	17
Total comprehensive income	6	\$645,969	15	\$656,671	17	\$2,035,235	16	\$1,959,088	17
Net income attributable to:	6								
Shareholders of the parent		\$655,848		\$631,541		\$1,906,139		\$1,894,749	
Non-controlling interests		7,877		11,011		23,938		21,217	
Pron-controlling interests		1,011		11,011		23,938		21,21/	
Comprehensive income attributable to:	6								
Shareholders of the parent		\$643,134		\$646,042		\$2,011,091		\$1,939,044	
Non-controlling interests		2,835		10,629		24,144		20,044	
		_,		,/		= -,		,	
Earnings per share (NT\$)									
	1		l			64.21		\$4.30	
Basic earnings per share	6	\$1.48		\$1.44		\$4.31		\$4.30	
Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	6	\$1.48		\$1.44		\$4.31		\$4.30	

TAIWAN SECOM CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Equity Attributable to the Parent Company										
				Retained Earnings		Other Compo	nents of Equity				
				·		Exchange	Unrealized Gains or Losses on Financial Assets at Fair				
						Differences on	Value through				
				Special	Unappropriated	Translation of Foreign	Other Comprehensive			Non-Controlling	
Description	Common Stock	Capital Surplus	Legal Reserve	Reserve	Earnings	Operations	Income	Treasury Stock	Total	Interests	Total Equity
Balance as of January 1, 2022	\$4,511,971	\$824,811	\$3,970,792	\$100,384	\$2,504,000	\$(102,361)	\$87,009	\$(288,389)	\$11,608,217	\$410,362	\$12,018,579
Appropriation and distribution of 2021 retained earnings							·				
Legal reserve	-	-	249,266	-	(249,266)	-	-	-	=	=	-
Special reserve	-	-	=	(85,032)	85,032	-	-	-	=	=	-
Cash dividends	-	-	=	=	(2,255,986)	-	-	-	(2,255,986)	=	(2,255,986)
Net income for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2022	-	-	-	-	1,894,749	-	-	-	1,894,749	21,217	1,915,966
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2022						53,664	(9,369)		44,295	(1,173)	43,122
Total comprehensive income (loss)	_	_	-	-	1,894,749	53,664	(9,369)	-	1,939,044	20,044	1,959,088
Acquisition of company's share by subsidiaries recognized as treasury stock	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,824)	(5,824)	-	(5,824)
Disposal of company's share by subsidiaries recognized as treasury stock transaction	-	28,054	-	-	-	-	-	8,669	36,723	-	36,723
Disposal of equity instrument at fair value through other comprehensive income by subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	28,900	-	(28,900)	-	-	-	-
Difference between consideration given/received and carrying amount of interest in subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(40,053)	(40,053)
Increase in non-controlling interests		_	_			_			_	87,783	87,783
Balance as of September 30, 2022	\$4,511,971	\$852,865	\$4,220,058	\$15,352	\$2,007,429	\$(48,697)	\$48,740	\$(285,544)	\$11,322,174	\$478,136	\$11,800,310
Balance as of January 1, 2023	\$4,511,971	\$906,891	\$4,220,058	\$15,352	\$2,741,795	\$(61,108)	\$(29,979)	\$(263,255)	\$12,041,725	\$487,702	\$12,529,427
Appropriation and distribution of 2022 retained earnings											
Legal reserve	-	-	265,801	-	(265,801)	-	-	-	-	=	-
Special reserve	-	-	=	75,735	(75,735)	-	-	-	-	=	-
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	(2,255,986)	-	-	-	(2,255,986)	-	(2,255,986)
Other changes in capital surplus											
Overdue dividend collection	-	(74)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(74)	-	(74)
					1		1				
Net income for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2023	-	-	-	-	1,906,139	-	-	-	1,906,139	23,938	1,930,077
Other comprehensive income, net of tax for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2023						26,015	78,937		104,952	206	105,158
Total comprehensive income					1,906,139	26,015	78,937		2,011,091	24,144	2,035,235
Disposal of company's share by subsidiaries recognized as treasury stock transactions	-	62,724	-	-		-	-	25,674	88,398	-	88,398
Disposal of equity instrument at fair value through other comprehensive income by subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	43,255	-	(43,255)	-	-	-	-
Disposal of equity instrument at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	23,016	-	(23,016)	-	-	5,942	5,942
Difference between consideration given/received and carrying amount of interest in subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(13,064)	(13,064)
Decrease in non-controlling interests										(41,885)	(41,885)
Balance as of September 30, 2023	\$4,511,971	\$969,541	\$4,485,859	\$91,087	\$2,116,683	\$(35,093)	\$(17,313)	\$(237,581)	\$11,885,154	\$462,839	\$12,347,993
]	1		1			1	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

TAIWAN SECOM CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Cash flows from centimating operations	Description	For the nine-month period 2023	ods ended September 30, 2022
Second Section 12	Cash flows from operating activities:		
Adjustments to reconcile income before its xis not elecula provisible by operating activities:	Profit before tax from continuing operations		
Expected credit losses		2,362,892	2,307,051
Depreciation	the state of the s	12 225	5 470
Autorization (•	*	,
Gain of financial ascets and labilities at fair value through profit or loss Intracest organes incraree (3,30) 1,72,79 (7,60%) Intracest organes incraree (7,727) (7,60%) (8,50) 1,80% (8,50)			
Interest scapense \$3,846 43,990 Divided income (71,727) (7,690) Divided income (71,727) (7,690) Cities of disposal of inestances (71,727) (7,690) Cities of disposal of incomences (71,727) (7,690) Cities of some content of the property, plant and equipment 56,53 Cities of lease modification (25)1 (710) Changes in operating assets and liabilities: (107,685) (70,429) Contract assets and liabilities: (107,685) (70,429) Contract assets (107,685) (70,485) Contract assets (107,68		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,
Interest income		` '	, ,
Dischand income 17,045 (15,671) Cain on disposal of property, plant and equipment 5.63 29,730 Share of propint to rose of associated for using the equity method (55,7972) (34,2272) Cain on lates modification (25) (34,2272)		*	
Loss on chiprosal of property, plant and equipment 553 29,730 Share of profite to loss of associates accounted for using the equity method (251) (251) Gain on bases modification (251) (251) Chunges in operating assets and liabilities: (254) (255) (255) Chunges in operating assets and liabilities: (255) (255) (255) (255) Chunges in operating assets and liabilities (255) (255) (255) (255) Chunges in operating assets and liabilities (255) (255) (255) (255) Accounts receivable run related parties, net (567) (255) (255) (255) Accounts receivable run related parties, net (567) (255			1
Share of profit or foso of associates accounted for using the equity method (251) (711) (211)	Gain on disposal of investments		(29,557)
Gain on lease modification (251) (710) Changes in operating assets and liabilities: (167,685) (79,429) Notes receivable, net (23,0864) (20,589) Accounts receivable from related parties, net (23,0864) (20,889) Accounts receivable from related parties, net (16,987) (8,980) Incremotics, net (20,231) (11,333) Other curron assets (25,233) (10,133) Object curron assets (35,441) (57,707) Finance fease receivables (35,441) (57,707) Finance fease receivables (15,076) 7,848 Contract liabilities (15,076) 7,848 Notes payable 1,656 (43,756) Accounts populate to related parties (20,000) (102,676) Accounts populate to related parties (38,809) (37,258) Accounts populate to related parties (38,300) (37,258) Ober current liabilities (38,300) (32,258) Ober current liabilities (38,300) (32,258) Ober current liabilities (38,3	Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	563	29,730
Campes in operating assets and liabilities:		(357,972)	(545,227)
Contract assers	Gain on lease modification	(251)	(710)
Notes receivable, net			
Accounts receivable, net			
Accounts receivable from related parties, net Inventories, set (151,722) (114,275) Prepayments Other current assets Operating lease receivables Outs and Indibities Operating lease of Indibities Operating leas	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Immentations, net			
Perpayments		-	
Ober current asserts 252,328 103.118 Operating leave receivables 30,580 30,181 Long-term receivables 15,507 7,848 Contract liabilities 45,044 94,368 Notes payable 1,556 (43,756) Accounts payable (28,001) (12,676) Accounts payable to related parties 3,337 2,629 Other payables (181,920) (775,529) Provisions 31,589 125,292 Other current liabilities 33,501 10,178 Net offende benefit liabilities, non-current 92,505,603 1,918,391 Interest received 1,554 6,858 Interest paid (72,856) (57,248) Incorne tax pair (72,856) (51,793) Incorne tax pair (72,864) (72,856)			
Operating lease receivables 30,508 30,318 Long-term receivables 10,507 7,848 Contract liabilities 45,044 49,368 Notes payable 1,656 (43,756) Accounts payable se (81,870) (16,2676) Accounts payable se (81,870) (77,5259) Other payables (81,870) (77,5259) Provisions (31,598) 125,259 Other current liabilities, non-current (20,395) (87,248) Cash indow generated from operations 2,705,063 19,18,391 Interest received 15,545 6,858 Interest paid (25,295) (35,739) Interest paid (28,289) (35,739) Net each provided by operating activities 2,260,400 1,400,768 Cash flows from investing activities (5,000) (17,477) Cash flows from investing activities (5,000) (17,477) Proceeds from disposal of financial assess at fair value through other comprehensive income 18,635 42,578 Capital deducted by cash of financial assess at fair value through	* *		
Finance Cane receivables		· ·	,
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Contract liabilities 45,044 9,4368 Notes payable 1,656 (43,756) Accounts payable to related parties 2,8001 (162,676) Accounts payables (181,920) (775,529) Other payables (181,920) (775,529) Provisions (31,988) 125,929 Other current liabilities, non-current (92,936) (87,248) Cash inflow generated from operations 2,705,003 1,948,391 Interest received 115,545 6,858 Interest paid (72,859) (36,551) Income tax paid (387,289) (517,390) Net cash provided by operating activities 2,260,460 1,400,768 Cash most from investing activities (15,000) (17,477) Proceads from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (15,000) (17,477) Proceads from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 7,772 5,285 Capital deducted by each of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (87,908) (113,091) Capital incommental assets at fair valu		· ·	
Notes payable	č		
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Accounts payable to related parties 3.387 2.629 17.755.29	· ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Provisions			
Other current liabilities 33,901 10,15 Net defined benefit liabilities, non-current (92,936) (87,248) Cash inflow generated from operations 2,705,063 1,948,391 Interest received 15,445 6,888 Interest spaid (72,889) (36,551) Income tax paid (72,889) (37,730) Net cash provided by operating activities 2,200,400 1,400,768 Cash Illows from investing activities 2,200,400 (17,477) Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (15,000) (17,477) Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (87,008) (11,3091) Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (87,008) (11,3091) Proceeds from disposal of financial assets measured at amortized cost (207,811) (587,248) Acquisition of financial assets measured at amortized cost (207,811) (587,248) Proceeds from disposal of financial assets measured at amortized cost (207,811) (587,248) Proceeds from disposal of financial assets measured at amortized cost (207,811)	Other payables	(181,920)	(775,529)
Net defined benefit liabilities, non-curent (92,936) (37,248) Cash inflow generated from operations 2,705,063 1,948,391 Interest received 15,545 6,858 Interest paid 20,205,000 (3,573) Net cash provided by operating activities 2,200,400 1,400,768 Cash flows from investing activities 15,000 (17,477) Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 18,645 42,578 Capital deducted by cash of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 7,772 5,285 Capital deducted by cash of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 7,772 5,285 Capital deducted by cash of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 18,307 2,452 Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 18,307 2,452 Acquisition of insucal assets at fair value through profit or loss 18,307 2,452 Acquisition of insucal assets at fair value through profit or loss 18,307 2,452 Acquisition of insucal assets at fair value through profit or loss 18,307 7,147	Provisions	(31,598)	125,929
Cash inflow generated from operations 1,948,391 Interest received 15,545 6,888 Interest paid (72,859) (36,551) Income tax paid (387,289) (517,930) Net cash provided by operating activities 2,260,460 1,400,768 Cash flows from investing activities	Other current liabilities	33,901	10,175
Interest received 15.545 6.888 16.285	Net defined benefit liabilities, non-current	(92,936)	(87,248)
Interest paid	Cash inflow generated from operations	2,705,063	1,948,391
Income tax paid (387,289) (517,930) Net eash provided by operating activities 2,260,460 1,400,768 Cash flows from investing activities: (15,000) (17,477) Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 18,6455 42,578 Capital deducted by eash of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 7,772 5,285 Capital deducted by eash of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (67,908) (113,091) Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (67,908) (113,091) Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (207,811) (587,248) Proceeds from disposal of financial assets measured at amortized cost (207,811) (587,248) Proceeds from disposal of financial assets measured at amortized cost (200,311) (11,077) (11,1077) Acquisition of investments accounted for using at equity method (14,407) (11,1077) (11,1077) Increase in prepayments for investments (2,000) (2		-	
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Cash flows from investing activities: (15,000) (17,477) Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 186,455 42,578 Capital deducted by eash of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 7,772 5,285 Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (67,908) (113,091) Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 18,307 2,452 Acquisition of financial assets are assured at amortized cost 270,327 771,417 Acquisition of financial assets measured at amortized cost 270,327 771,417 Acquisition of investments accounted for using the equity method (14,407) (11,107) Acquisition of investments accounted for using the equity method 3,940 79,159 Increase in prepayments for investments (2,000) - Acquisition of property, plant and equipment (858,076) (654,229) Acquisition of property, plant and equipment (858,076) (654,229) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment (858,076) (654,229) Decrease in refundable deposits 2,696 24,040	•		
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 115,000 117,477 15,285 126,257 12		2,260,460	1,400,768
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 186,455 42,578 Capital deducted by cash of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 7,772 5,285 Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (67,908) (113,091) Proceeds from disposal of financial assets are fair value through profit or loss (207,811) (587,248) Acquisition of financial assets measured at amortized cost (207,811) (587,248) Proceeds from disposal of financial assets measured at amortized cost 270,327 771,417 Acquisition of investments accounted for using the equity method 3,940 79,159 Increase in prepayments for investments accounted for using at equity method 3,940 79,159 Increase in prepayments for investments (2,000) - - Acquisition of property, plant and equipment (858,076) (654,929) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment (858,076) (654,929) Pocrease in refundable deposits 2,696 24,040 Acquisition of property, plant and equipment (3,380) (7,8411) Increase in refundable deposits (3,36,245) </td <td>9</td> <td>(15,000)</td> <td>(17, 477)</td>	9	(15,000)	(17, 477)
Capital deducted by cash of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 7,772 5,285 Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (67,908) (113,091) Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (207,811) (587,248) Acquisition of financial assets measured at amortized cost 270,327 771,417 Acquisition of investments accounted for using the equity method (14,407) (11,107) Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using at equity method 3,940 79,159 Increase in prepayments for investments accounted for using at equity method 2,000 - Increase in prepayments for investments accounted for using at equity method - (488,903) Acquisition of subsidiaries (net of cash acquired) - (488,903) Acquisition of subsidiaries (net of cash acquired) - (488,903) Acquisition of property, plant and equipment 12,441 14,652 Decrease in refundable deposits 2,696 24,040 Acquisition of intangible assets (43,820) (78,411) Increase in prepayment for equipment (92,491) (265,611)			
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Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		-	
Acquisition of financial assets measured at amortized cost 207,311 (587,248) Proceeds from disposal of financial assets measured at amortized cost 270,327 771,417 Acquisition of investments accounted for using the equity method (14,407) (11,107) Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using at equity method 3,940 79,159 Increase in prepayments for investments (2,000)	•		
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Increase in long-term loans 3,500,000 1,312,500 Cash payments for the long-term loans (3,336,000) (41,622) Increase in guarantee deposits 19,265 9,325 Cash dividends paid (2,255,986) (2,255,986) Cash payments for the principal portion of lease liability (282,685) (259,654) Disposal of treasury stocks 114,048 37,695 Changes in non-controlling interests (67,225) 36,871 Overdue dividend collection (74) - Net cash used in financing activities (2,420,657) (899,871) Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (647,924) (422,726) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year 5,153,467 4,665,344			
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English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese

TAIWAN SECOM CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Stated)

1. History and organization

Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd. ("the Company") was incorporated under the laws of the Republic of China ("R.O.C.") on November 8, 1977. The Company is engaged mainly in the security service. In December 1993, the Company listed its shares of stock on the Taiwan Stock Exchange ("TWSE"). The Company's registered office and the main business location is at 6F., No.139, Zhengzhou Rd., Datong Dist., Taipei, R.O.C.

2. Date and procedures of authorization of financial statements for issue

The consolidated financial statements of the Company and subsidiaries ("the Group") for the ninemonth periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on November 13, 2023.

3. Newly issued or revised standards and interpretations

(1) Changes in accounting policies resulting from applying for the first time certain standards and amendments

The adoption of these new standards and amendments had no material impact on the Group. The Group applied for the first time International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, and Interpretations issued, revised, or amended which are endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC") and become effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. The adoption of these new standards and amendments and interpretations of initial application has no material impact on the Group.

(2) Standards or interpretations issued, revised, or amended, by IASB which are not endorsed by FSC, and not yet adopted by the Group as of the end of the reporting period are listed below.

Items	New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date
Items	New, Revised of Amended Standards and Interpretations	issued by IASB
a	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current – Amendments to	January 1, 2024
	IAS 1	
b	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback – Amendments to IFRS 16	January 1, 2024
c	Non-current Liabilities with Covenants – Amendments to IAS 1	January 1, 2024
d	Supplier Finance Arrangements – Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7	January 1, 2024

(a) Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current – Amendments to IAS 1

These are the amendments to paragraphs 69-76 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial statements and the amended paragraphs related to the classification of liabilities as current or non-current.

(b) Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback – Amendments to IFRS 16

The amendments add seller-lessees additional requirements for the sale and leaseback transactions in IFRS 16, thereby supporting the consistent application of the standard.

(c) Non-current Liabilities with Covenants – Amendments to IAS 1

The amendments improved the information companies provide about long-term debt with covenants. The amendments specify that covenants to be complied within twelve months after the reporting period do not affect the classification of debt as current or non-current at the end of the reporting period.

(d) Supplier Finance Arrangements – Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7

The amendments introduced additional information of supplier finance arrangements and added disclosure requirements for such arrangements.

The abovementioned standards and interpretations were issued by IASB and endorsed by FSC so that they are applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024. The adoption of these standards and interpretations have no material impact on the Group.

(3) Standards or interpretations issued, revised, or amended, by IASB which are not endorsed by FSC, and not yet adopted by the Group as of the end of the reporting period are listed below.

Itama	Navy Davised on Amended Standards and Intermedations	Effective Date
Items	New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations	issued by IASB
	IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements" and IAS 28 "Investments in	
	Associates and Joint Ventures" — Sale or Contribution of Assets between	by IASB
	an Investor and its Associate or Joint Ventures	
b	IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"	January 1, 2023
c	Lack of Exchangeability – Amendments to IAS 21	January 1, 2025

(a) IFRS 10"Consolidated Financial Statements" and IAS 28"Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures" — Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Ventures

The amendments address the inconsistency between the requirements in IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, in dealing with the loss of control of a subsidiary that is contributed to an associate or a joint venture. IAS 28 restricts gains and losses arising from contributions of non-monetary assets to an associate or a joint venture to the extent of the interest attributable to the other equity holders in the associate or joint ventures. IFRS 10 requires full profit or loss recognition on the loss of control of the subsidiary. IAS 28 was amended so that the gain or loss resulting from the sale or contribution of assets that constitute a business as defined in IFRS 3 between an investor and its associate or joint venture is recognized in full.

IFRS 10 was also amended so that the gains or loss resulting from the sale or contribution of a subsidiary that does not constitute a business as defined in IFRS 3 between an investor and its associate or joint venture is recognized only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture.

(b) IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"

IFRS 17 provides a comprehensive model for insurance contracts, covering all relevant accounting aspects (including recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure requirements). The core of IFRS 17 is the General (building block) Model, under this model, on initial recognition, an entity shall measure a group of insurance contracts at the total of the fulfilment cash flows and the contractual service margin. The carrying amount of a group of insurance contracts at the end of each reporting period shall be the sum of the liability for remaining coverage and the liability for incurred claims.

Other than the General Model, the standard also provides a specific adaptation for contracts with direct participation features (the Variable Fee Approach) and a simplified approach (Premium Allocation Approach) mainly for short-duration contracts.

IFRS 17 was issued in May 2017 and it was amended in 2020 and 2021. The amendments include deferral of the date of initial application of IFRS 17 by two years to annual beginning on or after January 1, 2023 (from the original effective date of January 1, 2021); provide additional transition reliefs; simplify some requirements to reduce the costs of applying IFRS 17 and revise some requirements to make the results easier to explain. IFRS 17 replaces an interim Standard – IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts – from annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023.

(c) Lack of Exchangeability – Amendments to IAS 21

These amendments specify whether a currency is exchangeable into another currency and, when it is not, to determining the exchange rate to use and the disclosures to provide. The amendments apply for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025.

The abovementioned standards and interpretations issued by IASB have not yet endorsed by FSC at the date when the Group's financial statements were authorized for issue, the local effective dates are to be determined by FSC. The new or amended standards and interpretations have no material impact on the Group.

4. Summary of significant accounting policies

(1) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers ("the Regulations") and IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* as endorsed and became effective by the FSC.

(2) Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial instruments that have been measured at fair value. The consolidated financial statements are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars ("NT\$") unless otherwise stated.

(3) Basis of consolidation

Preparation principle of consolidated financial statement

Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Specifically, the Group controls an investee if and only if the Group has:

- A. power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee)
- B. exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and
- C. the ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- A. the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee
- B. rights arising from other contractual arrangements
- C. the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the acquisition date, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent company, using uniform accounting policies. All intra-group balances, income and expenses, unrealized gains and losses and dividends resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a change of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

Total comprehensive income of the subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

If the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it:

- A. derecognizes the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary;
- B. derecognizes the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest;
- C. recognizes the fair value of the consideration received;
- D. recognizes the fair value of any investment retained;
- E. recognizes any resulting difference in profit or loss; and
- F. reclassifies the parent's share of components previously recognized in other comprehensive income to profit or loss, or transfer directly to retained earnings if required by other IFRSs.

The consolidated entities are listed as follows:

			Percentage of ownershi		hip (%)	
			September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	
Name of the investors	Name of subsidiaries	Nature of Business	2023	2022	2022	
The Company	Speed Investment Co., Ltd.	Investment holding	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
The Company	Goyun Security Co., Ltd.	Security guarding services providing	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
The Company	LeeBao Security Co., Ltd.	Security services providing	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
The Company	Chung Hsing E-Guard Co., Ltd.	Sales of electric, telecommunications and fireproof products	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
The Company	Goldsun Express & Logistics Co., Ltd.	Air cargo transporting services	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
The Company	Aion Technologies Inc.	Technology support services (Note 1)	90.17%	87.42%	87.42%	
The Company	Golden Harvest Food Enterprise Ltd.	Food processing and manufacturing	97.84%	97.84%	97.84%	
The Company, Speed	TransAsia Catering	Production and sales of instant	91.82%	91.82%	91.82%	
Investment Co., Ltd.,	Services Ltd.	foods and in-flight catering				
KuoHsing Security Co., Ltd.,						
Lee Way Electronics Co., Ltd.						
and Titan Star International						
Co., Ltd.						
The Company, Goyun Security	Gowin Building	Building management services	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Co., Ltd. and KuoHsing	Management and	providing				
Security Co., Ltd.	Maintenance Co., Ltd.					
The Company, Speed	Lee Way Electronics Co.,	Police-Citizen connection and	90.24%	90.24%	90.24%	
Investment Co., Ltd. and	Ltd.	AED rental services				
KuoHsing Security Co., Ltd.						
The Company, Speed Investment	Lots Home Entertainment	Digital video and movie	89.52%	89.52%	89.52%	
Co., Ltd. and Goyun Security	Co., Ltd.	distribution				
Co., Ltd.						
The Company and Gowin	KuoHsing Security Co.,	Security guarding services	85.22%	85.22%	85.22%	
Building Management and	Ltd.	providing				
Maintenance Co., Ltd.						
The Company and Speed	Taiwan Secom Insurance	Insurance broker	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Investment Co., Ltd.	Brokerage Services Inc.					

			Percentage of owners		rship (%)	
			September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	
Name of the investors	Name of subsidiaries	Nature of Business	2023	2022	2022	
The Company, Speed Investment Co., Ltd., Aion Technologies Inc. and Titan Star International Co., Ltd.	Brightron Technology and Engineering Corporation	Light controlling system services	96.12%	96.12%	96.12%	
LeeBao Security Co., Ltd.	LeeBao Technology Co.,	Automated Teller Machine (ATM) services	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Lee Way Electronics Co., Ltd.	Lee Yuan Biomedical Co., Ltd.	Medical equipment and AED rental services	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Speed Investment Co., Ltd.	Titan Star International Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing, selling and processing of security-related equipment and parts	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Speed Investment Co., Ltd.	Jiansheng International Co., Ltd.	Retail of medical equipment	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Speed Investment Co., Ltd.	Star Power Solutions Taiwan Limited	Energy-saving solutions technology (Note 2)	100.00%	51.00%	51.00%	
Speed Investment Co., Ltd.	Baohwa Trust Co., Ltd.	Information security services (Note 3)	75.00%	60.00%	60.00%	
Speed Investment Co., Ltd.	MyStory Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Video content development and investment (Note 4)	51.00%	51.00%	51.00%	
Speed Investment Co., Ltd. and Goyun Security Co., Ltd.	Ching-Dian Tech Co., Ltd.	POS system for retail	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Speed Investment Co., Ltd. and Aion Technologies Inc.	Epic Tech Taiwan Inc.	Information management platform (Note 5)	99.47%	98.57%	98.57%	
Goldsun Express & Logistics Co., Ltd.	Goldsun Express Ltd.	The custom broker services	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
KuoHsing Security Co., Ltd.	KuoHsing Rental Co., Ltd.	Mini-Storage rental services	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Goyun Security Co., Ltd.	Guoyun Technology Co., Ltd.	Car parking lot services	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Gowin Building Management and Maintenance Co., Ltd.	Gowin Security Co., Ltd.	Buildings' security guarding services	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Gowin Building Management and Maintenance Co., Ltd.	Gowin Smart Parking Co., Ltd.	Car parking lot services	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
TransAsia Catering Services Ltd. and Speed Investment Co., Ltd.	Living Plus Food and Beverage Co. Ltd.	Catering services (Note 6)	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Brightron Technology and Engineering Corporation	SIGMU D.P.T. Company Ltd.	Wholesale and installation of fire safety equipment	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Brightron Technology and Engineering Corporation	Comlink Fire Systems Inc.	Wholesale of fire safety equipment	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Golden Harvest Food Enterprise Ltd.	Tai-Shun Shi Ye Co., Ltd.	Garment industry	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
LeeBao Security Co., Ltd. and LeeBao Technology Co., Ltd.	Baohong Technology Co., Ltd.	Information software services (Note 7)	70.00%	70.00%	-	

Note 1: Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd. acquired 439,003 shares and 35,278 shares of Aion Technologies Inc. from its non-controlling interest shareholders for NT\$7,511 thousand and NT\$604 thousand in June 2023, respectively. The percentage of ownership increased to 90.17%.

- Note 2: Speed Investment Co., Ltd. acquired a total of 49% voting shares of Star Power Solutions Taiwan Limited from its non-controlling interest shareholders for a total of NT\$14,700 thousand in July 2023. The percentage of ownership increased to 100%. On July 31, 2023, the Taipei City Government approved the company name change from "Sunseap Solutions Taiwan Limited" to "Star Power Solutions Taiwan Limited."
- Note 3: On August 22, 2023, Speed Investment Co., Ltd. acquired an additional 3,000 thousand shares of Baohwa Trust Co., Ltd., for a cash capital increase. Therefore Speed Investment's percentage of ownership in Baohwa Trust increased to 75%.
- Note 4: Speed Investment Co., Ltd. invested MyStory Entertainment Co., Ltd. NT\$102,000 thousand in March 2022. The percentage of ownership was 97.14%. After obtaining approval from the Taipei City government, MyStory Entertainment Co., Ltd. changed its Chinese name on April 20, 2022. In August 2022, the percentage of ownership decreased to 51.00% after non-controlling interest shareholders acquired an additional 9,500 thousand shares during the cash capital increase.
- Note 5: Epic Tech Taiwan Inc. reduced its capital by 74.56% in June 2023, and, subsequently, conducted the cash capital increase of NT\$30,000 thousand, which was fully acquired by Speed Investment Co., Ltd. and Aion Technologies Inc. The percentage of ownership increased to 99.47%.
- Note 6: Speed Investment Co., Ltd. joined the cash capital increase of Living Plus Food & Beverage Co., Ltd. to acquire 2,000 thousand shares for NT\$20,000 thousand in August 2022. Combined with the shares held by TransAsia Catering Services Ltd., the percentage of ownership was 100%.
- Note 7: LeeBao Security Co., Ltd. and LeeBao Technology Co., Ltd. invested in Baohong Technology Co., Ltd. by acquiring 700 thousand shares for a total of NT\$7,000 thousand in December 2022. The percentage of ownership was 70%.

The financial statements of certain insignificant subsidiaries mentioned above were not reviewed by independent accountants. Those statements reflect total assets of NT\$11,366,541 thousand and NT\$9,899,926 thousand, constituting 44% and 41% of the consolidated total assets, and total liabilities of NT\$3,643,802 thousand and NT\$2,506,565 thousand, constituting 27% and 20% of the consolidated total liabilities as of September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively; and total comprehensive income of NT\$214,787 thousand, NT\$219,119 thousand, NT\$613,645 thousand and NT\$505,163 thousand, constituting 33%, 33%, 30% and 26% of the consolidated total comprehensive income for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

(4) Foreign currency transactions

The Group's consolidated financial statements are presented in NT\$, which is also the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency.

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Group entities at their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the functional currency closing rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates as of the dates of the initial transactions.

All exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items are taken to profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for the following:

- A. Exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings for an acquisition of a qualifying asset to the extent that they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs are included in the borrowing costs that are eligible for capitalization.
- B. Foreign currency items within the scope of IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* are accounted for based on the accounting policy for financial instruments.
- C. Exchange differences arising on a monetary item that forms part of a reporting entity's net investment in a foreign operation is recognized initially in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on disposal of the net investment.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognized in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognized in other comprehensive income. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognized in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss.

(5) Translation of financial statements in foreign currency

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into NT\$ at the closing rate of exchange prevailing at the reporting date and their income and expenses are translated at an average rate for the period. The exchange differences arising on the translation are recognized in other comprehensive income. On the disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences relating to that foreign operation, recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the separate component of equity, is reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the gain or loss on disposal is recognized. The following partial disposals are accounted for as disposals:

- A. when the partial disposal involves the loss of control of a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation; and
- B. when the retained interest after the partial disposal of an interest in a joint arrangement or a partial disposal of an interest in an associate that includes a foreign operation is a financial asset that includes a foreign operation.

On the partial disposal of a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation that does not result in a loss of control, the proportionate share of the cumulative amount of the exchange differences recognized in other comprehensive income is re-attributed to the non-controlling interests in that foreign operation. In partial disposal of an associate or joint arrangement that includes a foreign operation that does not result in a loss of significant influence or joint control, only the proportionate share of the cumulative amount of the exchange differences recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss.

Any goodwill and any fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and expressed in its functional currency.

(6) Current and non-current distinction

An asset is classified as current when:

- A. The Group expects to realize the asset, or intends to sell or consume it, in its normal operating cycle
- B. The Group holds the asset primarily for the purpose of trading
- C. The Group expects to realize the asset within twelve months after the reporting period
- D. The asset is cash or cash equivalent unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when:

- A. The Group expects to settle the liability in its normal operating cycle
- B. The Group holds the liability primarily for the purpose of trading
- C. The liability is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period
- D. The Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

(7) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term, highly liquid time deposits (including ones that have maturity within three months) or investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(8) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities within the scope of IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* are recognized initially at fair value plus or minus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

A. Financial instruments: Recognition and Measurement

The Group accounts for regular way purchase or sales of financial assets on the trade date.

The Group classified financial assets as subsequently measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss considering both factors below:

- a. the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and
- b. the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met and presented as note receivables, trade receivables financial assets measured at amortized cost and other receivables etc., on balance sheet as of the reporting date:

- a. the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and
- b. the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost (the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method of any difference between the initial amount and the maturity amount and adjusted for any loss allowance) and is not part of a hedging relationship. A gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss when the financial asset is derecognized, through the amortization process or in order to recognize the impairment gains or losses.

Interest revenue is calculated by using the effective interest method. This is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for:

- a. purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets. For those financial assets, the Group applies the credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the financial asset from initial recognition.
- b. financial assets that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets but subsequently have become credit-impaired financial assets. For those financial assets, the Group applies the effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the financial asset in subsequent reporting periods.

Financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if both of the following conditions are met:

- a. the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and
- b. the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Recognition of gain or loss on a financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are described as below:

- a. A gain or loss on a financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income recognized in other comprehensive income, except for impairment gains or losses and foreign exchange gains and losses, until the financial asset is derecognized or reclassified.
- b. When the financial asset is derecognized the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment.
- c. Interest revenue is calculated by using the effective interest method. This is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for:
 - (i) Purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets. For those financial assets, the Group applies the credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the financial asset from initial recognition.
 - (ii) Financial assets that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets but subsequently have become credit-impaired financial assets. For those financial assets, the Group applies the effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the financial asset in subsequent reporting periods.

Besides, for certain equity investments within the scope of IFRS 9 that is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination to which IFRS 3 applies, the Group made an irrevocable election to present the changes of the fair value in other comprehensive income at initial recognition. Amounts presented in other comprehensive income shall not be subsequently transferred to profit or loss (when disposal of such equity instrument, its cumulated amount included in other components of equity is transferred directly to the retained earnings) and these investments should be presented as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income on the balance sheet. Dividends on such investment are recognized in profit or loss unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of investment.

Financial asset measured at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets were classified as measured at amortized cost or measured at fair value through other comprehensive income based on aforementioned criteria. All other financial assets were measured at fair value through profit or loss and presented on the balance sheet as financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Such financial assets are measured at fair value, the gains or losses resulting from remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss which includes any dividend or interest received on such financial assets.

B. Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on debt instrument investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial asset measured at amortized cost. The loss allowance on debt instrument investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income is recognized in other comprehensive income and not reduce the carrying amount in the balance sheet.

The Group measures expected credit losses of a financial instrument in a way that reflects:

- a. an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- b. the time value of money; and
- c. reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

The loss allowance is measures as follow:

- a. At an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses: the credit risk on a financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition or the financial asset is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. In addition, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses in the previous reporting period, but determines at the current reporting date that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition is no longer met.
- b. At an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses: the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition or financial asset that is purchased or originated credit-impaired financial asset.
- c. For trade receivables or contract assets arising from transactions within the scope of IFRS 15, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.
- d. For lease receivables arising from transactions within the scope of IFRS 16, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

At each reporting date, the Group needs to assess whether the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition by comparing the risk of a default occurring at the reporting date and the risk of default occurring at initial recognition. Please refer to Note 12 for further details on credit risk.

C. <u>Derecognition of financial assets</u>

A financial asset is derecognized when:

- a. The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired
- b. The Group has transferred the asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset have been transferred
- c. The Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the consideration received or receivable including any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income, is recognized in profit or loss.

D. Financial liabilities and equity

Classification between liabilities or equity

The Group classifies the instrument issued as a financial liability or an equity instrument in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement and the definitions of a financial liability, and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. The transaction costs of an equity transaction are accounted for as a deduction from equity (net of any related income tax benefit) to the extent they are incremental costs directly attributable to the equity transaction that otherwise would have been avoided.

Compound instruments

The Group evaluates the terms of the convertible bonds issued to determine whether it contains both a liability and an equity component. Furthermore, the Group assesses if the economic characteristics and risks of the put and call options contained in the convertible bonds are closely related to the economic characteristics and risk of the host contract before separating the equity element.

For the liability component excluding the derivatives, its fair value is determined based on the rate of interest applied at that time by the market to instruments of comparable credit status. The liability component is classified as a financial liability measured at amortized cost before the instrument is converted or settled.

For the embedded derivative that is not closely related to the host contract (for example, if the exercise price of the embedded call or put option is not approximately equal on each exercise date to the amortized cost of the host debt instrument), it is classified as a liability component and subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it qualifies for an equity component. The equity component is assigned the residual amount after deducting from the fair value of the instrument as a whole the amount separately determined for the liability component. Its carrying amount is not remeasured in the subsequent accounting periods. If the convertible bond issued does not have an equity component, it is accounted for as a hybrid instrument in accordance with the requirements under IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*.

Transaction costs are apportioned between the liability and equity components of the convertible bond based on the allocation of proceeds to the liability and equity components when the instruments are initially recognized.

On conversion of a convertible bond before maturity, the carrying amount of the liability component being the amortized cost at the date of conversion is transferred to equity.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities within the scope of IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or financial liabilities measured at amortized cost upon initial recognition.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss. A financial liability is classified as held for trading if:

- a. it is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term;
- b. on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of shortterm profit-taking; or
- c. it is a derivative (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument).

If a contract contains one or more embedded derivatives, the entire hybrid (combined) contract may be designated as a financial liability at fair value through profit or loss; or a financial liability may be designated as at fair value through profit or loss when doing so results in more relevant information, because either:

- a. it eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency; or
- b. a group of financial liabilities or financial assets and financial liabilities is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the group is provided internally on that basis to the key management personnel.

Gains or losses on the subsequent measurement of liabilities at fair value through profit or loss including interest paid are recognized in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities at amortized cost

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include interest bearing loans and borrowings that are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate method after initial recognition. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the effective interest rate method amortization process.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or transaction costs.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified (whether or not attributable to the financial difficulty of the debtor), such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss.

E. Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

(9) Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- A. In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- B. In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

(10) Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value item by item.

Costs incurred in bringing each inventory to its present location and condition are accounted for as follows:

Raw materials - Purchase cost on a weighted average basis

Finished goods and work in progress - Cost of direct materials and labor and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal operating capacity but excluding borrowing costs.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Rendering of services is accounted in accordance with IFRS 15 and not within the scope of inventories.

(11) Investments accounted for using the equity method

The Group's investment in its associate is accounted for using the equity method other than those that meet the criteria to be classified as held for sale. An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture.

Under the equity method, the investment in the associate or an investment in a joint venture is carried in the balance sheet at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the Group's share of net assets of the associate or joint venture. After the interest in the associate or joint venture is reduced to zero, additional losses are provided for, and a liability is recognized, only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate or joint venture. Unrealized gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the associate or joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the Group's related interest in the associate or joint venture.

When changes in the net assets of an associate or a joint venture occur and not those that are recognized in profit or loss or other comprehensive income and do not affects the Group's percentage of ownership interests in the associate or joint venture, the Group recognizes such changes in equity based on its percentage of ownership interests. The resulting capital surplus recognized will be reclassified to profit or loss at the time of disposing the associate or joint venture on a pro rata basis.

When the associate or joint venture issues new stock, and the Group's interest in an associate or a joint venture is reduced or increased as the Group fails to acquire shares newly issued in the associate or joint venture proportionately to its original ownership interest, the increase or decrease in the interest in the associate or joint venture is recognized in Additional Paid in Capital and Investment accounted for using the equity method. When the interest in the associate or joint venture is reduced, the cumulative amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss or other appropriate items. The aforementioned capital surplus recognized is reclassified to profit or loss on a pro rata basis when the Group disposes the associate or joint venture.

The financial statements of the associate or joint venture are prepared for the same reporting period as the Group. Where necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Group.

The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate or an investment in a joint venture is impaired in accordance with IAS 28 *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures*. If this is the case the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate or joint venture and its carrying value and recognizes the amount in the 'share of profit or loss of an associate' in the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets*. In determining the value in use of the investment, the Group estimates:

- A. Its share of the present value of the estimated future cash flows expected to be generated by the associate or joint venture, including the cash flows from the operations of the associate and the proceeds on the ultimate disposal of the investment; or
- B. The present value of the estimated future cash flows expected to arise from dividends to be received from the investment and from its ultimate disposal.

Because goodwill that forms part of the carrying amount of an investment in an associate or an investment in a joint venture is not separately recognized, it is not tested for impairment separately by applying the requirements for impairment testing goodwill in IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets*.

Upon loss of significant influence over the associate or joint venture, the Group measures and recognizes any retaining investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture upon loss of significant influence and the fair value of the retaining investment and proceeds from disposal is recognized in profit or loss. Furthermore, if an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or an investment in a joint venture becomes an investment in an associate, the entity continues to apply the equity method and does not remeasure the retained interest.

(12) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes the cost of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located and borrowing costs for construction in progress if the recognition criteria are met. Each part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item is depreciated separately. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced in intervals, the Group recognized such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciation, respectively. The carrying amount of those parts that are replaced is derecognized in accordance with the derecognition provisions of IAS 16 *Property*, plant and equipment. When a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated economic lives of the following assets:

years
ars
ears
ears
ars
ears

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

(13) Investment property

The Group's owned investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. The carrying amount includes the cost of replacing part of an existing investment property at the time that cost is incurred if the recognition criteria are met and excludes the costs of day-to-day servicing of an investment property. Subsequent to initial recognition, other than those that meet the criteria to be classified as held for sale (or are included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale) in accordance with IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations, investment properties are measured using the cost model in accordance with the requirements of IAS 16 Property, plant and equipment for that model. If investment properties are held by a lessee as right-of-use assets and is not held for sale in accordance with IFRS 5, investment properties are measured in accordance with the requirements of IFRS 16.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated economic lives of the following assets:

Buildings $9\sim61$ years

Investment properties are derecognized when either they have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss in the period of derecognition.

The Group transfers to or from investment properties when there is a change in use for these assets.

The Group transfers to or from investment properties when there is a change in use for these assets. Properties are transferred to or from investment properties when the properties meet, or cease to meet, the definition of investment property and there is evidence of the change in use.

(14)Leases

The Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time, the Group assesses whether, throughout the period of use, has both of the following:

- A. the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset; and
- B. the right to direct the use of the identified asset.

For a contract that is, or contains, a lease, the Group accounts for each lease component within the contract as a lease separately from non-lease components of the contract. For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components. The relative stand-alone price of lease and non-lease components shall be determined on the basis of the price the lessor, or a similar supplier, would charge the Group for that component, or a similar component, separately. If an observable stand-alone price is not readily available, the Group estimates the stand-alone price, maximising the use of observable information.

Group as a lessee

Except for leases that meet and elect short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, the Group recognizes right-of-use asset and lease liability for all leases which the Group is the lessee of those lease contracts.

At the commencement date, the Group measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate. At the commencement date, the lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following payments for the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term that are not paid at the commencement date:

- A. fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- B. variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- C. amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;
- D. the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- E. payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease.

After the commencement date, the Group measures the lease liability on an amortised cost basis, which increases the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability by using an effective interest method; and reduces the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

At the commencement date, the Group measures the right-of-use asset at cost. The cost of the right-of-use asset comprises:

- A. the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- B. any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- C. any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and
- D. an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

For subsequent measurement of the right-of-use asset, the Group measures the right-of-use asset at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. That is, the Group measures the right-of-use applying a cost model.

If the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the Group by the end of the lease term or if the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group will exercise a purchase option, the Group depreciates the right-of-use asset from the commencement date to the end of the useful life of the underlying asset. Otherwise, the Group depreciates the right-of-use asset from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term.

The Group applies IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets* to determine whether the right-of-use asset is impaired and to account for any impairment loss identified.

Except for those leases that the Group accounted for as short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, the Group presents right-of-use assets and lease liabilities in the balance sheet and separately presents lease-related interest expense and depreciation charge in the statement's comprehensive income.

For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, the Group elects to recognize the lease payments associated with those leases as an expense on either a straight-line basis over the lease term or another systematic basis.

For the rent concession arising as a direct consequence of the Covid-19 pandemic, the Group elected not to assess whether it is a lease modification but accounted it as a variable lease payment and the practical expedient has been applied to such rent concessions.

Group as a lessor

At inception of a contract, the Group classifies each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. At the commencement date, the Group recognizes assets held under a finance lease in its balance sheet and present them as a receivable at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease.

For a contract that contains lease components and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract applying IFRS 15.

The Group recognizes lease payments from operating leases as rental income on either a straight-line basis or another systematic basis. Variable lease payments for operating leases that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognized as rental income when incurred.

(15) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is its fair value as of the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Internally generated intangible assets, excluding capitalized development costs, are not capitalized and expenditure is reflected in profit or loss for the year in which the expenditure is incurred.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each financial year. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset is accounted for by changing the amortization period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortized, but are tested for impairment annually, either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. The assessment of indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life continues to be supportable. If not, the change in useful life from indefinite to finite is made on a prospective basis.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized.

Customer relationship

The cost of customer relationship is amortized on a straight-line basis.

Computer software

The cost of computer software is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life (3 to 5 years).

A summary of the policies applied to the Group's intangible assets is as follows:

	Computer software	Customer relationship	Other intangible assets	Goodwill
Useful lives	Finite	Finite	Finite	Indefinite
Amortization method used	Amortized on a straight-	Amortized on a straight-	Amortized on a straight-	No amortization
	line basis over the	line basis over the	line basis over the	
	estimated useful life	estimated useful life	estimated useful life	
			(3-10 years)	
Internally generated or acquired	Acquired	Acquired	Acquired	Acquired

(16) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any indication that an asset in the scope of IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets* may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cashgenerating unit's ("CGU") fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the Group estimates the asset's or cashgenerating unit's recoverable amount. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been an increase in the estimated service potential of an asset which in turn increases the recoverable amount. However, the reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years.

A cash generating unit, or groups of cash-generating units, to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually at the same time, irrespective of whether there is any indication of impairment. If an impairment loss is to be recognized, it is first allocated to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash generating unit (group of units), then to the other assets of the unit (group of units) pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit (group of units). Impairment losses relating to goodwill cannot be reversed in future periods for any reason.

An impairment loss of continuing operations or a reversal of such impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

(17) Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probably that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Where the Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

Provision for decommissioning, restoration and rehabilitation costs

The provision for decommissioning, restoration and rehabilitation costs arose on construction of a property, plant and equipment. Decommissioning costs are provided at the present value of expected costs to settle the obligation using estimated cash flows and are recognized as part of the cost of that particular asset. The cash flows are discounted at a current pre-tax rate that reflects the risks specific to the decommissioning liability. The unwinding of the discount is expensed as incurred and recognized as a finance cost. The estimated future costs of decommissioning are reviewed annually and adjusted as appropriate. Changes in the estimated future costs or in the discount rate applied are added to or deducted from the cost of the asset.

Provision for Onerous contracts

A provision for onerous contracts is recognized when the expected benefits to be derived by the Group from a contract are lower than the unavoidable cost of meeting its obligations under the contract. The provision is measured at the present value of the lower of the expected cost of terminating the contract or the expected net cost of continuing with the contract. Before a provision is established, the Group recognizes any impairment loss on the assets associated with that contract.

(18) Treasury shares

Own equity instruments which are reacquired (treasury shares) are recognized at cost and deducted from equity. Any difference between the carrying amount and the consideration is recognized in equity.

(19) Revenue recognition

The Group's revenue arising from contracts with customers are primarily related to sale of goods and rendering of services. The accounting policies are explained as follow:

Sale of goods

The Group sells merchandise. Sales are recognized when control of the goods is transferred to the customer and the goods are delivered to the customers. The main product of the Group is security system equipment and revenue is recognized based on the consideration stated in the contract, as they are not accompanied by volume or other types of discounts.

The Group provides its customer with a warranty with the purchase of the products. The warranty provides assurance that the product will operate as expected by the customers. And the warranty is accounted in accordance with IAS 37.

The credit period of the Group's sale of goods is from 15 to 120 days. For most of the contracts, when the Group transfers the goods to customers and has a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional, these contracts are recognized as trade receivables. The Group usually collects the payments shortly after transfer of goods to customers; therefore, there is no significant financing component to the contract. For some of the contracts, the Group has transferred the goods to customers but does not has a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional, these contacts should be presented as contract assets. Besides, in accordance with IFRS 9, the Group measures the loss allowance for a contract asset at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses.

Rendering of services

A. The Group provides system security services, corporate security guarding services, and cash deliver services. Services fee is negotiated by contracts or orders, and provided based on contract periods. As the Group provides services over the contract period, the customers simultaneously receive and consume the benefits provided by the Group. Accordingly, the performance obligations are satisfied over time, and the related revenue are recognized by straight-line method over the contract period.

For most of the contractual considerations of the Group, part of the consideration was received from customers upon signing the contract, and the Group has the obligation to provide the services subsequently; accordingly, these amounts are recognized as contract liabilities. However, part of the contractual considerations of the Group are collected evenly throughout the contract periods. When the Group has performed the services to customers but does not has a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional, these contacts should be presented as contract assets.

B. Most of the rendering of services contracts of the Group provide customized security system services based on customers' needs. The Group have the right to execute the considerations from the service when service already completed. Therefore, revenue is recognized by the proportion of completion of rendering of services. The price of the rendering of services contracts are usually fixed and the contractual considerations are collected according to the schedule agreed with the customers. When the rendering of services provided by the Group exceed the customers' payment, the contract assets are recognized. However, if the customers' payments exceed the services provided by the Group. Contract liabilities should be recognized accordingly.

The warranty provided by the Group is based on the assurance that the goods provided will operate as expected by the customer and is handled in accordance with IAS 37.

The period between the transfers of contract liabilities to revenue is usually within one year, thus, no significant financing component is arising.

(20) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective assets. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

(21) Government grants

Government grants are recognized where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with. Where the grant relates to an asset, it is recognized as deferred income and released to income in equal amounts over the expected useful life of the related asset. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognized as income over the period necessary to match the grant on a systematic basis to the costs that it is intended to compensate.

Where the Group receives non-monetary grants, the asset and the grant are recorded gross at nominal amounts and released to the statement of comprehensive income over the expected useful life and pattern of consumption of the benefit of the underlying asset by equal annual installments. Where loans or similar assistance are provided by governments or related institutions with an interest rate below the current applicable market rate, the effect of this favorable interest is regarded as additional government grant.

(22) Post-employment benefits

All regular employees of the Company and its domestic subsidiaries are entitled to a pension plan that is managed by an independently administered pension fund committee. Fund assets are deposited under the committee's name in the specific bank account and hence, not associated with the Company and its domestic subsidiaries. Therefore, fund assets are not included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Pension benefits for employees of the overseas subsidiaries and the branches are provided in accordance with the respective local regulations.

For the defined contribution plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries will make a monthly contribution of no less than 6% of the monthly wages of the employees subject to the plan. The Company recognizes expenses for the defined contribution plan in the period in which the contribution becomes due.

Post-employment benefit plan that is classified as a defined benefit plan uses the Projected Unit Credit Method to measure its obligations and costs based on actuarial assumptions. Remeasurements, comprising of the effect of the actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling (excluding net interest) and the return on plan assets, excluding net interest, are recognized as other comprehensive income with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings in the period in which they occur. Past service costs are recognized in profit or loss on the earlier of:

A. the date of the plan amendment or curtailment, and

B. the date that the Group recognizes restructuring-related costs

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset, both as determined at the start of the annual reporting period, taking account of any changes in the net defined benefit liability (asset) during the period as a result of contribution and benefit payment.

Pension cost for an interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the actuarially determined pension cost rate at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted and disclosed for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events.

(23) Income taxes

Income tax expense (income) is the aggregate amount included in the determination of profit or loss for the period in respect of current tax and deferred tax.

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Current income tax relating to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity and not in profit or loss.

The income tax for undistributed earnings is recognized as income tax expense in the subsequent year when the distribution proposal is approved by the Shareholders' meeting.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- A. Where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.
- B. In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized, except:

- A. Where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.
- B. In respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax relating to items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized outside profit or loss. Deferred tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. Deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognized accordingly.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to offset current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Interim period income tax expense is accrued using the tax rate that would be applicable to expected total annual earnings, that is, the estimated average annual effective income tax rate applied to the pre-tax income of the interim period. The estimated average annual effective income tax rate only includes current income tax. The recognition and measurement of deferred tax follows annual financial reporting requirements in accordance with IAS 12. The Group recognizes the effect of change in tax rate for deferred taxes in full if the new tax rate is enacted by the end of the interim reporting period, by charging to profit or loss, other comprehensive income, or directly to equity.

(24) Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are measured at acquisition date fair value. For each business combination, the acquirer measures any non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition-related costs are accounted for as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred and are classified under administrative expenses.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as of the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date through profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognized at the acquisition-date fair value. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration which is deemed to be an asset or liability, will be recognized in accordance with IFRS 9 Financial Instruments either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. However, if the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it should not be remeasured until it is finally settled within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured as the amount of the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the non-controlling interest over the net fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If this aggregate is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is recognized in profit or loss.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is so allocated represents the lowest level within the Group at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purpose and is not larger than an operating segment before aggregation.

Where goodwill forms part of a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in this circumstance is measured based on the relative recoverable amounts of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

5. Significant Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements require management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. However, uncertainty about these assumption and estimate could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in future periods.

(1) Judgment

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management made the following judgments, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements:

A. Investment properties

Certain properties of the Group comprise a portion held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and the other portion is owner-occupied. If those portions could be sold separately, the Group accounts for those portions separately as investment properties and property, plant and equipment. If those portions could not be sold separately, the property is classified as investment property in its entirety only if the owner-occupied portion is under 5% of the total property.

B. Operating lease commitment-Group as the lessor

The Group has entered into commercial property leases on its investment property portfolio. The Group has determined, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, that it retains all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these properties, and accounts for the contracts as operating leases.

C. Significant influence of affiliated enterprises

The Group holds less than 20% voting rights in certain affiliated enterprises. However, the Group has significant influence after taking into consideration that the Group has the representation on the board of directors or equivalent governing body of the investee and other factors over certain affiliated enterprises. Additionally, the Group holds less than 50% voting rights in certain affiliated enterprises but the Group is the largest shareholder. However, after factoring into conditions such as absolute size of the Group's holding, relative size of the other shareholdings, how widely spread are the remaining shareholders, contractual arrangements between shareholders, potential voting rights, etc., the Group reached the conclusion that it has not de facto control over these affiliates and only has significant influence. Please refer to Note 6(8) for further details.

(2) Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions, concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, and have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

A. Fair value of financial instruments

Where the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using valuation techniques including the income approach (for example the discounted cash flow model) or market approach. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of the financial instruments. Please refer to Note 12 for more details.

B. Impairment of non-financial assets

An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. The fair value less costs to sell calculation is based on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date less incremental costs that would be directly attributable to the disposal of the asset or cash generating unit. The value in use calculation is based on a discounted cash flow model. The cash flows projections are derived from the budget for the next five years and do not include restructuring activities that the Group is not yet committed to or significant future investments that will enhance the asset's performance of the cash generating unit being tested. The recoverable amount is most sensitive to the discount rate used for the discounted cash flow model as well as the expected future cash-inflows and the growth rate used for extrapolation purposes.

C. Pension benefits

The cost of post-employment benefit and the present value of the pension obligation under defined benefit pension plans are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions. These include the determination of the discount rate and future salary increases.

D. Income tax

Uncertainties exist with respect to the interpretation of complex tax regulations and the amount and timing of future taxable income. Given the wide range of international business relationships and the long-term nature and complexity of existing contractual agreements, differences arising between the actual results and the assumptions made, or future changes to such assumptions, could necessitate future adjustments to tax income and expense already recorded. The Group establishes provisions, based on reasonable estimates, for possible consequences of audits by the tax authorities of respective countries in which it operates. The amount of such provisions is based on various factors, such as experience of previous tax audits and differing interpretations of tax regulations by the taxable entity and the responsible tax authority. Such differences of interpretation may arise on a wide variety of issues depending on the conditions prevailing in the respective Group company's domicile.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all carry forward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available or there are sufficient taxable temporary differences against which the unused tax losses, unused tax credits or deductible temporary differences can be utilized. The amount of deferred tax assets determined to be recognized is based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits and taxable temporary differences together with future tax planning strategies.

E. Accounts receivables - estimation of impairment loss

The Group estimates the impairment loss of accounts receivables at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. The credit loss is the present value of the difference between the contractual cash flows that are due under the contract (carrying amount) and the cash flows that expects to receive (evaluate forward looking information). However, as the impact from the discounting of short-term receivables is not material, the credit loss is measured by the undiscounted cash flows. Where the actual future cash flows are lower than expected, a material impairment loss may arise. Please refer to Note 6 for more details.

6. Contents of Significant Accounts

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	As of				
	September 30, December 31, September 30, December 30, September 30, Sept				
	2023	2022	2022		
Petty cash	\$11,368	\$11,148	\$11,102		
Cash on hand for cash delivery service	1,302,740	1,432,740	1,372,740		
Checking and saving accounts	2,666,443	3,352,686	2,511,842		
Time deposits	26,003	2,000	2,000		
Cash equivalents	498,989	354,893	344,934		
Total	\$4,505,543	\$5,153,467	\$4,242,618		

(2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	As of				
	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,		
	2023	2022	2022		
Financial assets mandatorily at fair value					
through profit or loss:					
Fund	\$1,082	\$1,036	\$1,078		
Convertible bond	42,138	42,138	42,138		
Convertible preferred shares	28,379	28,379	28,379		
Simple Agreement for Future Equity	21,298	21,298	21,298		
Film and television investment agreement	207,582	157,981	121,014		
Total	\$300,479	\$250,832	\$213,907		
Current	\$64,518	\$64,472	\$22,376		
Non-current	235,961	186,360	191,531		
Total	\$300,479	\$250,832	\$213,907		

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss were not pledged.

(3) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

	As of				
	September 30, December 31, September 30, December 30, September 30, Sept				
	2023	2022	2022		
Equity instrument investments measured at					
fair value through other comprehensive					
income:					
Listed companies' stocks	\$52,085	\$178,216	\$171,900		
Unlisted companies' stocks	150,817	122,809	145,148		
Real estate investment trust	137,732	141,823	148,300		
Total	\$340,634	\$442,848	\$465,348		
Current	\$138,333	\$269,473	\$269,098		
Non-current	202,301	173,375	196,250		
Total	\$340,634	\$442,848	\$465,348		

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income were not pledged.

In terms of the Group's investment strategy, the Group disposed and derecognized partial equity instrument investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. Details on derecognition of such investments for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 are as follow:

	For the nine-month	
	periods ended September 30,	
	2023	2022
The fair value of the investments at the date of derecognition	\$194,227	\$47,863
The cumulative gain or loss on disposal reclassified from		
other equity to retained earnings	66,271	28,900

(4) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

	As of			
	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	
	2023	2022	2022	
Time deposit	\$327,342	\$359,882	\$276,110	
Financial bonds		29,976	40,011	
Subtotal	327,342	389,858	316,121	
Less: loss allowance				
Total	\$327,342	\$389,858	\$316,121	
Current	\$195,267	\$257,783	\$289,631	
Non-current	132,075	132,075	26,490	
Total	\$327,342	\$389,858	\$316,121	

Please refer to Note 8 for more detail on financial assets measured at amortized cost under pledge. Please refer to Note 6(21) for more details on loss allowance and Note 12 for more details on credit risk.

(5) Notes receivable

	As of				
	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	September 30, 2022		
Notes receivable arising from operating activities Less: loss allowance	\$215,294	\$190,244	\$166,203		
Total	\$215,294	\$190,244	\$166,203		

Notes receivable was not pledged.

The Group follows the requirement of IFRS 9 to assess the impairment. Please refer to Note 6(21) for more details on loss allowance and Note 12 for details on credit risk management.

(6) Accounts receivable, accounts receivable from related parties, and long-term receivables

	As of				
	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,		
	2023	2022	2022		
Accounts receivable	\$1,285,960	\$1,264,834	\$1,077,505		
Less: loss allowance	(52,776)	(42,279)	(40,879)		
Subtotal	1,233,184	1,222,555	1,036,626		
Accounts receivable from related parties	244,870	261,564	251,277		
Less: loss allowance					
Subtotal	244,870	261,564	251,277		
Operating lease receivables	30,463	26,819	23,059		
Less: loss allowance					
Subtotal	30,463	26,819	23,059		
Long-term receivables	65,016	49,940	46,169		
Less: loss allowance					
Subtotal	65,016	49,940	46,169		
Total	\$1,573,533	\$1,560,878	\$1,357,131		

Accounts receivable was not pledged.

Accounts receivable is generally on 15-120 day terms. The total carrying amount as of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022 are NT\$1,626,309 thousand, NT\$1,603,157 thousand and NT\$1,398,010 thousand, respectively. Please refer to Note 6(21) for more details on loss allowance of accounts receivable for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022. Please refer to Note 12 for more details on credit risk management.

(7) Inventories

	As of			
	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	
	2023	2022	2022	
Merchandise inventories	\$363,363	\$321,962	\$300,835	
Finished goods	24,759	24,756	22,372	
Work-in-progress	8,646	28,093	22,198	
Raw materials	139,973	171,771	186,143	
Others	13,148	17,486	15,012	
Total	\$549,889	\$564,068	\$546,560	

The cost of inventories recognized as expenses amounted to NT\$690,189 thousand and NT\$607,822 thousand for the three-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, including the write-down of inventories of NT\$0 thousand for both periods, and the gain from price recovery of inventories amounted to NT\$0 thousand and NT\$2,861 thousand, respectively. The gains resulted from the sale of obsolete inventories in the current period.

The cost of inventories recognized as expenses amounted to NT\$2,278,701 thousand and NT\$1,919,019 thousand for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, including the write-down of inventories of NT\$0 thousand and NT\$40,488 thousand, respectively, and the gain from price recovery of inventories amounted to NT\$0 thousand and NT\$11,405 thousand, respectively. The gains resulted from the sale of obsolete inventories in the current period.

No inventories were pledged.

(8) Investments accounted for using the equity method

The following table lists the investments accounted for using the equity method of the Group:

	As of					
	Septemb	er 30, 2023	Decemb	er 31, 2022	September 30, 2022	
	Carrying	Percentage of	Carrying	Percentage of	Carrying	Percentage of
Investees	amount	ownership (%)	amount	ownership (%)	amount	ownership (%)
Investments in associates:						
<u>Listed companies</u>						
Goldsun Building Materials Co., Ltd.	\$3,904,137	15	\$3,860,655	15	\$3,905,993	15
TransAsia Airways Corp.		12		12		12
Subtotal	3,904,137		3,860,655		\$3,905,993	
Non-listed companies						
Tech Elite Holdings Ltd.	-	39	-	39	-	39
Anfeng Enterprise Co., Ltd.	15,574	30	15,238	30	14,713	30
HuaYa Development Co., Ltd.	287,426	43	290,086	43	291,018	43
eSkylink Inc.	24,377	20	25,428	20	21,276	20
Global Food Co., Ltd.	21,229	30	21,252	30	22,391	30
GALC Inc.	12,323	30	12,080	30	10,996	30
Pony Drink Dream Co., Ltd. (Note 1)		-	5,440	35	5,777	35
Subtotal	360,929		369,524		366,171	
Total	\$4,265,066		\$4,230,179	:	\$4,272,164	

Note 1: In August 2023, Living Plus Food & Beverage Co., Ltd. sold 35% equity stake of Pony Drink Dream Co., Ltd. at the disposal price of NT\$3,940 thousand.

The Group possessed less than 20% of ownership of Goldsun Building Material Co., Ltd. However, since the key management of the Company is the chairman of the board of Goldsun Building Materials Co., Ltd. and the Company has one representative on the board of directors of the investee, the significant influence of the Company over Goldsun Building Materials Co., Ltd. was assumed to exist, and therefore the investment was accounted for using the equity method.

The Group holds the majority of the voting rights of HuaYa Development Co., Ltd. However, after factoring into conditions such as absolute size of the Group's holding, relative size of the other shareholdings and contractual arrangements between shareholders, the Group holds fewer voting rights than other shareholders. Thus, it's concluded that the Group has no de facto control over this investee but only has significant influence. The investment was accounted for using the equity method.

On January 11, 2017, the shareholders meeting of TransAsia Airways Corp., which is the Group's investee recognized in investments accounted for using the equity method, approved the liquidation proposal. In addition, TransAsia Airways Corp. filed for bankruptcy in June of the 2018. Full impairment loss has been provided to the related balance of investments accounted for under the equity method after assessing the impairment test in 2016.

Information on the material associate of the Group:

Company name: Goldsun Building Materials Co., Ltd.

Nature of the relationship with the associate: The key management of the Group and Goldsun Building Materials Co., Ltd. are the same.

Principal place of business (country of incorporation): Taiwan

Fair value of the investment in the associate when there is a quoted market price for the investment: Goldsun Building Materials Co., Ltd. is listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange (TWSE). The fair value of the investment in Goldsun Building Materials Co., Ltd. was NT\$4,466,442 thousand, NT\$4,488,215 thousand and NT\$4,400,426 thousand, as of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022, respectively.

Reconciliation of the associate's summarized financial information presented to the carrying amount of the Group's interest in the associate:

The summarized financial information of the associate is as follows:

As of				
September 30,	December 31,	September 30,		
2023	2022	2022		
\$11,324,464	\$12,657,734	\$10,953,585		
27,372,767	26,293,349	25,823,424		
(7,811,425)	(9,066,546)	(8,225,405)		
(6,299,662)	(5,487,481)	(4,587,205)		
24,586,144	24,397,056	23,964,399		
(1,105,792)	(1,131,575)	(1,107,994)		
23,480,352	23,265,481	22,856,405		
14.77%	14.71%	15.18%		
3,468,048	3,422,352	3,469,602		
366,573	363,485	363,485		
69,516	74,818	72,906		
\$3,904,137	\$3,860,655	\$3,905,993		
	2023 \$11,324,464 27,372,767 (7,811,425) (6,299,662) 24,586,144 (1,105,792) 23,480,352 14.77% 3,468,048 366,573 69,516	September 30, December 31, 2023 2022 \$11,324,464 \$12,657,734 27,372,767 26,293,349 (7,811,425) (9,066,546) (6,299,662) (5,487,481) 24,586,144 24,397,056 (1,105,792) (1,131,575) 23,480,352 23,265,481 14.77% 14.71% 3,468,048 3,422,352 366,573 363,485 69,516 74,818		

	For the three-month		For the nine-month				
	periods ended September 30,		periods ended September 30,		periods ended September 30, periods ended S		September 30,
	2023	2022	2023	2022			
Operating revenue	\$5,135,102	\$5,402,532	\$15,352,738	\$15,509,144			
Profit from continuing operations	764,221	696,163	2,420,580	3,537,249			
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(12,323)	105,081	219,564	127,531			
Total comprehensive income	\$751,898	\$801,244	\$2,640,144	\$3,664,780			

The Group's investments in other companies are not individually material. The aggregate carrying amount of the Group's interests in other companies is NT\$360,929 thousand, NT\$369,524 thousand and NT\$366,171 thousand, as of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022, respectively. The aggregate financial information based on Group's share of other companies is as follows:

	For the three-month		For the nine-month	
	periods ended September 30,		periods ended	September 30,
	2023 2022		2023	2022
Profit from continuing operations	\$3,362	\$2,904	\$8,344	\$5,454
Other comprehensive income (post-tax)				
Total comprehensive income	\$3,362	\$2,904	\$8,344	\$5,454

The associates had no contingent liabilities or capital commitments as of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022.

The associate accounted for using the equity method amounted to NT\$360,929 thousand and NT\$366,171 thousand as of September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The related shares of profit from associate accounted for using the equity method amounted to NT\$3,362 thousand, NT\$2,904 thousand, NT\$8,344 thousand and NT\$5,454 thousand for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and the related shares of other comprehensive income from the associate accounted for using the equity method both amounted to NT\$0 thousand for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022. The information related to above subsidiaries, and the associate accounted for using the equity method was also not reviewed by independent accountants.

(9) Property, plant and equipment

		As of	
	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
	2023	2022	2022
Owner occupied property, plant and equipment	\$8,790,575	\$8,684,230	\$7,353,898
Property, plant and equipment leased out			
under operating leases	157,195	141,105	134,377
Total	\$8,947,770	\$8,825,335	\$7,488,275

A. Owner occupied property, plant and equipment

Lan	d and land		Machinery	Security	Office	Transportation	Other	Construction	
imp	rovements	Buildings	and equipment	equipment	equipment	equipment	equipment	in progress	Total
Cost:									
As of January 1, 2023 \$3	3,184,280	\$1,829,169	\$527,400	\$8,821,844	\$712,847	\$912,245	\$1,237,289	\$991,430	\$18,216,504
Additions	-	33,575	104,629	363,416	50,020	44,303	74,281	166,119	836,343
Disposals	-	(2,570)	(35,839)	(361,448)	(50,615)	(40,774)	(46,525)	-	(537,771)
Other changes		-		111,907	-	211	(1,365)		110,753
As of September 30, 2023	3,184,280	\$1,860,174	\$596,190	\$8,935,719	\$712,252	\$915,985	\$1,263,680	\$1,157,549	\$18,625,829
As of January 1, 2022 \$2	2,894,240	\$1,563,538	\$493,813	\$8,842,477	\$710,535	\$938,890	\$1,114,271	\$-	\$16,557,764
Additions	6,570	11,952	21,578	405,425	96,714	60,970	43,620	-	646,829
Disposals	-	(20,269)	(41,112)	(453,755)	(39,308)	(64,151)	(46,214)	-	(664,809)
Acquisitions through business	283,470	84,613	36,969	-	256	395	16,531	-	422,234
combinations									
Other changes		-		87,448	-				87,448
As of September 30, 2022	3,184,280	\$1,639,834	\$511,248	\$8,881,595	\$768,197	\$936,104	\$1,128,208	\$-	\$17,049,466
Depreciation and impairment:									
As of January 1, 2023	\$-	\$531,229	\$375,923	\$6,700,031	\$519,916	\$526,320	\$878,855	\$-	\$9,532,274
Depreciation	-	44,657	38,600	554,025	53,318	62,980	73,092	-	826,672
Disposals	-	(2,570)	(33,244)	(358,871)	(50,381)	(34,913)	(44,802)	-	(524,781)
Other changes		65	1,455		1		(432)		1,089
As of September 30, 2023	\$-	\$573,381	\$382,734	\$6,895,185	\$522,854	\$554,387	\$906,713	\$-	\$9,835,254
As of January 1, 2022	\$-	\$500,437	\$400,285	\$6,701,562	\$562,429	\$525,537	\$838,817	\$-	\$9,529,067
Depreciation	-	32,996	28,930	548,380	46,056	63,492	67,150	-	787,004
Disposals	-	(15,240)	(34,418)	(452,845)	(37,098)	(47,446)	(33,459)	-	(620,506)
Other changes		-		<u> </u>	3	_			3
As of September 30, 2022	\$-	\$518,193	\$394,797	\$6,797,097	\$571,390	\$541,583	\$872,508	\$-	\$9,695,568
Net carrying amount as of:									
September 30, 2023 \$3	3,184,280	\$1,286,793	\$213,456	\$2,040,534	\$189,398	\$361,598	\$356,967	\$1,157,549	\$8,790,575
December 31, 2022 \$3	3,184,280	\$1,297,940	\$151,477	\$2,121,813	\$192,931	\$385,925	\$358,434	\$991,430	\$8,684,230
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B. Property, plant and equipment leased out under operating leases

	Other equipment
Cost:	
As of January 1, 2023	\$579,769
Additions	21,733
Disposals	(63,243)
Other changes	36,283
As of September 30, 2023	\$574,542
As of January 1, 2022	\$534,550
Additions	8,100
Disposals	(111)
Other changes	17,138
As of September 30, 2022	\$559,677
Depreciation and impairment:	
As of January 1, 2023	\$438,664
Depreciation Depreciation	41,470
Disposals	(63,229)
Other changes	442
As of September 30, 2023	\$417,347
As of January 1, 2022	\$384,865
Depreciation	41,016
Disposals	(52)
Other changes	(529)
As of September 30, 2022	\$425,300
Net carrying amounts as of:	
September 30, 2023	\$157,195
December 31, 2022	
	\$141,105
September 30, 2022	\$134,377

The major components of the buildings are main building structure, air conditioning and elevators, which are depreciated over 51 years, 6 years and 16 years, respectively.

The redevelopment project that the Company and Goldsun Building Materials Co., Ltd. jointly invested commenced in 2022. Therefore, the payments originally recorded under the prepayment account was reclassified to the account of Construction in progress in accordance with the relevant accounting standards.

Please refer to Note 8 for more details on property, plant and equipment under pledge.

(10)Investment property

The Group's investment properties includes both owned investment properties and investment properties held by the Group as right-of-use assets. The Group has entered into commercial property leases on its owned investment properties with terms of between one and three years. These leases include a clause to enable upward revision of the rental charge on an annual basis according to prevailing market conditions.

	_	L	and	Buildings	Total
Cost:					
As of January 1, 2023		9	\$14,100	\$13,419	\$27,519
As of September 30, 2023		(\$14,100	\$13,419	\$27,519
	_			_	
As of January 1, 2022		9	\$26,010	\$16,986	\$42,996
As of September 30, 2022	<u></u>	(\$26,010	\$16,986	\$42,996
Depreciation and impairment:					
As of January 1, 2023			\$-	\$3,858	\$3,858
Depreciation	_		<u> </u>	258	258
As of September 30, 2023	_		\$-	\$4,116	\$4,116
As of January 1, 2022			\$-	\$4,238	\$4,238
Depreciation			-	313	313
As of September 30, 2022			\$-	\$4,551	\$4,551
Net carrying amount as of:					
September 30, 2023	_		\$14,100	\$9,303	\$23,403
December 31, 2022	_	9	\$14,100	\$9,561	\$23,661
September 30, 2022	=	9	\$26,010	\$12,435	\$38,445
	For th	ne thre	ee-month	For the i	nine-month
	periods en	ided S	eptember 30,	periods ende	d September 30,
	2023		2022	2023	2022
Rental income from investment property	\$9	961	\$1,366	\$3,129	\$4,077
Less: Direct operating expense					
generated from rental income of					
investment property	((86)	(109)	(258)	(313)
Total	\$8	375	\$1,257	\$2,871	\$3,764

Please refer to Note 8 for more details on investment property under pledge.

Investment properties held by the Group are not measured at fair value but for which the fair value is disclosed. The fair value measurements of the investment properties are categorized within Level 3. The fair value of investment properties was NT\$74,189 thousand and NT\$100,253 thousand as of December 31, 2022 and 2021. The fair value has been determined based on valuations performed by an independent valuer. The fair value of investment properties was NT\$74,189 thousand and NT\$100,253 thousand, as of September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, which was measured based on aforementioned valuations information and relevant market information. The valuation methods used are the comparative approach and the direct capitalized method of income approach, and, eventually, the most appropriate fair value is determined by considering the above two methods.

		As of					
		Septem		December 31,		September 30,	
		202			2022	_	2022
Capitalization Rate		2.20)%	2.	.20%	1.	76%~1.77%
(11)Intangible assets							
		Computer	Custo	mer			
	Goodwill	software	relation	nship	Other		Total
Cost:							
As of January 1, 2023	\$643,498	\$275,883	\$17,	432	\$3,70	9	\$940,522
Addition-acquired separately	-	43,039		-	78	1	43,820
Expired	-	(27,824)	(17,	432)		-	(45,256)
As of September 30, 2023	\$643,498	\$291,098		\$-	\$4,49	0	\$939,086
As of January 1, 2022	\$519,653	\$214,824	\$17,	432	\$1,50	0	\$753,409
Addition-acquired separately	_	76,226		-	2,18	35	78,411
Other changes	123,845	_		-		-	123,845
Expired	_	(35,321)		-		-	(35,321)
As of September 30, 2022	\$643,498	\$255,729	\$17,	432	\$3,68	35	\$920,344
Amortization and impairment:							
As of January 1, 2023	\$297,711	\$142,444	\$16,	809	\$1,48	0	\$458,444
Impairment	-	61,928		623	71	8	63,269
Expired		(27,824)	(17,	432)		-	(45,256)
As of September 30, 2023	\$297,711	\$176,548		\$-	\$2,19	8	\$476,457
As of January 1, 2022	\$252,711	\$123,516	\$14,	319	\$16	7	\$390,713
Amortization	-	46,790	1,	,868	1,02	0.	49,678
Expired		(35,321)		_		-	(35,321)
As of September 30, 2022	\$252,711	\$134,985	\$16,	187	\$1,18	7	\$405,070
Net carrying amount as of:	\$2.15.5 5	0114 55 0		Φ.	Φ2.50		4.62.62
September 30, 2023	\$345,787	\$114,550		\$-	\$2,29		\$462,629
December 31, 2022	\$345,787	\$133,439	\$	623	\$2,22	9	\$482,078
September 30, 2022	\$390,787	\$120,744	\$1,	245	\$2,49	8	\$515,274

Recognized as amortization of intangible assets are as follows.

	For the three	ee-month	For the nine-month		
	periods ended S	periods ended September 30,		September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Operating costs	\$9,277	\$7,811	\$27,251	\$18,821	
Research and development costs	\$11,795	\$10,260	\$36,018	\$30,857	

(12)Short-term loans

		As of			
		September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	
	Interest Rates (%)	2023	2022	2022	
Unsecured bank loans	0.54%~2.08%	\$593,000	\$800,000	\$720,000	
Secured bank loans	1.47%~1.97%	35,000	30,000	30,000	
Total		\$628,000	\$830,000	\$750,000	

Please refer to Note 8 for more details on property, plant and equipment pledged as security for short-term loans.

(13)Short-term bills payable

		As of		
		September 30,	Interest Rate	
Nature	Guarantee Agency	2023	(%)	Period
Commercial paper	Dah Chung Bills Finance Corporation	\$40,000	1.84%	18 days
Commercial paper	Mega Bills Finance Corporation	50,000	1.83%	20 days
Commercial paper	China Bills Finance Corporation	30,000	1.99%	59 days
Subtotal		120,000		
Less: discount on short-				
term bills payable				
Net		\$120,000		
		As of		
		December 31,	Interest Rate	
Nature	Guarantee Agency	2022	(%)	Period
Commercial paper	China Bills Finance Corporation	\$30,000	1.94%	32 days
Less: discount on short-				
term bills payable				
Net		\$30,000		

As of September 30, Interest Rate

Nature	Guarantee Agency	2022	(%)	Period
Commercial paper	Dah Chung Bills Finance Corporation	\$40,000	1.36%	20 days
Commercial paper	Ta Ching Bills Finance Corporation	50,000	1.43%	25 days
Commercial paper	Mega Bills Finance Corporation	10,000	1.69%	28 days
Commercial paper	China Bills Finance Corporation	30,000	1.60%	32 days
Subtotal		130,000		
Less: discount on short-		-		
term bills payable				
Net		\$130,000		

The Group has no assets as security for short-term bills payable.

(14)Other payables

		As of	
	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
	2023	2022	2022
Other accrued expenses	\$1,375,790	\$1,468,714	\$1,306,650
ATM replenishment payable	648,864	722,156	227,261
Others	123,119	136,985	93,954
Total	\$2,147,773	\$2,327,855	\$1,627,865

(15)Long-term loans

Details of long-term loans are as follows:

			As of	
		September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
	Interest Rates (%)	2023	2022	2022
Unsecured bank loans	0.86%~2.49%	\$4,160,000	\$3,996,000	\$4,300,000
Secured bank loans	1.33%~2.12%	156,839	156,839	156,839
Subtotal		4,316,839	4,152,839	4,456,839
Less: current portion		(804,839)	(2,360,500)	(2,200,000)
Total		\$3,512,000	\$1,792,339	\$2,256,839

Lenders	Credit limit	Credit period	Interest Rates (%)	Maturity date and repayment agreement
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking	\$600,000	Dec. 18, 2020 to	According to the	Single drawdown utilization with
Corporation Taipei branch		Dec. 16, 2022	bank's quotation	repayment upon maturity. Interest is paid monthly.
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking	600,000	Dec. 18, 2020 to	According to the	Single drawdown utilization with
Corporation Taipei branch		Dec. 18, 2023	bank's quotation	repayment upon maturity. Interest is paid monthly.
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation Taipei branch	700,000	Feb. 20, 2021 to Feb. 20, 2023	According to the bank's quotation	Single drawdown utilization with repayment upon maturity. Interest is paid monthly.
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation Taipei branch	1,900,000	Aug. 1, 2022 to Jun. 30, 2023	According to the bank's quotation	Revolving credit facility with repayment upon maturity. Interest is paid monthly.
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation Taipei branch	3,000,000	Jul. 1, 2023 to Jun. 30, 2024	According to the bank's quotation	Revolving credit facility with repayment upon maturity. Interest is paid monthly.
MUFG Bank, Ltd. Taipei branch	500,000	Dec. 18, 2020 to Dec. 16, 2022	Fixed at 0.85% for the first year Fixed at 0.86% for the second year	Single drawdown utilization with repayment upon maturity. Interest is paid every three months.
MUFG Bank, Ltd. Taipei branch	400,000	Jan. 15, 2021 to Jan. 13, 2023	Fixed at 0.85% for the first year Fixed at 0.86% for the second year	Single drawdown with repayment upon maturity. Interest is paid every three months.
MUFG Bank, Ltd. Taipei branch	400,000	Sep. 22, 2022 to Sep. 22, 2025	Fixed at 2.49% for the first two years from the initial drawdown. 3M TAIBOR Plus an annual interest rate of 1.10% from year three.	Single drawdown with repayment upon maturity. Interest is paid every three months.
Mizuho Bank, Ltd. Taipei branch	100,000	Mar. 22, 2021 to Mar. 22, 2024	According to the bank's quotation	Single drawdown with repayment upon maturity. Interest is paid every three months.
Mizuho Bank, Ltd. Taipei branch	600,000	July 11, 2022 to July 5, 2025	According to the bank's quotation	Single drawdown divides into three installments of 200 million each. Interest is paid every three months.
Mizuho Bank, Ltd. Taipei branch	800,000	Dec. 15, 2022 to Dec. 15, 2025	According to the bank's quotation	Revolving credit facility with repayment upon maturity. Interest is paid monthly.

Lenders	Credit limit	Credit period	Interest Rates (%)	Maturity date and repayment agreement
Mizuho Bank, Ltd. Taipei branch	1,000,000	Jul. 5, 2023 to Jul. 5, 2026	According to the bank's quotation	Revolving credit facility with repayment upon maturity. Interest is paid monthly.
KGI Bank Co., Ltd.	800,000	Apr. 27, 2021 to Apr. 26, 2024	Based on 3M TAIBOR plus an annual interest rate of 0.7%.	Revolving credit facility with repayment upon maturity. Interest is paid monthly.
KGI Bank Co., Ltd.	800,000	Apr. 26, 2023 to Apr. 26, 2026	Based on 3M TAIBOR plus an annual interest rate of 0.6%.	Revolving credit facility with repayment upon maturity. Interest is paid monthly.
Sunny Bank Ltd.	250,000	2 years from the date of the first drawdown	Based on the interest rate of postal saving minus annual rate of 0.145%.	Drawdown in installments with a grace period of 24 months and repayment upon maturity. Interest is paid monthly.
Sunny Bank Ltd.	33,600	2 years from the date of the first drawdown	Based on the interest rate of postal saving minus annual rate of 0.145%.	Single drawdown with equal monthly principal amortization, and interest calculated based on a floating rate.
Sunny Bank Ltd.	150,000	Land financing: March 18, 2022 to March 18, 2024	Based on the interest rate of saving in Sunny Bank ltd. plus an annual rate of 0.61%.	Single drawdown with repayment upon maturity. Interest is paid monthly.
JIH SUN INTERNATIONAL BANK CO., LTD. (Officially merged with Taipei Fubon Bank on April 1st, 2023.)	300,000	36 months from the date of the first drawdown	According to the bank's quotation	Single drawdown with monthly principal repayment of 4,000 thousand dollars for each period. Repayment of the remaining upon maturity. Interest is paid monthly.

Certain property, plant and equipment-land and buildings are pledged for long-term loans, please refer to Note 8.

(16) Guarantee deposits

		As of				
	September 30,	September 30, December 31, Septem				
	2023	2022	2022			
Performance security deposit	\$516,973	\$497,916	\$484,178			
Security line deposit	124,220	125,737	135,288			
Others	9,495	7,770	37,920			
Total	\$650,688	\$631,423	\$657,386			

(17)Post-employment benefits

<u>Defined contribution plan</u>

Expenses under the defined contribution plan for the three-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were NT\$64,238 thousand and NT\$59,148 thousand, respectively. Expenses under the defined contribution plan for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were NT\$188,003 thousand and NT\$176,733 thousand, respectively.

Defined benefits plan

Expenses under the Defined benefits plan for the three-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were NT\$13,516 thousand and NT\$14,176 thousand, respectively. Expenses under the Defined benefits plan for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were NT\$48,403 thousand and NT\$42,917 thousand, respectively.

(18)Provisions

			Decommissioning, restoration and	
	Onerous contract	Warranties	rehabilitation	Total
As of January 1, 2023	\$110,127	\$763	\$7,200	\$118,090
Arising during the period	6,251	5,617	-	11,868
Utilized	(40,657)	-	-	(40,657)
Reversed		(539)		(539)
As of September 30, 2023	\$75,721	\$5,841	\$7,200	\$88,762
As of January 1, 2022	\$-	\$224	\$7,200	\$7,424
Arising during the period	137,337	643	-	137,980
Utilized	(11,968)	(83)		(12,051)
As of September 30, 2022	\$125,369	\$784	\$7,200	\$133,353
Current – September 30, 2023	\$159	\$5,841	\$-	\$6,000
Non-current — September 30, 2023	75,562	-	7,200	82,762
As of September 30, 2023	\$75,721	\$5,841	\$7,200	\$88,762
Current – September 30, 2022	\$40	\$784	<u> </u>	\$824
Non-current — September 30, 2022	125,329		7,200	132,529
As of September 30, 2022	\$125,369	\$784	\$7,200	\$133,353

Onerous contract

The provision of onerous contracts is the difference between the present value of the Company's existing future payment obligations under irrevocable contracts and the revenue expected to be earned from the contracts. This estimate is subject to change due to changes in input conditions.

Warranties

A provision is recognized for expected warranty claims on products sold, based on past experience, management's judgement and other known factors.

Decommissioning, restoration and rehabilitation

A provision has been recognized for decommissioning costs associated with buildings owned by Group. The Group is committed to decommissioning the site as a result of the construction of the buildings.

(19)Equity

A. Common stock

The Company's authorized capital were NT\$5,000,000 thousand, and the issued capital was NT\$4,511,971, consisting of 451,197,093 shares at par value of NT\$10, as of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022, respectively. Each share has one voting right and a right to receive dividends.

B. Capital surplus

		As of	
	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
	2023	2022	2022
Additional paid-in capital	\$4,291	\$4,291	\$4,291
Treasury share transactions	852,912	790,188	741,182
Changes in net assets of associates and			
joint ventures accounted for using the			
equity method	109,453	109,453	104,433
Donated surplus	2,885	2,959	2,959
Total	\$969,541	\$906,891	\$852,865

According to the Company Act, the capital reserve shall not be used except for filling the deficit of the company. When a company incurs no loss, it may distribute the capital reserves related to the income derived from the issuance of new shares at a premium or income from endowments received by the company. The distribution could be made in cash or in the form of dividend shares to its shareholders in proportion to the number of shares being held by each of them.

C. Treasury shares

As of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022, the Company's shares held by the subsidiaries were NT\$237,581 thousand, NT\$263,255 thousand and NT\$285,544 thousand, respectively. The number of the Company's shares held by subsidiaries were 8,029,805 shares, 9,079,805 shares and 9,949,805 shares, respectively. During the first, second and third quarters of 2023, the Company's subsidiary company, Speed Investment Co., Ltd., disposed of 120,000 shares, 470,000 shares and 460,000 shares of treasury shares, respectively. These transactions were recorded at a total value of NT\$25,674 thousand. In addition to the shares acquired by the Company through the merger of the subsidiary company, Golden Harvest Food Enterprose Ltd., which amounted to 56,000 shares. The remaining shares held by subsidiaries were acquired for the purpose of financing before the amendment of the Company Act on November 12, 2001.

D. Retained earnings and dividend policies

According to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the Company's annual earnings, if any, shall be distributed as follows:

- a. Payment of all taxes and dues;
- b. Offset prior years' operation losses;
- c. Set aside 10% of the remaining amount after deducting items a. and b. as legal reserve;
- d. Set aside or reverse special reserve in accordance with law and regulations; and
- e. The distribution of the remaining portion, if any, will be recommended by the Board of Directors and resolved in the shareholders' meeting.

The growth potential of the Company remains as past in business environment. The Company would, therefore, focus on the economic environment to pursue perpetual operation and long-term development. As a result, the earnings distribution proposal made by the Board of Directors should reflect the stability and growth of the dividends. Distribution shall be made by way of cash dividend and stock dividend, with at least 10% of cash dividend.

According to the Company Act, a company needs distribute the legal reserve unless where such legal reserve amounts to the total authorized capital. The legal reserve can be used to fill the deficit of a company. When a company incurs no loss, it may distribute the portion of legal reserve which exceeds 25% of the paid-in capital, by issuing new shares or by distributing cash in proportion to the number of shares held by each shareholder.

According to existing regulations, when the Company distributing distributable earnings, it shall set aside to special reserve, from the profit/loss of the current period and the undistributed earnings from the previous period, an amount equal to "other net deductions from shareholders' equity" for the current fiscal year, provided that if the company has already set aside special reserve in the first-time adoption of the IFRS, it shall set aside supplemental special reserve based on the difference between the amount already set aside and other net deductions from shareholders' equity. For any subsequent reversal of other net deductions from shareholders' equity, the amount reversed may be distributed from the special reserve.

On March 31, 2021, the FSC issued Order No. Financial-Supervisory-Securities-Corporate-1090150022, which sets out the following provisions for compliance:

On a public company's first-time adoption of the IFRS, for any unrealized revaluation gains and cumulative translation adjustments (gains) recorded to shareholders' equity that the company elects to transfer to retained earnings by application of the exemption under IFRS 1, the company shall set aside special reserve. For any subsequent use, disposal or reclassification of related assets, the special reserve in the amount equal to the reversal may be released for earnings distribution.

Details of the 2022 and 2021 earnings distribution and dividends per share as resolved by the shareholders' meeting on May 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, are as follows:

	Appropriation	n of earnings	Dividend per share (NT\$)		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Legal reserve	\$265,801	\$249,266			
Special reserve	75,735	(85,032)			
Common stock-cash dividend	2,255,986	2,255,986	\$5	\$5	

Please refer to Note 6(23) for further details on employees' compensation and remuneration to directors.

E. Non-controlling interests

	For the nine-month		
	periods ended S	September 30,	
	2023	2022	
Beginning balance	\$487,702	\$410,362	
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests	23,938	21,217	
Other comprehensive income, attributable to non-			
controlling interests, net of tax:			
Exchange differences resulting from translating the			
financial statements of a foreign operation	(1,702)	560	
Unrealized gains (losses) on financial assets at fair			
value through other comprehensive income	1,908	(1,733)	
Disposal of equity instrument at fair value through other			
comprehensive income by subsidiaries	5,942	-	
Acquisition of issued shares of subsidiaries	(22,815)	(38,887)	
Changes in parent's interest in subsidiaries	2,525	94,941	
Acquisition of subsidiaries	-	31,747	
Cash dividends from subsidiaries	(44,410)	(38,905)	
Other	9,751	(1,166)	
Ending balance	\$462,839	\$478,136	

(20)Operating revenue

	For the th	ree-month	For the nine-month			
	periods ended	September 30	periods ended	periods ended September 30,		
	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Revenue from contracts with						
customers						
Sale of goods revenue	\$675,935	\$516,270	\$1,901,540	\$1,541,209		
Rendering of service revenue	3,523,945	3,210,807	10,473,841	9,568,152		
Subtotal	4,199,880	3,727,077	12,375,381	\$11,109,361		
Other revenue	87,400	77,992	249,451	227,248		
Total	\$4,287,280	\$3,805,069	\$12,624,832	\$11,336,609		

Analysis of revenue from contracts with customers for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

A. Classification of revenue

For the three-month period ended September 30, 2023:

	Electronic	Security			Catering		
	Systems	Services	Cash Delivery	Logistics	Service	Other	
	Department	Department	Department	Department	Department	Department	Total
Sale of goods	\$139,670	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$435,649	\$100,616	\$675,935
Rendering of services	1,650,689	588,842	303,416	236,507		744,491	3,523,945
Total	\$1,790,359	\$588,842	\$303,416	\$236,507	\$435,649	\$845,107	\$4,199,880
Timing of revenue							
recognition:							
At a point in time	\$139,670	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$435,649	\$100,616	\$675,935
Over time	1,650,689	588,842	303,416	236,507		744,491	3,523,945
Total	\$1,790,359	\$588,842	\$303,416	\$236,507	\$435,649	\$845,107	\$4,199,880

For the three-month period ended September 30, 2022

	Electronic	Security			Catering		
	Systems	Services	Cash Delivery	Logistics	Service	Other	
	Department	Department	Department	Department	Department	Department	Total
Sale of goods	\$142,845	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$332,494	\$40,931	\$516,270
Rendering of services	1,563,813	575,738	284,805	224,988		561,463	3,210,807
Total	\$1,706,658	\$575,738	\$284,805	\$224,988	\$332,494	\$602,394	\$3,727,077
Timing of revenue							
recognition:							
At a point in time	\$142,845	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$332,494	\$40,931	\$516,270
Over time	1,563,813	575,738	284,805	224,988		561,463	3,210,807
Total	\$1,706,658	\$575,738	\$284,805	\$224,988	\$332,494	\$602,394	\$3,727,077

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2023:

	Electronic	Security			Catering		
	Systems	Services	Cash Delivery	Logistics	Service	Other	
	Department	Department	Department	Department	Department	Department	Total
Sale of goods	\$447,667	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$1,204,238	\$249,635	\$1,901,540
Rendering of services	4,838,544	1,761,884	932,425	686,114		2,254,874	10,473,841
Total	\$5,286,211	\$1,761,884	\$932,425	\$686,114	\$1,204,238	\$2,504,509	\$12,375,381
Timing of revenue							
recognition:							
At a point in time	\$447,667	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$1,204,238	\$249,635	\$1,901,540
Over time	4,838,544	1,761,884	932,425	686,114		2,254,874	10,473,841
Total	\$5,286,211	\$1,761,884	\$932,425	\$686,114	\$1,204,238	\$2,504,509	\$12,375,381

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2022:

	Electronic	Security			Catering		
	Systems	Services	Cash Delivery	Logistics	Service	Other	
	Department	Department	Department	Department	Department	Department	Total
Sale of goods	\$457,553	\$-	\$-	\$20,358	\$925,262	\$138,036	\$1,541,209
Rendering of services	4,612,607	1,762,693	925,142	656,221	65	1,611,424	9,568,152
Total	\$5,070,160	\$1,762,693	\$925,142	\$676,579	\$925,327	\$1,749,460	\$11,109,361
Timing of revenue							
recognition:							
At a point in time	\$457,553	\$-	\$-	\$20,358	\$925,262	\$138,036	\$1,541,209
Over time	4,612,607	1,762,693	925,142	656,221	65	1,611,424	9,568,152
Total	\$5,070,160	\$1,762,693	\$925,142	\$676,579	\$925,327	\$1,749,460	\$11,109,361

B. Contract balances

a. Contract assets - current

	As of							
	September 30,	January 1,						
	2023	2022	2022	2022				
Rendering of services	\$621,783	\$456,121	\$407,556	\$327,088				
Total	\$621,783	\$456,121	\$407,556	\$327,088				

The increased balance of contract assets during the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, are based on whether the Company obtained an unconditional right to receive the consideration then transferred contract assets to trade receivables when the unconditional right exists. Please refer to Note 6(21) for more details on the impairment impact.

b. Contract liabilities – current and non-current

	As of						
	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	January 1,			
	2023	2022	2022	2022			
Current	\$1,479,872	\$1,427,258	\$1,400,156	\$1,301,963			
Non-current	7,749	15,319	15,076	18,901			
Total	\$1,487,621	\$1,442,577	\$1,415,232	\$1,320,864			

The significant changes in the Group's balances of contract liabilities for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	For the thre	e-month	For the nine-month		
	periods ended S	eptember 30,	periods ended September 30,		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
The opening balance	\$(160,509)	\$(147,832)	\$(1,180,745)	\$(1,098,702)	
transferred to revenue					
Increase in receipts in advance during the period (excluding	129,725	129,175	1,225,789	1,193,069	
the amount incurred and					
transferred to revenue during					
the period)					

C. Transaction price allocated to unsatisfied performance obligations

The Group's transaction price allocated to unsatisfied performance obligations (including partially unsatisfied) amounted to NT\$1,487,621 thousand as of September 30, 2023. Management expects that 92% of the transaction price allocated to unsatisfied performance obligations will be recognized as revenue during the year 2023. The remaining amount will be recognized during the 2024 financial year.

The Group's transaction price allocated to unsatisfied performance obligations (including partially unsatisfied) amounted to NT\$1,415,232 thousand as of September 30, 2022. Management expects that 93% of the transaction price allocated to unsatisfied performance obligations will be recognized as revenue during the year 2022. The remaining amount will be recognized during the 2023 financial year.

D. Assets recognized from costs to fulfil a contract

None.

(21)Expected credit losses

	For the thre periods ended S		For the nine-month periods ended September 30,		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Operating expenses - Expected credit				_	
losses					
Contract assets	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	
Trade receivables	6,335	1,635	13,235	5,478	
Subtotal	6,335	1,635	13,235	5,478	
Non-operating income and expenses -					
Expected credit losses					
Financial assets measured at					
amortized cost					
Total	\$6,335	\$1,635	\$13,235	\$5,478	

Please refer to Note 12 for more details on credit risk management.

The credit risk for the Group's financial assets measured at amortized cost are assessed as low (the same as the assessment result in the beginning of the period). As the trade partners are financial institutions with good credit, the loss allowance is NT\$0 thousand measured at a loss ratio of 0%.

The Group measures the loss allowance of its contract assets and trade receivables (including notes receivables, accounts receivables, operating lease receivables, finance lease receivables and long-term receivables) at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. The assessment of the Group loss allowance is as follows:

- A. The historical credit loss experience of contract assets shows no difference among different customer group. The loss allowance of contract asset amounted to NT\$0 thousand, which is measured at expected credit loss ratio of 0%.
- B. The Group considers the grouping of trade receivables by counterparties' credit rating, by geographical region and by industry sector and its loss allowance is measured by using a provision matrix, details are as follow:

Overdue

As of September 30, 2023	As o	f Sep	tember	30,	2023
--------------------------	------	-------	--------	-----	------

Group 1

Oroup r				Overdae			
	Not yet due	1-90	91-180	181-270	271-365		
	(note)	days	days	days	days	>=365 days	Total
Gross carrying amount	\$1,043,005	\$93,274	\$4,438	\$1,070	\$1,615	\$12,981	\$1,156,383
Loss ratio	0-2%	2-10%	10-30%	30-50%	50-80%	80-100%	
Lifetime expected credit							
losses	(14,406)	(9,336)	(1,334)	(536)	(1,293)	(12,981)	(39,886)
Subtotal	1,028,599	83,938	3,104	534	322		1,116,497
			-				_
Group 2	_			Overdue			
	Not yet due	1-90	91-180	181-270	271-365		
	(note)	days	days	days	days	>=365 days	Total
Gross carrying amount	\$853,974	\$5,181	\$379	\$96	\$-	\$11,096	\$870,726
Loss ratio	0-2%	2-10%	10-30%	30-50%	50-80%	80-100%	
Lifetime expected credit							
losses	(1,670)	(53)	(22)	(49)		(11,096)	(12,890)
Subtotal	852,304	5,128	357	47	-		857,836
Total							\$1,974,333
As of Doombon 21	2022						
As of December 31	, 2022			0 1			
Group 1		1.00	01.100	Overdue	251.255		
	Not yet due	1-90	91-180	181-270	271-365	2.2.1	
	(note)	days	days	days	days	>=365 days	Total
Gross carrying amount	\$1,113,476	\$64,858	43,013	3,220	13,475	13,856	\$1,251,898
Loss ratio	0-2%	2-10%	10-30%	30-50%	50-80%	80-100%	
Lifetime expected credit							
losses	(1,835)	(1,301)	(4,324)	(966)	(6,755)	(13,856)	(29,037)
Subtotal	1,111,641	63,557	38,689	2,254	6,720		1,222,861
Group 2	_			Overdue			
	Not yet due	1-90	91-180	181-270	271-365		
	(note)	days	days	days	days	>=365 days	Total
Gross carrying amount	\$743,167	\$11,622	\$155	\$143	\$-	\$11,502	\$766,589
Loss ratio	0-2%	2-5%	5-10%	10-50%	50-90%	90-100%	
Lifetime expected credit							
losses	(1,541)	(113)	(14)	(72)		(11,502)	(13,242)
Subtotal	741,626	11,509	141	71			753,347
Total							\$1,976,208
							1 , ,

As of September 30, 2022

Group 1	<u>-</u>			Overdue			
	Not yet due	1-90		181-270	271-365		
	(note)	days	91-180 days	days	days	>=365 days	Total
Gross carrying amount	\$979,885	\$106,999	\$3,553	\$32,459	\$9,569	\$11,868	\$1,144,333
Loss ratio	0-2%	2-10%	10-30%	30-50%	50-80%	80-100%	
Lifetime expected credit							
losses	(1,620)	(2,140)	(364)	(9,832)	(4,863)	(11,868)	(30,687)
Subtotal	978,265	104,859	3,189	22,627	4,706		1,113,646
Group 2	_			Overdue			
	Not yet due	1-90		181-270	271-365		
	(note)	days	91-180 days	days	days	>=365 days	Total
Gross carrying amount	\$629,438	\$2,537	\$299	\$163	\$248	\$8,113	\$640,798
Loss ratio	0-2%	2-10%	10-30%	30-50%	50-80%	80-100%	
Lifetime expected credit							
losses	(1,775)	(27)	(29)	(70)	(178)	(8,113)	(10,192)
Subtotal	627,663	2,510	270	93	70		630,606
Total							\$1,744,252

Note: The Group's notes receivable, operating lease receivables, finance lease receivables, long-term receivables, and long-term lease receivables are not overdue.

The movement in the loss allowance of trade receivables for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	Trade receivables	Notes receivable	Others (Note)
Balance as of January 1, 2023	\$42,279	\$-	<u>\$-</u>
Addition/(reversal) for the current period	13,235	-	-
Write off	(2,738)		
Balance as of September 30, 2023	\$52,776	\$-	\$-
Balance as of January 1, 2022	\$36,591	\$-	\$ -
Addition/(reversal) for the current period	5,478	-	-
Write off	(2,407)	-	-
Other	1,217		
Balance as of September 30, 2022	\$40,879	\$-	<u>\$-</u>

Note: Others contain operating lease receivables, finance lease receivables, long-term receivables and long-term lease receivables.

(22)Leases

A. Group as a lessee

The Group leases various properties, including real estate such as land and buildings, transportation equipment, and other equipment. The lease terms range from 1 to 15 years.

The Group's leases effect on the financial position, financial performance and cash flows is as follows:

a. Amounts recognized in the balance sheet

(i) Right-of-use assets

The carrying amount of right-of-use assets

	As of					
	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,			
	2023	2022	2022			
Land and land improvement	\$47,241	\$67,080	\$33,614			
Buildings	970,955	688,023	643,890			
Transportation equipment	131,844	126,698	123,844			
Other equipment	1,124		687			
Total	\$1,151,164	\$881,801	\$802,035			

For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, the Group's additions to right-of-use assets amounted to NT\$560,868 thousand and NT\$403,104 thousand, respectively.

(ii) Lease liabilities

	As of				
	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,		
	2023	2022	2022		
Lease liabilities	\$1,146,418	\$875,910	\$796,407		
Current	\$350,844	\$311,894	\$300,967		
Non-current	795,574	564,016	495,440		

Please refer to Note 6(24)(D) for the interest on lease liabilities recognized for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 and refer to Note 12(5) Liquidity Risk Management for the maturity analysis for lease liabilities as of September 30, 2023 and 2022.

b. Amounts recognized in the statement of profit or loss

Depreciation charge for right-of-use assets

For the thr	ee-month	For the nine-month		
periods ended S	September 30,	periods ended September 30,		
2023	2022	2023	2022	
\$5,919	\$4,255	\$19,827	\$13,990	
88,357	66,484	221,367	207,072	
11,391	8,842	31,167	25,273	
211	687	562	2,166	
\$105,878	\$80,268	\$272,923	\$248,501	
	2023 \$5,919 88,357 11,391 211	\$5,919 \$4,255 88,357 66,484 11,391 8,842 211 687	periods ended September 30, periods ended 2023 2022 2023 \$5,919 \$4,255 \$19,827 88,357 66,484 221,367 11,391 8,842 31,167 211 687 562	

c. Income and costs relating to leasing activities

	For the three	ee-month	For the nine-month	
	periods ended S	September 30,	periods ended S	September 30,
	2023	2022	2023	2022
The expenses relating to short-				
term leases	\$26,849	\$38,217	\$70,826	\$58,802
The expenses relating to leases				
of low-value assets (Not				
including the expenses				
relating to short-term leases				
of low-value assets)	3,197	3,356	9,932	10,055
Total	\$30,046	\$41,573	\$80,758	\$68,857

d. Cash outflow relating to leasing activities

The Group's total cash outflows for leases amounted to NT\$363,443 thousand and NT\$328,511 thousand for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

e. Other information relating to leasing activities

(i) Extension and termination options

Some of the Group's agreement (e.g., property rental agreement) contain extension and termination options. In determining the lease terms, the non-cancellable period for which the Group has the right to use an underlying asset, together with both periods covered by an option to extend the lease if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option and periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if the Group is reasonably certain not to exercise that option. These options are used to maximize operational flexibility in terms of managing contracts. The majority of extension and termination options held are exercisable only by the Group. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term upon the occurrence of a significant event or a significant change in circumstances that is within the control of the lessee and affects whether the Group is reasonably certain to exercise an option not previously included in its determination of the lease term, or not to exercise an option previously included in its determination of the lease term.

B. Group as a lessor

Please refer to Note 6(10) for details on the Group's owned investment properties. Leases of owned investment properties are classified as operating leases as they do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of underlying assets.

The Group has entered into leases on certain machinery and equipment with lease terms range from one to five years. These leases are classified as finance leases as they transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of underlying assets.

	For the three	ee-month	For the nine-month periods ended September 30,		
	periods ended S	September 30,			
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Lease income for operating leases					
Income relating to fixed lease					
payments and variable lease					
payments that depend on an					
index or a rate	\$89,771	\$80,535	\$256,846	\$235,237	
Subtotal	89,771	80,535	256,846	235,237	
Lease income for finance leases					
Selling profit or loss	3,298	1,260	3,298	1,628	
Finance income on the net					
investment in the lease	1,087	1,382	3,608	3,606	
Subtotal	4,385	2,642	6,906	5,234	
Total	\$94,156	\$83,177	\$263,752	\$240,471	

Please refer to Note 6(9) for relevant disclosure of property, plant and equipment for operating leases under IFRS 16. For operating leases entered by the Group, the undiscounted lease payments to be received and a total of the amounts for the remaining years as of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022 are as follows:

	As of				
	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,		
	2023	2022	2022		
Within one year	\$268,394	\$256,474	\$251,873		
Beyond one year but not later than two years	70,190	10,730	69,991		
Beyond two years but not later than three years	2,059	2,085	3,174		
Beyond three years but not later than four years	234	72	522		
Beyond four years but not later than five years	180	-	18		
Beyond five years					
Total	\$341,057	\$269,361	\$325,578		

For finance leases entered by the Group, the undiscounted lease payments to be received and a total of the amounts for the remaining years as of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022 are as follow:

	As of				
	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,		
	2023	2022	2022		
Within one year	\$73,865	\$86,050	\$81,134		
Beyond one year but not later than two years	54,858	62,199	64,262		
Beyond two years but not later than three years	33,941	43,491	45,255		
Beyond three years but not later than four years	24,682	28,644	24,421		
Beyond four years but not later than five years	5,521	14,438	15,464		
Beyond five years					
Total undiscounted lease payment	192,867	234,822	230,536		
Less: Unearned finance income to finance					
leases	(7,361)	(9,736)	(9,618)		
Less: loss allowance					
Net investment in the lease (Finance lease					
receivables)	\$185,506	\$225,086	\$220,918		
Current	\$70,202	\$81,465	\$76,575		
Non-current	115,304	143,621	144,343		

(23)Summary statement of employee benefits, depreciation and amortization expenses by function:

	For the three-month periods ended September 30,						
		2023			2022		
	Operating	Operating		Operating	Operating		
	costs	expenses	Total amount	costs	expenses	Total amount	
Employee benefits expense							
Salaries	\$1,064,897	\$435,862	\$1,500,759	\$1,012,348	\$404,365	\$1,416,713	
Labor and health insurance	116,938	34,179	151,117	113,626	31,932	145,558	
Pension	60,634	17,120	77,754	55,839	17,485	73,324	
Other employee benefits expense	53,255	12,351	65,606	48,634	10,652	59,286	
Depreciation	331,417	65,698	397,115	294,025	62,179	356,204	
Amortization	9,277	11,795	21,072	7,811	10,260	18,071	

	For the nine-month periods ended September 30,						
		2023			2022		
	Operating	Operating		Operating	Operating		
	costs	expenses	Total amount	costs	expenses	Total amount	
Employee benefits expense							
Salaries	\$3,129,949	\$1,288,170	\$4,418,119	\$2,998,688	\$1,215,560	\$4,214,248	
Labor and health insurance	347,546	102,998	450,544	320,866	97,903	418,769	
Pension	179,206	57,200	236,406	168,407	51,243	219,650	
Other employee benefits expense	147,650	32,733	180,383	146,696	31,835	178,531	
Depreciation	947,130	194,193	1,141,323	886,563	190,271	1,076,834	
Amortization	27,251	36,018	63,269	18,821	30,857	49,678	

According to the Articles of Incorporation, no less than 1% of profit of the current year is distributable as employees' compensation and no higher than 4% of profit of the current year is distributable as remuneration to directors. However, the company's accumulated losses shall have been covered. The Company may, by a resolution adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of Board of Directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors, have the profit distributable as employees' compensation in the form of shares or in cash; and in addition thereto a report of such distribution is submitted to the shareholders' meeting. Information on the Board of Directors' resolution regarding the employees' compensation and remuneration to directors can be obtained from the "Market Observation Post System" on the website of the TWSE.

Based on the profit of the three-month period ended September 30, 2023, the Company estimated and recognized the amounts of the employees' compensation and remuneration to directors to be NT\$7,779 thousand and NT\$31,115 thousand, respectively, which were recognized as payroll expenses. Based on the profit of the nine-month period ended September 30, 2023, the Company estimated and recognized the amounts of the employees' compensation and remuneration to directors to be NT\$22,484 thousand and NT\$89,937 thousand, respectively, which were recognized as payroll expenses. Based on the profit of the three-month period ended September 30, 2022, the Company estimated and recognized the amounts of the employees' compensation and remuneration to directors to be NT\$6,989 thousand and NT\$27,956 thousand, respectively, which were recognized as payroll expenses. Based on the profit of the nine-month period ended September 30, 2022, the Company estimated and recognized the amounts of the employees' compensation and remuneration to directors to be NT\$22,373 thousand and NT\$89,492 thousand, respectively, which were recognized as payroll expenses.

A resolution was passed at the Board of Directors meeting held on March 14, 2023 to distribute NT\$30,273 thousand and NT\$121,091 thousand in cash as employees' compensation and remuneration to directors of 2022, respectively. No material differences exist between the estimated amount and the actual distribution of the employee compensation and remuneration to directors for the year ended December 31, 2022.

A resolution was passed at the Board of Directors meeting held on March 15, 2022 to distribute NT\$29,435 thousand and NT\$117,741 thousand in cash as employees' compensation and remuneration to directors of 2021, respectively. No material differences exist between the estimated amount and the actual distribution of the employee compensation and remuneration to directors for the year ended December 31, 2021.

(24)Non-operating income and expenses

A. Interest income

	For the three	ee-month	For the nine-month		
	periods ended S	eptember 30,	periods ended September 3		
	2023	2023 2022		2022	
Financial assets measured at					
amortized cost	\$581	\$845	\$2,043	\$1,436	
Cash in banks	604	672	7,833	3,956	
Short-term commercial papers	662	717	2,776	1,476	
Others	1,246 650		4,627	822	
Total	\$3,093	\$2,884	\$17,279	\$7,690	

B. Other income

	For the thi	ree-month	For the nine-month				
	periods ended	periods ended September 30,		periods ended September 30, periods en		ded September 30,	
	2023 2022		2023	2022			
Rental income	\$1,945	\$2,544	\$6,086	\$7,990			
Dividend income	3,449	7,131	7,045	15,671			
Total	\$5,394	\$9,675	\$13,131	\$23,661			

C. Other gains and losses

	For the thre	ee-month	For the nine-month		
	periods ended September 30,		periods ended S	September 30,	
	2023	2023 2022		2022	
Losses on disposal of property,					
plant and equipment	\$(1,586)	\$(12,664)	\$(563)	\$(29,730)	
Gains on disposal of investment	-	29,557	-	29,557	
Other gain (loss)	46,481	(18,213)	34,525	(25,897)	
Gains on financial assets at fair value					
through profit or loss (Note)	23	50	46	59	
Gains on lease modification	6	265	251	710	
Foreign exchange gains, net	654	5,968	1,851	5,886	
Total	\$45,578	\$4,963	\$36,110	\$(19,415)	

Note: Balances were arising from financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss

D. Finance costs

	For the thre	e-month	For the nine-month		
	periods ended S	eptember 30,	periods ended September 30		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Interest on borrowings from bank	\$(25,974)	\$(15,756)	\$(72,859)	\$(36,551)	
Interest on lease liabilities	(4,851)	(2,746)	(10,947)	(7,413)	
Other	(81)		(40)	(26)	
Total finance costs	\$(30,906)	\$(18,502)	\$(83,846)	\$(43,990)	

(25)Components of other comprehensive income (loss)

For the three-month period ended September 30, 2023

				Income tax relating	U		
		Reclassification	Other	to components of other	Other		
	A		comprehensive		comprehensive		
	Arising during the	adjustments	income (loss),	comprehensive	income (loss),		
	period	during the period	before tax	income	net of tax		
Not to be reclassified to profit or loss in							
subsequent periods:							
Unrealized losses from equity instruments							
investments measured at fair value through							
other comprehensive income	\$(16,031)	\$-	\$(16,031)	\$-	\$(16,031)		
Share of other comprehensive loss of associates							
and joint ventures accounted for using the							
equity method	(24,194)	-	(24,194)	-	(24,194)		
To be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent							
periods:							
Exchange differences resulting from translating							
the financial statements of a foreign operation	7	-	7	-	7		
Share of other comprehensive income of							
associates and joint ventures accounted for							
using the equity method	22,462	-	22,462	-	22,462		
Total of other comprehensive loss	\$(17,756)	\$-	\$(17,756)	\$-	\$(17,756)		

For the three-month period ended September 30, 2022

				Income tax relating	
	Arising during the period	Reclassification adjustments during the period	Other comprehensive income (loss), before tax	to components of other comprehensive income	Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax
Not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods: Unrealized losses from equity instruments					
investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Share of other comprehensive loss of associates	\$(1,455)	\$-	\$(1,455)	\$-	\$(1,455)
and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method	(8,643)	-	(8,643)	-	(8,643)
To be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:					
Exchange differences resulting from translating the financial statements of a foreign operation Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for	(277)	-	(277)	-	(277)
using the equity method	24,494	-	24,494	-	24,494
Total of other comprehensive income	\$14,119	\$-	\$14,119	\$-	\$14,119

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2023

	Arising during the period	Reclassification adjustments during the period	Other comprehensive income (loss), before tax	Income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income	Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax
Not to be reclassified to profit or loss in					
subsequent periods:					
Unrealized gains from equity instruments					
investments measured at fair value through					
other comprehensive income	\$74,343	\$-	\$74,343	\$-	\$74,343
Share of other comprehensive income of					
associates and joint ventures accounted for					
using the equity method	6,503	-	6,503	-	6,503
To be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent					
periods:					
Exchange differences resulting from translating					
the financial statements of a foreign					
operation	(1,703)	-	(1,703)	-	(1,703)
Share of other comprehensive income of					
associates and joint ventures accounted for					
using the equity method	26,015		26,015		26,015
Total of other comprehensive income	\$105,158	\$-	\$105,158	\$-	\$105,158

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2022

				Income tax relating	
	Arising during the period	Reclassification adjustments during the period	Other comprehensive income (loss), before tax	to components of other comprehensive income	Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax
Not to be realizatived to mustit on loss in	period	during the period	before tax	meome	net of tax
Not to be reclassified to profit or loss in					
subsequent periods:					
Unrealized gains from equity instruments					
investments measured at fair value through					
other comprehensive income	\$21,891	\$-	\$21,891	\$-	\$21,891
Share of other comprehensive loss of associates					
and joint ventures accounted for using the					
equity method	(32,993)	-	(32,993)	-	(32,993)
To be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent					
periods:					
Exchange differences resulting from translating					
the financial statements of a foreign					
operation	560	-	560	-	560
Share of other comprehensive income of					
associates and joint ventures accounted for					
using the equity method	53,664		53,664		53,664
Total of other comprehensive income	\$43,122	\$-	\$43,122	\$-	\$43,122

(26)Income tax

The major components of income tax expense (income) are as follows:

Income tax expense (income) recognized in profit or loss

	For the three	ee-month	For the nine-month		
	periods ended S	September 30,	periods ended S	September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Current income tax expense (income):					
Current income tax charge	\$139,354	\$135,362	\$408,717	\$397,581	
Adjustments in respect of current					
income tax of prior periods	(556)	(3)	6,229	4,333	
Deferred tax expense (income):					
Deferred tax expense (income)					
relating to origination and reversal					
of temporary differences	5,031	4,891	18,058	(13,476)	
Deferred tax expense (income)					
relating to origination and reversal					
of tax loss and tax credit	1,108	647	(189)	1,495	
Others		1,152		1,152	
Total income tax expense	\$144,937	\$142,049	\$432,815	\$391,085	

The assessment of income tax returns

As of September 30, 2023, the assessment of the income tax returns of the Company and its subsidiaries is as follows:

	The assessment of income tax	
	returns	Notes
The Company	Assessed and approved up to 2021	-
Speed Investment Co., Ltd.	Assessed and approved up to 2021	-
Goyun Security Co., Ltd.	Assessed and approved up to 2022	-
Gowin Building Management and Maintenance	Assessed and approved up to 2020	-
Co., Ltd.		
Gowin Security Co., Ltd.	Assessed and approved up to 2021	-
KuoHsing Security Co., Ltd.	Assessed and approved up to 2020	-
LeeBao Security Co., Ltd.	Assessed and approved up to 2021	-
LeeBao Technology Co., Ltd.	Assessed and approved up to 2021	-
Lee Way Electronics Co., Ltd.	Assessed and approved up to 2021	-
Titan Star International Co., Ltd.	Assessed and approved up to 2021	-
Goldsun Express & Logistics Co., Ltd.	Assessed and approved up to 2020	-
Goldsun Express Ltd.	Assessed and approved up to 2021	-
Zhong Bao Insurance Services Inc.	Assessed and approved up to 2021	-
Chung Hsing E-Guard Co., Ltd.	Assessed and approved up to 2021	-

The assessment of income tax

	returns	Notes
Brightron Technology and Engineering Corporation	Assessed and approved up to 2021	-
Lots Home Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Assessed and approved up to 2021	-
Aion Technologies Inc.	Assessed and approved up to 2021	-
Ching-Dian Tech Co., Ltd.	Assessed and approved up to 2021	-
Guoyun Technology Co., Ltd.	Assessed and approved up to 2022	-
Comlink Fire Systems Inc.	Assessed and approved up to 2021	-
TransAsia Catering Services Ltd.	Assessed and approved up to 2020	-
Gowin Smart Parking Co., Ltd.	Assessed and approved up to 2021	-
KuoHsing Rental Co., Ltd.	Assessed and approved up to 2021	-
SIGMU D.P.T. Company Ltd.	Assessed and approved up to 2021	-
Lee Yuan Biomedical Co., Ltd.	Assessed and approved up to 2021	-
Living Plus Food and Beverage Co. Ltd.	Assessed and approved up to 2021	-
Jiansheng International Co., Ltd.	Assessed and approved up to 2021	-
Star Power Solutions Taiwan Limited	Assessed and approved up to 2021	-
Epic Tech Taiwan Inc.	Assessed and approved up to 2021	-
Golden Harvest Food Enterprise Ltd.	Assessed and approved up to 2021	-
Tai-Shun Shi Ye Co., Ltd.	Assessed and approved up to 2021	-
MyStory Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Assessed and approved up to 2021	
Baohong Technology Co., Ltd.	-	Established in 2022
Baohwa Trust Co., Ltd	-	Established in 2022

(27) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing net profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent entity by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent entity (after adjusting for interest on the convertible preference shares) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

	For the three-month		For the ni	ne-month	
	periods ended	September 30,	periods ended September		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
A. Basic earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary equity					
holders of the Company (in thousands)	\$655,848	\$631,541	\$1,906,139	\$1,894,749	
Weighted average number of ordinary					
shares outstanding for basic earnings					
per share (in thousands)	442,459	440,867	442,459	440,867	
Basic earnings per share (NT\$)	\$1.48	\$1.44	\$4.31	\$4.30	

	For the three-month		For the nine-month		
	periods ended	September 30,	periods ended September 30,		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
B. Diluted earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary equity					
holders of the Company (in					
thousands)	\$655,848	\$631,541	\$1,906,139	\$1,894,749	
Employee bonus (in thousands)			_		
Profit attributable to ordinary equity					
holders of the Company after dilution					
(in thousands)	\$655,848	\$631,541	\$1,906,139	\$1,894,749	
Weighted average number of ordinary					
shares outstanding for basic earnings					
per share (in thousands)	442,459	440,867	442,459	440,867	
Effect of dilution:					
Employee bonus-stock (in thousands)	211	222	289	298	
Weighted average number of ordinary					
shares outstanding after dilution (in					
thousands)	442,670	441,089	442,748	441,165	
Diluted earnings per share (NT\$)	\$1.48	\$1.44	\$4.31	\$4.30	

There have been no other transactions involving ordinary shares or potential ordinary shares between the reporting date and the date of completion of the financial statements.

(28) Business combinations

Acquisition of Golden Harvest Food Enterprise Ltd. and it's subsidiary

In order to expand the group's diversified operations and expand the food processing and catering business, the Company acquired 97.84% of voting rights of Golden Harvest Food Enterprise Ltd. on January 3, 2022, and acquired indirectly its 100% subsidiary, Tai-Shun Shi Ye Co., Ltd. After the combination, the Group will use the fresh food, low-temperature freezing technology and manpower of Golden Harvest Food Enterprise Ltd., and combine the advantages of the related catering business in meals and bakery products in the group and the Secom Infinite Plus Internet of Things system, in a parallel integration model, to build a more fulfilling life service platform.

The fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of Golden Harvest Food Enterprise Ltd. and its subsidiary as at the date of acquisition were:

	Fair value recognized on the acquisition date
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$29,662
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, current	5,824
Notes and accounts receivable	149,003
Other receivable	3
Current tax assets	858
Inventory	8,974
Prepayments	857
Other current assets	138
Financial assets measured at amortized cost, non-current	971
Property, plant and equipment	422,234
Other assets, non-current	6,745
Total	625,269
Liabilities	
Short-term loans	(19,000)
Short-term bills payable	(50,000)
Notes and accounts payable	(116,186)
Other payables	(30,955)
Other current liabilities	(1,034)
Net defined benefit liabilities, non-current	(2,300)
Total	(219,475)
Identifiable net assets	\$405,794
Goodwill of Golden Harvest Food Enterprise Ltd. and its subsidiary	is as follows:
Purchase consideration	\$520,874
Add: non-controlling interests at fair value	8,765
(2.16% of Identifiable net assets)	

The fair value and the total contractual amount of the trade receivables amounts to NT\$149,003 thousand and NT\$150,221 thousand, respectively, including expected credit losses NT\$1,218 thousand.

(405,794)

\$123,845

Less: identifiable net assets at fair value

Goodwill

The net assets recognized in the financial statements ended January 3, 2022, were based on a tentative fair value as the Group had sought an independent valuation.

The goodwill of NT\$123,845 thousand comprises the value of expected synergies arising from the acquisition and operations team, which is not separately recognized. The goodwill recognized is not to be deductible for income tax purposes.

From the acquisition date, goodwill of Golden Harvest Food Enterprise Ltd. and its subsidiary has contributed NT\$678,783 thousand of revenue and NT\$2,334 thousand to the net loss before tax of the Group. If the combination had taken place at the beginning of the year, the amount would be the same.

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Transaction costs of the acquisition	\$520,874
Net cash acquired with the subsidiary	(29,662)
Net cash flow on acquisition	\$491,212

The transaction costs including the lawyer consultation fee and acquisition value assessment are included in the administrative expenses.

Acquisition of MyStory Entertainment Co., Ltd.

MyStory Entertainment Co., Ltd. increased capital through issuance of new shares, 10,200,000 shares, on March 23, 2022, all shares are acquired by the Group, the percentage of ownership is 97.14%, consequently the Group recognized non-controlling interests NT\$2,982 thousand.

Analys	sis of	cash	flows	on	acc	uisition:

Transaction costs of the acquisition	\$102,000
Net cash acquired with the subsidiary	(104,309)
Net cash flow on acquisition	\$(2,309)

Acquisition of Baohwa Trust Co., Ltd.

Baohwa Trust Co., Ltd. was established through issuance new 5,000,000 shares on January 18, 2022, the Group acquired 3,000,000 of new shares amounted to NT\$30,000 thousand, the percentage of ownership is 60.00%, consequently the Group recognized non-controlling interests NT\$20,000 thousand.

Acquisition of Baohong Technology Co., Ltd.

The Group acquired 700,000 shares of Baohong Technology Co., Ltd., for 70% of ownership, amounting to NT\$7,000 thousand in December 2022. As a result, the Group recognized non-controlling interests of NT\$3,000 thousand.

(29) Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries

Acquisition of new shares in a subsidiary not in proportionate to ownership interest

Epic Tech Taiwan Inc. issued 3,000 thousand new shares through a capital increase, raising a total of NT\$30,000 thousand on June 27, 2023. The Group subscribed to the 3,000 thousand capital increase, thereby increasing its ownership to 99.47%. As a result, the non-controlling interest decreased by NT\$10 thousand on June 27, 2023.

Baohwa Trust Co., Ltd. issued 3,000 thousand new shares through a capital increase, raising a total of NT\$30,000 thousand on August 22, 2023. The Group subscribed to the 3,000 thousand shares, thereby increasing its ownership to 75%. As a result, the non-controlling interest increased by NT\$2,535 thousand on August 22, 2023.

Acquisition of shares published by subsidiaries

In June 2023, the Group acquired an additional 2.75% of the voting shares of Aion Technologies Inc. from minority shareholders, increasing ownership percentage to 90.17%. A cash consideration of NT\$8,115 thousand was paid to the non-controlling interest shareholders, therefore non-controlling interest was reduced by NT\$8,115 thousand.

In July 2023, the Group acquired an additional 49% voting shares of Sunseap Solutions Taiwan Limited from minority shareholders, increasing its ownership to 100%. A cash consideration of NT\$14,700 thousand was paid to the non-controlling interest shareholders, therefore non-controlling interest was reduced by NT\$14,700 thousand. On July 31, 2023, the registered name was changed to "Star Power Solutions Taiwan Limited."

7. Related Party Transactions

Information of the related parties that has transactions with the Group during the financial reporting period is as follows:

Name and nature of relationship of the related parties

Related Party Name	The Relationship with the Group
SECOM Co., Ltd.	Entity with joint control or significant
	influence over the Company
eSkylink Inc.	Associate
Goldsun Building Materials Co., Ltd.	Associate
Anfeng Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Associate
Wellpool Co., Ltd.	Associate
Raixin Quality Products Ltd.	Associate
Kuoyung Construction & Engineering Co., Ltd	Associate
Goldsun Nihon Cement Co., Ltd.	Associate
GALC Inc.	Associate
Goyu Building Materials Co., Ltd.	Associate
Taipei Port Terminal Company Limited	Associate
HQ Design Co., Ltd.	Other related party
Hobby Werks Co., Ltd.	Other related party
Cheng-Shin Investment Company	Other related party
Shin Lan Enterprise Inc.	Other related party
Azure International Holdings Taiwan Inc.	Other related party

Significant transactions with related parties

(1) Sales

	For the thr	ree-month	For the nine-month		
	periods ended	periods ended September 30,		September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Associates	\$255,536	\$225,734	\$749,142	\$710,219	
Other related parties	226	111	948	2,973	
Total	\$255,762	\$225,845	\$750,090	\$713,192	

The selling price to the above related parties was determined through mutual agreement based on the market rates. The collection period for domestic sales to related parties was month-end 15-190 days, while for third party domestic sales was month-end 15-190 days. The outstanding balance at every quarter end was unsecured, non-interest bearing and must be settled in cash. The receivables from the related parties were not guaranteed.

(2) Cost (including purchases and other operating costs)

	For the thr	ee-month	For the nine-month		
	periods ended September 30,		periods ended September 30		
	2023 2022		2023	2022	
Entity with joint control or significant influence over	\$12,467	\$12,060	\$36,329	\$37,279	
the Company					
Associates	23,574	24,510	66,383	72,104	
Other related parties	1,848	46	2,780	496	
Total	\$37,889	\$36,616	\$105,492	\$109,879	

The Company's purchases from related parties are conducted in accordance with prevailing market conditions. The payment terms are equivalent to those offered to other suppliers.

(3) Accounts receivables from related parties

As of				
September 30, December 31, Septem				
2023	2022	2022		
\$114,183	\$121,457	\$97,438		
129,149	136,573	152,187		
1,186	1,353	1,195		
244,518	259,383	250,820		
352	2,181	457		
244,870	261,564	251,277		
\$244,870	\$261,564	\$251,277		
	\$114,183 129,149 1,186 244,518 352 244,870	2023 2022 \$114,183 \$121,457 129,149 136,573 1,186 1,353 244,518 259,383 352 2,181 244,870 261,564 - -		

(4) Trade and other payables to related parties

	As of				
	September 30, December 31, September				
	2023	2022	2022		
Entity with joint control or significant					
influence over the Company	\$261	\$276	\$515		
Associates	23,359	22,652	26,114		
Other related parties	5,824	3,129	2,355		
Total	\$29,444	\$26,057	\$28,984		

(5) Lease expenditure

	For the thi	ree-month	For the nine-month		
	periods ended September 30,		periods ended	September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Associates	\$90	\$90	\$270	\$270	
Total	\$90	\$90	\$270	\$270	

The lease deposits to related parties amounted to NT\$2,024 thousand as of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022, respectively.

(6) Right-of-use asset

	As of			
	September 30,	September 30, December 31, Sep		
	2023	2022	2022	
Associates	\$9,558	\$13,800	\$15,215	
Other related parties	3,364	11,412	14,094	
Total	\$12,922	\$25,212	\$29,309	

(7) Other current liabilities

	As of		
	September 30, December 31, September		
	2023	2022	2022
Associates	\$-	\$6,137	\$-
Total	\$-	\$6,137	\$-

(8) Lease liabilities from related parties

	As of		
	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	September 30, 2022
Associates	\$9,807	\$14,120	\$15,532
Other related parties	3,409	11,475	14,159
Total	\$13,216	\$25,595	\$29,691

(9) Property transactions

	For the nine-month	
	periods ended September 30,	
	2023 2022	
Entity with joint control or significant influence over the		
Company	\$1,888	\$1,594
Other related parties	27,149	16,780
Total	\$29,037	\$18,374

(10) Joint technological development

The Company has signed a joint technological development contract with the entity with joint control or significant influence over the Company. The royalty fee was calculated in proportion of annual net sales deducted by related cost. The royalty fee was NT\$10,451 thousand and NT\$11,397 thousand for the three-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The royalty fee was NT\$32,596 thousand and NT\$34,094 thousand for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The royalty payable was NT\$32,596 thousand and NT\$34,094 thousand as of September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, which was recognized as other payables.

(11) Key management personnel compensation

	For the three-month		For the nine-month	
	periods ended September 30,		periods ended September 3	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Short-term employee benefits	\$25,653	\$27,361	\$128,566	\$123,251
Post-employment benefits	590	591	1,792	1,742
Total	\$26,243	\$27,952	\$130,358	\$124,993

Correing amount

8. Assets Pledged as Security

The following table lists assets of the Group pledged as security:

		As of		
	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	
Assets pledged for security	2023	2022	2022	Secured liabilities
Financial assets measured at	\$50,300	\$56,670	\$60,070	Contract security
amortized cost, current				deposit
Financial assets measured at	121,966	121,966	16,382	Contract security
amortized cost, non-current				deposit and oil
				passbook guarantee
Property, plant and equipment	434,395	435,220	435,192	Long-term loans and
- land and buildings			-	short-term loans
Total	\$606,661	\$613,856	\$511,644	

9. Commitments and Contingencies

The performance guarantee issued by bank as of September 30, 2023 for customs declaration and bids for Government projects are NT\$271,455 thousand.

10. Losses due to Major Disasters

None.

11. Significant Subsequent Events

In November 2023, the board of the subsidiary of the Group, LeeBao Security Co., Ltd., passed a resolution to acquire the land and buildings in Ba-De District of Taoyuan City from the related party, Goldsun Building Materials Co., Ltd. The total amount of the transaction was NT\$380,000 thousand.

12. Others

(1) Categories of financial instruments

Financial assets		As of	
	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
	2023	2022	2022
Financial assets designated at fair value			
through profit or loss	\$300,479	\$250,832	\$213,907
Financial assets at fair value through other			
comprehensive income	340,634	442,848	465,348
Financial assets measured at amortized			
cost:			
Cash and cash equivalents	3,191,435	3,709,579	2,858,776
Financial assets measured at amortized			
cost	327,342	389,858	316,121
Trade receivables	1,974,333	1,976,208	1,744,252
Refundable deposits	333,167	335,863	328,090
Subtotal	5,826,277	6,411,508	5,247,239
Total	\$6,467,390	\$7,105,188	\$5,926,494
Financial liabilities		As of	
Thancial habilities	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
	2023	2022	2022
Financial liabilities at amortized cost:			
Short-term loans	\$628,000	\$830,000	\$750,000
Short-term bills payable	120,000	30,000	130,000
Trade and other payables	3,334,275	3,522,842	2,401,609
Long-term loans (include expired within			
one year)	4,316,839	4,152,839	4,456,839
Lease liabilities	1,146,418	875,910	796,407
Guarantee deposits	650,688	631,423	657,386
Total	\$10,196,220	\$10,043,014	\$9,192,241

(2) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's principal financial risk management objective is to manage the market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk related to its operating activates. The Group identifies, measures and manages the aforementioned risks based on the Group's policy and risk appetite.

The Group has established appropriate policies, procedures and internal controls for financial risk management. Before entering into significant transactions, due approval process by the Board of Directors and Audit Committee must be carried out based on related protocols and internal control procedures. The Group complies with its financial risk management policies at all times.

(3) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of the changes in market prices. Market risk includes currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk (such as equity risk).

In practice, it is rarely the case that a single risk variable will change independently from other risk variables. In other words, there is usually interdependency between risk variables. However, the sensitivity analysis disclosed below does not take into account the interdependency between risk variables.

Foreign currency risk

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Group's operating activities (when revenue or expense are denominated in a different currency from the Group's functional currency) and the Group's net investments in foreign subsidiaries.

The Group has certain foreign currency receivables to be denominated in the same foreign currency with certain foreign currency payables, and the amounts are usually insignificant, therefore natural hedge is self-fulfilled. Furthermore, as net investments in foreign subsidiaries are for strategic purposes, they are not hedged by the Group.

The foreign currency sensitivity analysis of the possible change in foreign exchange rates on the Group's profit is performed on significant monetary items denominated in foreign currencies as of the end of the reporting period. The Group's foreign currency risk is mainly related to the volatility in the exchange rates for USD and RMB. The information of the sensitivity analyses is as follows:

- A. When NTD strengthens/weakens against USD by 10%, the profit for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 is decreased/increased by NT\$2,159 thousand and NT\$6,140 thousand, respectively.
- B. When NTD strengthens/weakens against RMB by 10%, the profit for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 is decreased/increased by NT\$12 thousand and NT\$12 thousand, respectively.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's loans and receivables at floating interest rates, bank borrowings with fixed interest rates and floating interest rates.

The Group manages its interest rate risk by maintaining a balanced portfolio of fixed and floating interest loans and debts, along with interest rate swaps. Hedge accounting does not apply to these swaps as they do not qualify for it.

The interest rate sensitivity analysis is performed on items assumed to be possessed for a fiscal year and exposed to interest rate risk as of the end of the reporting period, including borrowings with floating interest rates. The analysis indicates that when the interest rates increase/decrease by ten basis points, the Group's profit would decrease/increase by NT\$4,944 thousand and NT\$5,207 thousand for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Equity price risk

The fair value of the Group's listed and unlisted equity securities are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future values of the investment securities. The Group's listed and unlisted equity securities are classified under financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. The Group manages the equity price risk through diversification and placing limits on individual and total equity instruments. Reports on the equity portfolio are submitted to the Group's senior management on a regular basis. The Group's Board of Directors reviews and approves all equity investment decisions.

At the reporting date, a change of 10% in the price of the listed companies' stocks classified as equity instruments investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income could have an impact of NT\$18,982 thousand and NT\$32,020 thousand on the equity attributable to the Group for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Please refer to Note 12(9) for sensitivity analysis information of other equity instruments or derivatives that are linked to such equity instruments whose fair value measurement is categorized under Level 3.

(4) Credit risk management

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from operating activities (primarily for accounts receivables and notes receivables) and from its financing activities, including bank deposits and other financial instruments.

Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Group's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Credit limits are established for all customers based on their financial position, rating from credit rating agencies, historical experience, prevailing economic condition and the Group's internal rating criteria etc. Certain customer's credit risk will also be managed by taking credit enhancing procedures, such as requesting for prepayment or insurance.

As of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022, accounts receivables from top ten customers are minor compared to the total accounts receivable of the Group. The credit concentration risk of other accounts receivable is insignificant.

Credit risk from balances with banks, fixed income securities and other financial instruments is managed by the Group's treasury in accordance with the Group's policy. The Group only transacts with counterparties approved by the internal control procedures, which are banks and financial institutions, companies and government entities with good credit rating and with no significant default risk. Consequently, there is no significant credit risk for these counter parties.

Financial assets are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery (the issuer or the debtor is in financial difficulties or bankruptcy).

When the credit risk on debt instrument investment has increased, the Group will dispose that investment in order to minimize the credit losses. When assessing the expected credit losses, the evaluation of the forward-looking information (available without undue cost and effort) is mainly based on the macroeconomic and Industry information, and the credit loss ratio is further adjusted if there is significant impact from forward-looking information.

(5) Liquidity risk management

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of cash and cash equivalents, highly liquid equity investments, bank borrowings, convertible bonds and finance leases. The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities based on the contractual undiscounted payments and contractual maturity. The payment amount includes the contractual interest. The undiscounted payment relating to borrowings with floating interest rates is extrapolated based on the estimated interest rate yield curve as of the end of the reporting period.

	Less than 1				
	year	2 to 3 years	4 to 5 years	> 5 years	Total
As of September 30, 2023					
Borrowings	\$1,501,727	\$2,306,657	\$1,316,135	\$-	\$5,124,518
Short-term bills payable	120,000	-	-	-	120,000
Trade and other payables	3,334,275	-	-	-	3,334,275
Lease liabilities	366,923	455,951	278,408	91,423	1,192,705

	Less than 1				
	year	2 to 3 years	4 to 5 years	> 5 years	Total
As of December 31, 2022					
Borrowings	\$3,233,168	\$1,693,408	\$5,090	\$163,637	\$5,095,303
Short-term bills payable	30,000	-	-	-	30,000
Trade and other payables	3,522,842	-	-	-	3,522,842
Lease liabilities	322,240	333,618	148,398	105,399	909,655
	Less than 1				
	year	2 to 3 years	4 to 5 years	> 5 years	Total
As of September 30, 2022					
Borrowings	\$2,988,211	\$2,292,982	\$-	\$-	\$5,281,193
Short-term bills payable	130,000	-	-	-	130,000
Trade and other payables	2,401,609	-	-	-	2,401,609
Lease liabilities	310,435	309,066	96,604	109,818	825,923

Notes: Information about the maturities of lease liabilities is provided in the table below:

<u>-</u>	Maturities							
	Less than			10 to				
<u>-</u>	1 year	1 to 5 years	6 to 10 years	15 years	>15 years	Total		
Sep. 30, 2023	\$366,923	\$734,359	\$71,723	\$19,700	\$-	\$1,192,705		
Dec. 31, 2022	\$322,240	\$482,016	\$79,399	\$26,000	\$-	\$909,655		
Sep. 30, 2022	\$310,435	\$405,670	\$81,718	\$27,500	\$-	\$825,923		

(6) Reconciliation for liabilities arising from financing activities

Reconciliation of liabilities for nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023:

					Balance of
					liabilities arising
	Short-term	Long-term		Short-term bills	from financing
	loans	loans	Lease liabilities	payable	activities
2023.1.1	\$830,000	\$4,152,839	\$875,910	\$30,000	\$5,888,749
Cash flow	(202,000)	164,000	(282,685)	90,000	(230,685)
Non-cash					
changes			553,193		553,193
2023.9.30	\$628,000	\$4,316,839	\$1,146,418	\$120,000	\$6,211,257

Reconciliation of liabilities for nine-month periods ended September 30, 2022:

Balance of liabilities arising Short-term Long-term Short-term bills from financing loans loans Lease liabilities payable activities 2022.1.1 \$500,000 \$3,185,961 \$643,580 \$50,000 \$4,379,541 Cash flow 1,270,878 231,000 (259,654)30,000 1,272,224 Non-cash changes 412,481 412,481 19,000 50,000 69,000 Acquisition 2022.9.30 \$4,456,839 \$796,407 \$750,000 \$130,000 \$6,133,246

(7) Fair values of financial instruments

A. The methods and assumptions applied in determining the fair value of financial instruments:

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The following methods and assumptions were used by the Group to measure or disclose the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities:

- a. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade payables and other current liabilities approximate their fair value due to their short maturities.
- b. For financial assets and liabilities traded in an active market with standard terms and conditions, their fair value is determined based on market quotation price (including listed equity securities, beneficiary certificates, bonds and futures etc.) at the reporting date.
- c. Fair value of equity instruments without market quotations (including private placement of listed equity securities, unquoted public company and private company equity securities) are estimated using the market method valuation techniques based on parameters such as prices based on market transactions of equity instruments of identical or comparable entities and other relevant information (for example, inputs such as discount for lack of marketability, P/E ratio of similar entities and Price-Book ratio of similar entities).

- d. Fair value of debt instruments without market quotations, bank loans, bonds payable and other non-current liabilities are determined based on the counterparty prices or valuation method. The valuation method uses DCF method as a basis, and the assumptions such as the interest rate and discount rate are primarily based on relevant information of similar instrument (such as yield curves published by the Taipei Exchange, average prices for Fixed Rate Commercial Paper published by Reuters and credit risk, etc.)
- e. The fair value of derivatives which are not options and without market quotations, is determined based on the counterparty prices or discounted cash flow analysis using interest rate yield curve for the contract period. Fair value of option-based derivative financial instruments is obtained using the counterparty prices or appropriate option pricing model (for example, Black-Scholes model) or other valuation method (for example, Monte Carlo Simulation).

B. Fair value of financial instruments measured at amortized cost

The carrying amount of the Group's financial assets and liabilities measured at amortized cost approximate their fair value.

C. Fair value measurement hierarchy for financial instruments

Please refer to Note 12(9) for fair value measurement hierarchy for financial instruments of the Group.

(8) Derivative financial instruments

Embedded derivatives

The Group entered a Simple Agreement for Future Equity in 2022. Please refer to Note 6(2).

(9) Fair value measurement hierarchy

A. Fair value measurement hierarchy

All asset and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole. Level 1, 2 and 3 inputs are described as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization at the end of each reporting period.

B. Fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's assets and liabilities

The Group does not have assets that are measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis. Fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis is as follows:

As of September 30, 2023				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets:				
Financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss				
Funds	\$1,082	\$-	\$-	\$1,082
Convertible bond	-	-	42,138	42,138
Convertible preferred shares	-	-	28,379	28,379
Simple Agreement for Future Equity	-	-	21,298	21,298
Film and television investment agreement	-	-	207,582	207,582
Financial assets at fair value through				
other comprehensive income				
Equity instrument measured at fair				
value through other comprehensive				
income	189,817	-	150,817	340,634
As of December 31, 2022				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets:	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets: Financial assets at fair value through	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets: Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Financial assets: Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Funds	Level 1 \$1,036	Level 2	Level 3	Total \$1,036
Financial assets: Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Funds Convertible bond				\$1,036 42,138
Financial assets: Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Funds			\$-	\$1,036
Financial assets: Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Funds Convertible bond			\$- 42,138	\$1,036 42,138
Financial assets: Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Funds Convertible bond Convertible preferred shares			\$- 42,138 28,379	\$1,036 42,138 28,379
Financial assets: Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Funds Convertible bond Convertible preferred shares Simple Agreement for Future Equity			\$- 42,138 28,379 21,298	\$1,036 42,138 28,379 21,298
Financial assets: Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Funds Convertible bond Convertible preferred shares Simple Agreement for Future Equity Film and television investment agreement			\$- 42,138 28,379 21,298	\$1,036 42,138 28,379 21,298
Financial assets: Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Funds Convertible bond Convertible preferred shares Simple Agreement for Future Equity Film and television investment agreement Financial assets at fair value through			\$- 42,138 28,379 21,298	\$1,036 42,138 28,379 21,298
Financial assets: Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Funds Convertible bond Convertible preferred shares Simple Agreement for Future Equity Film and television investment agreement Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income			\$- 42,138 28,379 21,298	\$1,036 42,138 28,379 21,298

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	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets:				
Financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss				
Funds	\$1,078	\$-	\$-	\$1,078
Convertible bond	-	-	42,138	42,138
Convertible preferred shares	-	-	28,379	28,379
Simple Agreement for Future Equity	-	-	21,298	21,298
Film and television investment				
agreement	-	-	121,014	121,014
Financial assets at fair value through				
other comprehensive income				
Equity instrument measured at fair				
value through other comprehensive				
income	320,200	-	145,148	465,348

Transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the period

For nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements.

Reconciliation for fair value measurements in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy for movements during the period is as follows:

			Assets		
	Measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	fair	value through profit or	· loss	
		Convertible	Convertible	Film investment	Simple Agreement
	Stock	bond	preferred shares	agreement	for Future Equity
Beginning balances as of January 1, 2023 Total losses recognized for nine-month period ended September 30, 2023: Amount recognized in profit or loss (present in other	\$122,809	\$42,138	\$28,379	\$157,981	\$21,298
gains and losses) Amount recognized in OCI (present in unrealized gains or losses from equity instruments investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive	21 240	-	-	-	-
income) Acquisition/issue for nine-month period ended September 30,	21,248	-	-	-	-
2023 Disposition/acquittance for nine-month period ended	15,000	-	-	67,908	-
September 30, 2023	(8,240)	_	_	(18,307)	_
Ending balances as of September 30, 2023	\$150,817	\$42,138	\$28,379	\$207,582	\$21,298
			Assets		
	Measured at fair value through other comprehensive				
	income	Convertible	value through profit or Convertible	Film investment	Simple Agreement
	Stock	bond	preferred shares	agreement	for Future Equity
Beginning balances as of January 1, 2022 Total losses recognized for nine-month period ended	\$160,186	\$42,138	\$-	\$60,052	\$-
September 30, 2022: Amount recognized in profit or loss (present in other gains and losses)	_	_		_	_
Amount recognized in OCI (present in unrealized gains or losses from equity instruments investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive					
income) Acquisition/issue for nine-month period ended September 30,	28,996	-	-	-	-
2022 Disposition/acquittance for nine-month period ended	-	-	28,379	60,962	21,298
September 30, 2022	(44,034)	-	-	-	-
Ending balances as of September 30, 2022	\$145,148	\$42,138	\$28,379	\$121,014	\$21,298

Information on significant unobservable inputs to valuation

Description of significant unobservable inputs to valuation of recurring fair value measurements categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy is as follows:

As of September 30, 2023

ris or septem		Significant			
	Valuation	unobservable	Quantitative	Relationship between	Sensitivity of the input
<u>-</u>	techniques	inputs	information	inputs and fair value	to fair value
Financial assets:					
Measured at fair value through					
other comprehensive income					
Stocks	Market	discount for lack	30%	The higher the discount	10% increase (decrease) in the
	approach	of marketability		for lack of	discount for lack of
				marketability, the	marketability would result in
				lower the fair value of	(decrease) increase in the
				the stocks	Group's equity by NT\$17,480 thousand
Measured at fair value through					uiousand
profit or loss					
Convertible bond	Market	discount for lack	26~32%	The higher the discount	10% increase (decrease) in the
	approach	of marketability		for lack of	discount for lack of
				marketability, the lower the fair value of	marketability would result in (decrease) increase in the
				the stocks	Group's profit or loss by
				the stocks	NT\$4,214 thousand
					. ,
Convertible preferred shares	Market	discount for lack	26~32%	The higher the discount	10% increase (decrease) in the
	approach	of marketability		for lack of	discount for lack of
				marketability, the	marketability would result in
				lower the fair value of	(decrease) increase in the
				the stocks	Group's profit or loss by
					NT\$2,838 thousand
Simple Agreement for Future	Market	discount for lack	30%	The higher the discount	10% increase (decrease) in the
Equity	approach	of marketability		for lack of	discount for lack of
				marketability, the	marketability would result in
				lower the fair value of	(decrease) increase in the
				the stocks	Group's profit or loss by
					NT\$2,130 thousand
Film and television investment	Market	discount for lack	30%	The higher the discount	10% increase (decrease) in the
agreement	approach	of marketability		for lack of	discount for lack of
				marketability, the	marketability would result in
				lower the fair value of	(decrease) increase in the
				the stocks	Group's profit or loss by
					NT\$20,758 thousand

As of December 31, 2022

		Significant			
	Valuation	unobservable	Quantitative	Relationship between	Sensitivity of the input
<u>-</u>	techniques	inputs	information	inputs and fair value	to fair value
Financial assets:					
Measured at fair value through					
other comprehensive income					
Stocks	Market	discount for lack	30%	The higher the discount	10% increase (decrease) in the
	approach	of marketability		for lack of	discount for lack of
				marketability, the lower	marketability would result in
				the fair value of the	(decrease) increase in the
				stocks	Group's equity by NT\$14,813
					thousand
Measured at fair value through					
profit or loss					
Convertible bond	Market	discount for lack	26%~32%	The higher the discount	10% increase (decrease) in the
	approach	of marketability		for lack of	discount for lack of
				marketability, the lower the fair value of the	marketability would result in
				stocks	(decrease) increase in the Group's profit or loss by
				SIOCKS	NT\$4,214 thousand
					1(1\$\psi,21\text{ inousand}
Convertible preferred shares	Market	discount for lack	26%~32%	The higher the discount	10% increase (decrease) in the
	approach	of marketability		for lack of	discount for lack of
				marketability, the lower	marketability would result in
				the fair value of the	(decrease) increase in the
				stocks	Group's profit or loss by
					NT\$2,838 thousand
Simple Agreement for Future	Market	discount for lack	30%	The higher the discount	10% increase (decrease) in the
Equity	approach	of marketability		for lack of	discount for lack of
				marketability, the lower	marketability would result in
				the fair value of the	(decrease) increase in the
				stocks	Group's profit or loss by
					NT\$2,130 thousand
Film and television investment	Modera	diagonat for 1 - 1	200/	The higher the discourse	100/ in annoga (do) in th
agreement	Market approach	discount for lack of marketability	30%	The higher the discount for lack of	10% increase (decrease) in the discount for lack of
agreement	арргоасп	or marketaumity		marketability, the lower	marketability would result in
				the fair value of the	(decrease) increase in the
				stocks	Group's profit or loss by
					NT\$15,798 thousand

As of September 30, 2022

Financial assets: Measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Stocks	Valuation techniques Market approach	Significant unobservable inputs discount for lack of marketability	Quantitative information 30%	Relationship between inputs and fair value The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value of	Sensitivity of the input to fair value 10% increase (decrease) in the discount for lack of marketability would result in increase (decrease) in the
				the stocks	Group's equity by NT\$17,755 thousand
Measured at fair value through					
profit or loss Convertible bond	Market approach	discount for lack of marketability	26%~32%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value of the stocks	10% increase (decrease) in the discount for lack of marketability would result in (decrease) increase in the Group's profit or loss by NT\$4,214 thousand
Convertible preferred shares	Market approach	discount for lack of marketability	26%~32%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value of the stocks	10% increase (decrease) in the discount for lack of marketability would result in (decrease) increase in the Group's profit or loss by NT\$2,838 thousand
Simple Agreement for Future Equity	Market approach	discount for lack of marketability	30%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value of the stocks	10% increase (decrease) in the discount for lack of marketability would result in (decrease) increase in the Group's profit or loss by NT\$2,130 thousand
Film and television investment agreement	Market approach	discount for lack of marketability	30%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value of the stocks	10% increase (decrease) in the discount for lack of marketability would result in increase (decrease) in the Group's profit or loss by NT\$12,101 thousand

<u>Valuation process used for fair value measurements categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy</u>

The Group's Finance Department is responsible for validating the fair value measurements and ensuring that the results of the valuation are in line with market conditions, based on independent and reliable inputs which are consistent with other information, and represent exercisable prices. The Department analyzed the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be re-measured or re-assessed as the Group's accounting policies at each reporting date.

C. Fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's assets and liabilities not measured at fair value but for which the fair value is disclosed

As of September 30, 2023				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets not measured at fair value but for which the fair value is disclosed:				
Investment properties (please refer to Note 6)	\$-	\$-	\$74,189	\$74,189
Investments accounted for using the equity				
method (please refer to Note 6)	4,466,442	-	-	4,466,442
As of December 31, 2022				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets not measured at fair value				
but for which the fair value is disclosed:				
Investment properties (please refer to Note 6)	\$-	\$-	\$74,189	\$74,189
Investments accounted for using the equity				
method (please refer to Note 6)	4,488,215	-	-	4,488,215
As of September 30, 2022				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets not measured at fair value but				
for which the fair value is disclosed:				
Investment properties (please refer to Note 6)	\$-	\$-	\$100,253	\$100,253
Investments accounted for using the equity				
method (please refer to Note 6)	4,400,426	-	-	4,400,426

(10) Significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies

Information regarding the significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies is listed below:

	September 30, 2023					
	Foreign	Foreign				
	currencies	exchange rate	NTD (thousand)			
Financial assets						
Monetary items:						
USD	\$834,719	32.2700	\$26,936			
EURO	518	33.9098	18			
RMB	26,818	4.4150	118			
JPY	6,780,763	0.2162	1,466			
Financial liabilities						
Monetary items:						
USD	165,734	32.2700	5,348			
		December 31, 202	22			
	Foreign	Foreign				
	currencies	exchange rate	NTD (thousand)			
Financial assets						
Monetary items:						
USD	\$1,822,356	30.7100	\$55,965			
EURO	517	32.7206	17			
RMB	26,800	4.4080	118			
JPY	6,780,729	0.2324	1,576			
Financial liabilities						
Monetary items:						
USD	348,575	30.710	10,705			
		September 30, 202	22			
	Foreign	Foreign				
	currencies	exchange rate	NTD (thousand)			
Financial assets						
Monetary items:						
USD	\$2,058,132	31.7500	\$65,346			
EURO	517	31.2602	16			
RMB	26,795	4.4730	120			
Financial liabilities						
Monetary items:						
USD	124,266	31.7500	3,945			

The consolidated entities' functional currencies are various, so it is not able to disclose the information of exchange gains and losses of monetary financial assets and liabilities by each significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies.

The foreign exchange gains were NT\$654 thousand, NT\$5,968 thousand, NT\$1,851 thousand and NT\$5,886 thousand for the three-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, and the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The above information is disclosed based on book value of foreign currency (after conversion to functional currency).

(11) Capital management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximize shareholder value. The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

(12) The information of parent company shares held by subsidiaries is as follows

	As of September 30, 2023							
Name of subsidiaries	Shares	Amount	Purpose of holding					
Speed Investment Co., Ltd.	2,397,198	\$255,302	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income					
KuoHsing Security Co., Ltd.	3,625,284	386,092	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income					
Gowin Building Management and Maintenance Co., Ltd.	982,564	104,643	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income					
Goyun Security Co., Ltd.	252,820	26,925	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income					
Chung Hsing E-Guard Co., Ltd.	552,655	58,858	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income					
Lee Way Electronics Co., Ltd.	163,284	17,390	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income					
Golden Harvest Food	56,000	5,964	Financial assets at fair value through					
Enterprise Ltd.			other comprehensive income					
Total	8,029,805	\$855,174	=					

As of December 31, 2022

Name of subsidiaries	Shares	Amount	Purpose of holding
Speed Investment Co., Ltd.	3,447,198	\$344,721	Financial assets at fair value through
			other comprehensive income
KuoHsing Security Co., Ltd.	3,625,284	362,528	Financial assets at fair value through
			other comprehensive income
Gowin Building Management	982,564	98,256	Financial assets at fair value through
and Maintenance Co., Ltd.			other comprehensive income
Goyun Security Co., Ltd.	252,820	25,282	Financial assets at fair value through
			other comprehensive income
Chung Hsing E-Guard Co., Ltd.	552,655	55,266	Financial assets at fair value through
			other comprehensive income
Lee Way Electronics Co., Ltd.	163,284	16,328	Financial assets at fair value through
			other comprehensive income
Golden Harvest Food	56,000	5,600	Financial assets at fair value through
Enterprise Ltd.			other comprehensive income
Total	9,079,805	\$907,981	

As of September 30, 2022

Name of subsidiaries	Shares	Amount	Purpose of holding
Speed Investment Co., Ltd.	3,447,198	\$348,167	Financial assets at fair value through
			other comprehensive income
Kuo Hsing Security Co., Ltd.	3,625,284	366,154	Financial assets at fair value through
			other comprehensive income
Gowin Building Management	1,852,564	187,109	Financial assets at fair value through
and Maintenance Co., Ltd.			other comprehensive income
Goyun Security Co., Ltd.	252,820	25,535	Financial assets at fair value through
			other comprehensive income
Chung Hsing E-Guard Co., Ltd.	552,655	55,817	Financial assets at fair value through
			other comprehensive income
Lee Way Electronics Co., Ltd.	163,284	16,492	Financial assets at fair value through
			other comprehensive income
Golden Harvest Food	56,000	5,656	Financial assets at fair value through
Enterprise Ltd.			other comprehensive income
Total	9,949,805	\$1,004,930	:

⁽¹³⁾ Certain 2022 comparative accounts have been reclassified to conform to the current's presentation.

13. Additional Disclosures

- (1) The following are additional disclosures for the Company and its affiliates as required by the R.O.C. Securities and Futures Bureau:
 - A. Significant intercompany transactions between consolidated entities: Please refer to Attachment 1.
 - B. Financing provided to others: Please refer to Attachment 2.
 - C. Endorsement/Guarantee provided to others: Please refer to Attachment 3.
 - D. Securities held: Please refer to Attachment 4.
 - E. Individual securities acquired or disposed of with accumulated amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20 percent of the capital stock: None.
 - F. Acquisition of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20 percent of the capital stock: None.
 - G. Disposal of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20 percent of the capital stock: None.
 - H. Related party transactions for purchases and sales amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20 percent of the capital stock: Please refer to Attachment 5.
 - Receivables from related parties with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20 percent of capital stock: Please refer to Attachment 6.
 - J. Financial instruments and derivative transactions: Please refer to Note 6(2)

(2) Information on investees:

- A. Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to Attachment 7.
- B. Additional disclosures from above A.~I. of investee companies: Please refer to Attachment 2, 3 and 4.

(3) Information on investment in Mainland China:

- A. Investee company name, main businesses and products, total amount of capital, method of investment, accumulated inflow and outflow of investments from Taiwan, net income (loss) of investee company, percentage of ownership, investment income (loss), carrying amount of investments, cumulated inward remittance of earnings and limits on investment in Mainland China: Please refer to Attachment 8.
- B. Directly or indirectly significant transactions through third regions with the investees in Mainland China, including price, payment terms, unrealized gain or loss, and other events with significant effects on the operating results and financial condition: None.
- (4) Major shareholder information: Please refer to Attachment 9

14. Segment information

For management purposes, the Group is organized into business units based on their products and services and has five reportable operating segments as follows:

- (1) Electronic systems: segment engages in security system related service.
- (2) Security services: segment engages in security guarding related service.
- (3) Cash delivery services: segment engages in cash delivery service.
- (4) Logistics services: segment engages in logistic service.
- (5) Catering services: segment engages in catering services.

No operating segments have been aggregated to form the above reportable operating segments.

Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss and is measured based on accounting policies consistent with those in the consolidated financial statements. However, income taxes are managed on a group basis and are not allocated to operating segments.

Transfer prices between operating segment are on an arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with third parties.

(1) Information on profit or loss, assets and liabilities of the reportable segment:

For the three-month period ended September 30, 2023

		Cash						
Electronic	Security	delivery	Logistics	Catering		Other	Adjustment	
systems	services	services	services	services		operating	and	
segment	segment	segment	segment	segment	Subtotal	segments	elimination	Consolidated
\$1,790,359	\$588,842	\$303,416	\$257,156	\$435,649	\$3,375,422	\$911,858	\$-	\$4,287,280
66,437	68,844	105,699	4,944	10,266	256,190	268,841	(525,031)	
\$1,856,796	\$657,686	\$409,115	\$262,100	\$445,915	\$3,631,612	\$1,180,699	\$(525,031)	\$4,287,280
\$664,508	\$115,896	\$158,384	\$141	\$19,333	\$958,262	\$264,198	\$(413,798)	\$808,662
	systems segment \$1,790,359 66,437 \$1,856,796	systems services segment segment \$1,790,359 \$588,842 66,437 68,844 \$1,856,796 \$657,686	Electronic Security delivery systems services services segment segment segment \$1,790,359 \$588,842 \$303,416 66,437 68,844 105,699 \$1,856,796 \$657,686 \$409,115	Electronic Security delivery Logistics systems services services services segment segment segment segment \$1,790,359 \$588,842 \$303,416 \$257,156 66,437 68,844 105,699 4,944 \$1,856,796 \$657,686 \$409,115 \$262,100	Electronic Security delivery Logistics Catering systems services services services segment segment segment segment \$1,790,359 \$588,842 \$303,416 \$257,156 \$435,649 66,437 68,844 105,699 4,944 10,266 \$1,856,796 \$657,686 \$409,115 \$262,100 \$445,915	Electronic Security delivery Logistics Catering systems services services services segment segment segment segment \$1,790,359 \$588,842 \$303,416 \$257,156 \$435,649 \$3,375,422 66,437 68,844 105,699 4,944 10,266 256,190 \$1,856,796 \$657,686 \$409,115 \$262,100 \$445,915 \$3,631,612	Electronic Security delivery Logistics Catering Other systems services services services operating segment segment segment segment Subtotal segments \$1,790,359 \$588,842 \$303,416 \$257,156 \$435,649 \$3,375,422 \$911,858 66,437 68,844 105,699 4,944 10,266 256,190 268,841 \$1,856,796 \$657,686 \$409,115 \$262,100 \$445,915 \$3,631,612 \$1,180,699	Electronic Security delivery Logistics Catering Other Adjustment systems services services services operating and segment segment segment Subtotal segments elimination \$1,790,359 \$588,842 \$303,416 \$257,156 \$435,649 \$3,375,422 \$911,858 \$- 66,437 68,844 105,699 4,944 10,266 256,190 268,841 (525,031) \$1,856,796 \$657,686 \$409,115 \$262,100 \$445,915 \$3,631,612 \$1,180,699 \$(525,031)

For the three-month period ended September 30, 2022

			Cash						
	Electronic	Security	delivery	Logistics	Catering		Other	Adjustment	
	systems	services	services	services	services		operating	and	
	segment	segment	segment	segment	segment	Subtotal	segments	elimination	Consolidated
Revenue									
External customer	\$1,706,658	\$575,738	\$284,805	\$242,562	\$332,494	\$3,142,257	\$662,812	\$-	\$3,805,069
Inter-segment	\$33,482	\$69,567	\$102,308	\$5,344	6,212	216,913	291,915	\$(508,828)	\$-
Total revenue	\$1,740,140	\$645,305	\$387,113	\$247,906	\$338,706	\$3,359,170	\$954,727	\$(508,828)	\$3,805,069
Segment profit	\$641,307	\$140,643	\$149,278	\$14,973	\$79,282	\$1,025,483	\$186,640	\$(427,522)	\$784,601

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2023

			Cash						
	Electronic	Security	delivery	Logistics	Catering		Other	Adjustment	
	systems	services	services	services	services		operating	and	
	segment	segment	segment	segment	segment	Subtotal	segments	elimination	Consolidated
Revenue									
External customer	\$5,286,211	\$1,761,884	\$932,425	\$740,328	\$1,204,838	\$9,925,686	\$2,699,146	\$-	\$12,624,832
Inter-segment	138,125	211,977	315,624	14,347	32,786	712,859	795,381	(1,508,240)	\$
Total revenue	\$5,424,336	\$1,973,861	\$1,248,049	\$754,675	\$1,237,624	\$10,638,545	\$3,494,527	\$(1,508,240)	\$12,624,832
Segment profit	\$1,929,456	\$363,339	\$503,831	\$32,040	\$48,446	\$2,877,112	\$742,808	\$(1,257,028)	\$2,362,892

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2022

			Cash						
	Electronic	Security	delivery	Logistics	Catering		Other	Adjustment	
	systems	services	services	services	services		operating	and	
	segment	segment	segment	segment	segment	Subtotal	segments	elimination	Consolidated
Revenue									
External customer	\$5,070,160	\$1,762,693	\$925,142	\$724,992	\$925,733	\$9,408,720	\$1,927,889	\$-	\$11,336,609
Inter-segment	131,437	209,272	306,037	15,640	49,420	711,806	822,017	(1,533,823)	
Total revenue	\$5,201,597	\$1,971,965	\$1,231,179	\$740,632	\$975,153	\$10,120,526	\$2,749,906	\$(1,533,823)	\$11,336,609
Segment profit	\$1,922,555	\$418,123	\$500,419	\$42,985	\$40,078	\$2,924,160	\$434,047	\$(1,051,156)	\$2,307,051

Inter-segment revenue is eliminated on consolidation and recorded under the "adjustment and elimination" column. All other adjustments and eliminations are disclosed below.

Information on assets and liabilities of segment as of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022:

Segment assets

	Electronic	Security	Cash delivery	Logistics	Catering		Other	Adjustment	
	systems	services	services	services	services		operating	and	
	segment	segment	segment	segment	segment	Subtotal	segments	elimination	Consolidated
2023.9.30 segment assets	\$20,766,098	\$2,055,513	\$2,913,549	\$1,630,020	\$1,759,858	\$29,125,038	\$11,541,937	\$(14,823,701)	\$25,843,274
2022.12.31 segment assets	\$21,380,584	\$2,161,961	\$3,029,293	\$1,264,403	\$1,657,410	\$29,493,651	\$10,811,519	\$(14,401,779)	\$25,903,391
2022.9.30 segment assets	\$20,417,072	\$2,086,684	\$2,733,320	\$1,121,144	\$1,430,549	\$27,788,769	\$10,329,598	\$(13,831,113)	\$24,287,254

Segment liabilities

	Electronic	Security	Cash delivery	Logistics	Catering		Other	Adjustment	
	systems	services	services	services	services		operating	and	
	segment	segment	segment	segment	segment	Subtotal	segments	elimination	Consolidated
2023.9.30 segment liabilities	\$8,880,944	\$261,282	\$1,199,366	\$920,813	\$794,540	\$12,056,945	\$2,324,607	\$(886,271)	\$13,495,281
2022.12.31 segment liabilities	\$9,338,859	\$294,582	\$1,258,243	\$533,174	\$732,147	\$12,157,005	\$1,779,448	\$(562,489)	\$13,373,964
2022.9.30 segment liabilities	\$9,094,898	\$309,347	\$1,051,572	\$408,079	\$500,781	\$11,364,677	\$1,675,861	\$(553,594)	\$12,486,944

(2) Information on reconciliations of profit or loss of reportable segments:

	For the th	ree-month	For the nine-month		
	periods ended	September 30,	periods ended September 30,		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Total profit or loss for reportable segments	\$958,262	\$1,025,483	\$2,877,112	\$2,924,160	
Other profit	264,198	186,640	742,808	434,047	
Elimination of inter-segment profit	(413,798)	(427,522)	(1,257,028)	(1,051,156)	
Profit before tax from continuing operations	\$808,662	\$784,601	\$2,362,892	\$2,307,051	

Attachment 1 Significant intercompany transactions between consolidated entities

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

					Intercompany '	Transactions	
Number	Company Name	Counter Party	Relationship	Financial Statements			Percentage of
(Note 1)			(Note 2)	Item	Amount	Terms	Consolidated Net Revenue
				Ttem.			or Total Assets (Note 3)
	For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2023						
0		LeeBao Security Co., Ltd.	1	Revenues	\$(26,854)	Note 4	-0.21%
0	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	LeeBao Security Co., Ltd.	1	Costs	196,509	Note 4	1.55%
0	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	LeeBao Security Co., Ltd.	1	Accounts payable	21,984	-	0.09%
0	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	Titan Star International Co., Ltd.	1	Revenues	7,677	Note 4	0.06%
0	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	Titan Star International Co., Ltd.	1	Costs	82,663	Note 4	0.65%
0	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	Titan Star International Co., Ltd.	1	Accounts payable	45,462	-	0.18%
0	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	Titan Star International Co., Ltd.	1	Notes payable	90,457	-	0.00%
0	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	Titan Star International Co., Ltd.	1	Refundable Deposits	30,000	-	0.00%
0	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	Aion Technologies Inc.	1	Costs	75,475	Note 4	0.29%
0	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	Aion Technologies Inc.	1	Accounts payable	8,357	-	0.07%
0	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	Aion Technologies Inc.	1	Notes payable	27,251	-	0.22%
0	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	KuoHsing Security Co., Ltd.	1	Revenues	14,141	Note 4	0.11%
0	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	Ching-Dian Tech Co., Ltd.	1	Revenues	29,985	Note 4	0.12%
0	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	Lee Way Electronics Co., Ltd.	1	Revenues	39,526	Note 4	0.15%
0	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	Lee Way Electronics Co., Ltd.	1	Accounts receivable	13,062	-	0.10%
0	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	Brightron Technology and Engineering Corporation	1	Revenues	35,590	Note 4	0.28%
0	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	Brightron Technology and Engineering Corporation	1	Costs	15,737	Note 4	0.12%
0	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	Brightron Technology and Engineering Corporation	1	Accounts receivable	51,315	-	0.00%
0	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	Gowin Building Management Services Co., Ltd.	1	Revenues	12,538	Note 4	0.10%
0	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	Goyun Security Co., Ltd.	1	Revenues	7,909	Note 4	0.06%
1	Titan Star International Co., Ltd.	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	2	Revenues	391,458	Note 4	3.09%
2	Aion Technologies Inc.	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	2	Revenues	161,872	Note 4	1.28%
3	Goyun Security Co., Ltd.	KuoHsing Security Co., Ltd.	3	Revenues	55,740	Note 4	0.44%
4	Gowin Building Management Services Co., Ltd.	Gowin Security Co., Ltd.	3	Costs	92,218	Note 4	0.73%
5	LeeBao Security Co., Ltd.	LeeBao Technology Co., Ltd.	3	Revenues	64,070	Note 4	0.51%
	Lee Way Electronics Co., Ltd.	Lee Yuan Biomedical Co., Ltd.	3	Revenues	36,906	Note 4	0.29%
	Chung Hsing E-Guard Co., Ltd.	Lee Way Electronics Co., Ltd.	3	Revenues	36,902	Note 4	0.29%
		Goyun Security Co., Ltd.	3	Revenues	21,122	Note 4	0.17%

- Note 1: The Company and its subsidiaries are coded as follows:
 - (1) The Company is coded "0".
 - (2) Subsidiaries are coded consecutively starting from "1" in the order presented in the table above.
- Note 2: Transactions are categorized as follows:
 - (1) Parent company to subsidiary
 - (2) Subsidiary to parent company
 - (3) Subsidiary to subsidiary
- Note 3: When calculating the percentage of transaction amount to the consolidated revenues or the consolidated assets: Items of the balance sheets are calculated as its ending balance to total consolidated assets; items of income statement are calculated by its cumulative balance to the total consolidated income.
- Note 4: The trading conditions of revenues and costs are in accordance with the general market conditions, and the terms of payment are equivalent to non-related parties.
- Note 5: The disclosure criteria for significant transactions in this table are as follows: (1) Transactions between the parent company and its subsidiaries with amounts exceeding NT\$7,000 thousand. (2) Other transactions with amounts exceeding NT\$15,000 thousand.

Attachment 2
Financing provided to others for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2023

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

No.	Lender	Counter-party	Financial statement account	Related Party	Maximum balance for the period	Ending balance	Actual amount provided	Interest rate	Nature of financing	Amount of sales to (purchases from) counter-party	Reason for financing	Loss allowance	Coll	ateral Value	Limit of financing amount for individual counter-party	Limit of total financing amount
0	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	LeeBao Security Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	\$174,000	\$174,000	\$-	Refer to the	(Note 6(2))	\$-	Business turnover	\$-	-	\$-	\$2,377,031	\$4,754,062
			- related parties					market interest rate							(Note 3(2))	(Note 4)
0	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	Titan Star International Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	197,000	197,000	-	Refer to the	(Note 6(2))	-	Business turnover	-	-	-	2,377,031	4,754,062
			- related parties					market interest rate							(Note 3(2))	(Note 4)
0	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	Gowin Building Management and	Other receivables	Yes	91,000	91,000	91,000	Refer to the	(Note 6(2))	-	Business turnover	-	-	-	2,377,031	4,754,062
		Maintenance Co., Ltd.	- related parties					market interest rate							(Note 3(2))	(Note 4)
0	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	KuoHsing Security Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	111,000	111,000	_	Refer to the	(Note 6(2))	-	Business turnover	-	-	-	2,377,031	4,754,062
			- related parties					market interest rate							(Note 3(2))	(Note 4)
0	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	Brightron Technology and	Other receivables	Yes	35,000	32,000	32,000	Refer to the	(Note 6(2))	-	Business turnover	-	-	-	2,377,031	4,754,062
		Engineering Corporation	- related parties					market interest rate							(Note 3(2))	(Note 4)
0	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	TransAsia Catering Services Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	79,000	77,000	-	Refer to the	(Note 6(2))	-	Business turnover	-	-	-	2,377,031	4,754,062
			- related parties					market interest rate							(Note 3(2))	(Note 4)
0	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	Goyun Security Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	61,000	61,000	_	Refer to the	(Note 6(2))	-	Business turnover	-	-	-	2,377,031	4,754,062
			- related parties					market interest rate							(Note 3(2))	(Note 4)
1	Speed Investment Co., Ltd.	Lots Home Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	60,000	60,000	33,000	Refer to the market	(Note 6(2))	-	Business turnover	-	-	-	764,015	1,528,031
			- related parties					interest rate							(Note 1(2))	(Note 2)
1	Speed Investment Co., Ltd.	SIGMU D.P.T. Company Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	50,000	50,000	30,000	Refer to the market	(Note 6(2))	-	Business turnover	-	-	-	764,015	1,528,031
			- related parties					interest rate							(Note 1(2))	(Note 2)
1	Speed Investment Co., Ltd.	Livingplus Food and Beverage Co.	Other receivables	Yes	20,000	20,000	_	Refer to the market	(Note 6(2))	-	Business turnover	-	-	-	764,015	1,528,031
		Ltd.	- related parties					interest rate							(Note 1(2))	(Note 2)
1	Speed Investment Co., Ltd.	Baohwa Trust Co., Ltd	Other receivables	Yes	10,000	10,000	-	Refer to the market	(Note 6(2))	-	Business turnover	-	-	-	764,015	1,528,031
			- related parties					interest rate							(Note 1(2))	(Note 2)
2	LeeBao Security Co., Ltd.	LeeBao Technology Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	30,000	30,000	_	Refer to the market	(Note 6(2))	_	Business turnover	-	_	-	354,150	708,301
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	8,,	- related parties		2.,	,0		interest rate	((Note 7(2))	(Note 8)
				1					L	1			L	L		

- Note 1: According to Fund loan and operating procedures of Speed Investment Co., Ltd., limit of financing amount for individual counter-party is as follow:
 - (1) If the financing is related to business transactions, financing to Speed Investment Co., Ltd. shall not exceed 20% of the net assets values from the latest financial statements.
 - (2) Associated with short-term capital needs, financing to Speed Investment Co., Ltd. shall not exceed 20% of the net assets values from the latest financial statements.
- Note 2: Total financing amount of Speed Investment Co., Ltd. shall not exceed 40% of the audited/reviewed net assets value of the most current period.
- $Note \ 3: According \ to \ Fund \ loan \ and \ operating \ procedures \ of \ Taiwan \ Secom \ Co., Ltd., \ limit \ of \ financing \ amount \ for \ individual \ counter-party \ is \ as \ follow:$
 - (1) If the financing is related to business transactions, financing to Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd. shall not exceed 20% of the net assets values from the latest financial statements.
 - (2) Associated with short-term capital needs, financing to Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd. shall not exceed 20% of the net assets values from the latest financial statements.
- $Note\ 4: Total\ financing\ amount\ of\ Taiwan\ Secom\ Co., Ltd.\ shall\ not\ exceed\ 40\%\ of\ the\ audited/reviewed\ net\ assets\ value\ of\ the\ most\ current\ period.$
- Note 5: According to the Interpretation Letter Ji-Mi (93) No. 167, the accounts receivable of the related parties that exceed the normal credit period are transferred to other receivables and are regarded as financing.
- Note 6: (1) Total amount of the financing is disclosed herein if the financing is related to business transactions.
 - (2) The reasons and counterparties of the financing are addressed herein as the financing was associated with short-term capital needs.
- Note 7: According to Fund loan and operating procedures of LeeBao Security Co., Ltd. limit of financing amount for individual counter-party is as follow:
 - $(1) \ \ If the financing is related to business transactions, financing to LeeBao Security Co., Ltd. shall not exceed 20% of the net assets values from the latest financial statements.$
 - (2) Associated with short-term capital needs, financing to LeeBao Security Co., Ltd. shall not exceed 20% of the net assets values from the latest financial statements.
- Note 8: Total financing amount of LeeBao Security Co., Ltd. shall not exceed 40% of the audited/reviewed net assets value of the most current period.

Attachment 3
Endorsement/Guarantee provided to others for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2023

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated) Percentage of Limit of accumulated Limit of total Guarantee Guarantee Amount of Suarantee provided Receiving party guarantee/endorsement collateral provided by provided by a to subsidiaries in Maximum guarantee amount to net guarantee/ amount for receiving balance for the Ending Actual amount guarantee/ assets value from the endorsement arent company subsidiary Mainland China No. Endorsor/Guarantor Company name Relationship party period balance provided endorsement latest financial statement amount (Note 8) (Note 8) (Note 8) Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd. Gowin Building Management Services (Note 1) \$3,565,546 \$260,328 \$260,328 \$10,328 2.19% \$5,942,577 N N Co., Ltd. (Note 4) (Note 4 0 Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd. Gowin Smart Parking Co., Ltd. (Note 1) 3,565,546 124,300 124,300 24,300 1.05% 5,942,577 Y N Ν (Note 4) (Note 4) Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd. Guoyun Technology Co., Ltd. 3,565,546 190,000 5,942,577 Y Ν 0 (Note 1) 190,000 1.60% Ν (Note 4) (Note 4) Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd. (Note 1) 3,565,546 1,500,000 1.000,000 100,000 5.942.577 Y Ν 0 LeeBao Security Co., Ltd. 8.41% N (Note 4) (Note 4) 3,565,546 Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd. Brightron Technology and Engineering 400,000 400,000 93,000 3.37% 5,942,577 Y Ν N Corporation (Note 4) (Note 4) 5,942,577 Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd. TransAsia Catering Services Ltd. (Note 1) 3,565,546 292,000 260,000 260,000 2.19% Y Ν Ν (Note 4) (Note 4 Gowin Building Management Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd. (Note 2) 284,930 3.310 3.310 3,310 0.35% 5.942.577 Y N and Maintenance Co., Ltd. (Note 5) (Note 5) 284,930 1 Gowin Building Management Gowin Smart Parking Co., Ltd. (Note 1) 100,000 100,000 10.52% 5,942,577 N N N and Maintenance Co., Ltd. (Note 5) (Note 5) 2 Speed Investment Co., Ltd. Star Power Solutions Taiwan Limited (Note 1) 1.146.023 10,000 10,000 0.26% 5,942,577 N Ν Ν (Note 6) (Note 6 190,269 5,942,577 Goyun Security Co., Ltd. Guoyun Technology Co., Ltd. (Note 1) 100,000 100,000 15.77% N Ν N

(Note 7

- Note 1: The Company directly and indirectly holds more than 50% of the voting shares.
- Note 2: A company that directly and indirectly holds more than 50% of the voting shares in the Company.
- Note 3: A company that directly and indirectly holds more than 90% of the voting shares in the Company.
- Note 4: A subsidiary in which Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd. holds directly or indirectly over 50% of equity interest. Guarantee/endorsement amount are as follows:
 - (1) Total guarantee amount of the Company and its subsidiaries to net assets value of open-released parent company shall not exceed 50%.
 - (2) Total guarantee amount for receiving party of the Company and its subsidiaries to net assets value of the Company shall not exceed 30%. Except for open-released parent company directly or indirectly owned exceed 90% of equity interest, and its amount to net assets value of parent company shall not exceed 10%. But not for the case of guarantee/endorsement among companies owned 100% equity interests by open-released parent company.
 - (3) Beside abovementioned limit, guarantee/endorsement amount of an investee company that has a business relationship with the Company shall not exceed trading amount, which is higher between sales and purchases.

(Note 7)

- Note 5: Limit of guarantee/endorsement amount of Gowin Building Management and Maintenance Co., Ltd. are as follows:
 - (1) Total guarantee amount of the Company to net assets value from the latest financial statement shall not exceed 50%.
 - (2) Total guarantee amount for receiving party of the Company and its subsidiaries to net assets value of the Company shall not exceed 30%. Except for open-released parent company directly or indirectly owned exceed 90% of equity interest, and its amount to net assets value of parent company shall not exceed 10%. But not for the case of guarantee/endorsement among companies owned 100% equity interests by open-released parent company.
 - (3) Beside abovementioned limit, guarantee/endorsement amount of an investee company that has a business relationship with the Company shall not exceed trading amount, which is higher between sales and purchases.
- Note 6: A subsidiary in which Speed Investment Co., Ltd. holds directly or indirectly over 50% of equity interest. Guarantee/endorsement amount are as follows:
 - (1) Total guarantee amount of the Company and its subsidiaries to net assets value of open-released parent company shall not exceed 50%.
 - (2) Total guarantee amount for receiving party of the Company and its subsidiaries to net assets value of the Company shall not exceed 30%. Except for open-released parent company directly or indirectly owned exceed 90% of equity interest, and its amount to net assets value of parent company shall not exceed 10%. But not for the case of guarantee/endorsement among companies owned 100% equity interests by open-released parent company.
 - (3) Beside abovementioned limit, guarantee/endorsement amount of an investee company that has a business relationship with the Company shall not exceed trading amount, which is higher between sales and purchases.
- Note 7: A subsidiary in which Govun Security Co., Ltd. holds directly or indirectly over 50% of equity interest. Guarantee/endorsement amount are as follows:
 - (1) Total guarantee amount of the Company and its subsidiaries to net assets value of open-released parent company shall not exceed 50%.
 - (2) Total guarantee amount for receiving party of the Company and its subsidiaries to net assets value of the Company shall not exceed 30%. However, this does not apply to the guarantee/endorsement among companies where the open-released parent company directly or indirectly owned exceed 90% of the voting shares as defined in Article 13.
 - (3) Beside abovementioned limit, guarantee/endorsement amount of an investee company that has a business relationship with the Company shall not exceed trading amount, which is higher between sales and purchases.
- Note 8: A company is coded "Y" when a subsidiary is endorsed by the listed parent company, or a listed parent company is endorsed by a subsidiary, or a company with an endorsement in Mainland China.

Attachment 4-1

Securities held for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2023 (Excluding subsidiary, associates and joint ventures)

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

				Ending balance				
Holder	Type and name of securities	Relationship	Financial statement account	Units/Shares	Book value	Percentage of ownership	Fair value (NTD)	Note
Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	Unlisted companies stocks-							
	BlissCloud Group Holdings Corp	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, non-current	987,762	\$-	4.41%	\$-	
	Top Taiwan Viii Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, non-current	362,266	5,927	2.08%	16.36	
	GAMA Pay Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, non-current	1,657,366	4,392	2.07%	2.65	
	GENIRON.COM Inc.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, non-current	1,591,367	47,645	10.61%	29.94	
	Raixin Quality Products Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, non-current	789,488	2,100	7.89%	2.66	
	Inline Group Limited (Convertible Preferred Shares)	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, non-current	100,000	28,379	1.50%	283.79	
	Convertible Bond-							
	Inline group Limited-USD 1,500,000	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, current	-	42,138	-	42,138	
Lee Way Electronics Co., Ltd.	Listed companies stocks-							
	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	Parent Company	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, current	163,284	17,390	0.04%	106.50	
	Unlisted companies stocks-							
	Huijia Health Life Technology Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, non-current	50,000	182	0.24%	3.64	
LeeBao Technology Co., Ltd.	Unlisted companies stocks-							
Leebao Teelinology Co., Lat.	GENIRON.COM Inc.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-non-current	1,239,180	37,101	8.26%	29.94	
Tital Star International Co., Ltd.	Unlisted companies stocks-			407.227	12 722	0.690/	27.62	
	International Integrated Systems, Inc.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-non-current	497,227	13,733	0.68%	27.62	
	Oriental Life Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-non-current	182,500	7,114	7.30%	38.98	
Chung Hsing E-Guard Co., Ltd.	Listed companies stocks-							
	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	Parent Company	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, current	552,655	58,858	0.12%	106.50	
Golden Harvest Food Enterprose Ltd.	Listed companies stocks-							
	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	Parent Company	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, current	56,000	5,964	0.01%	106.50	

Attachment 4-2
Securities held for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2023 (Excluding subsidiary, associates and joint ventures)

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

				(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherw Ending balance		s unicss outerwi	se stateu)	
					Ziidiig	Percentage of	Fair value	
Holder	Type and name of securities	Relationship	Financial statement account	Units/Shares	Book value	ownership	(NTD)	Note
KuoHsing Security Co., Ltd.	Listed companies stocks-							
	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	Parent Company	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, current	3,625,284	\$386,092	0.80%	\$106.50	
	Wellpool Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, non-current	281,000	18,911	0.78%	67.30	
Gowin Building Management Services Co., Ltd.	Listed companies stocks-							
	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	Parent Company	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, current	982,564	104,643	0.22%	106.50	
Lots Home Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Unlisted companies stocks-							
Solo 110me Emermaniem Con, Etter	The Tag-Along Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, non-current	44,453	250	15.00%	5.62	
	Daxiao Creative Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, non-current	1,000,000	8,550	6.90%	8.55	
	Yiyi Pictures Co., Ltd.		Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, non-current	44,000	476	5.50%	10.82	
				,,,,,				
	Film and television investment agreement		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, non-current	-	70,206	-	70,206	
Goyun Security Co., Ltd.	Listed companies stocks-							
	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	Parent Company	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, current	252,820	26,925	0.06%	106.50	
	Wellpool Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, non-current	181,500	12,215	0.50%	67.30	
Speed Investment Co., Ltd.	Listed companies stocks-							
	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	Parent Company	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, current	2,397,198	255,302	0.53%	106.50	
	Wellpool Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, non-current	302,500	20,358	0.84%	67.30	
	Unlisted companies stocks-							
	Top Taiwan VI Venture Capital Co., Ltd.		Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, non-current	83,750	167	2.17%	1.99	
		-		-	7,310	3.75%	25.99	
	Yuji Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, non-current	281,250	· ·			
	Imperial Food Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, non-current	300,000	990	2.54%	3.30	
	Darjun Venture Corporation Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, non-current	1,500,000	14,880	4.00%	9.92	
	Simple agreement for future equity-							
	AUTOPASS.INC	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, current	-	21,298	-	21,298	
	Fund-							
	AsiaVest Opportunities Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, current	200	1,082	0.74%	USD 174.91	
TransAsia Catering Service Ltd.	Fund-							
TransAsia Catering Service Ltd.	O-Bank No.1 Real Estate Investment Trust		Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, current	17,046,000	137,732	5.68%	8.08	
	5 Jank 10.1 Real Estate Investment Hust	_	maneral assets at tail value unough other comprehensive income, current	17,040,000	131,132	3.0070	0.00	
Aion Technologies Inc.	Listed companies stocks-							
	Taiwan Shin Kong Security Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, current	15,000	601	0.00%	40.10	
MyStory Entertainment Co., Ltd.								
	Film and television investment agreement	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, non-current	-	137,376	-	137,376	

Attachment 5
Related party transactions for purchases and sales amounts exceeding NT\$100 million or 20% of capital stock

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated) Details of non-arm's Notes and accounts receivable length transaction (payable) Transactions Percentage Percentage of total of total Purchases Purchaser (seller) Counter-party Relationship Amount Credit Term Unit price | Credit term Balance receivables Note (Sales) purchases (payable) (sales) \$-Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd. Aion Technologies Inc. Subsidiary accounted for using the equity method Note 1 \$161,872 Note 1 30-60 days \$(35,608) (7)%Anfeng Enterprise Co., Ltd. Investee accounted for using the equity method (195,837)-3% 30-60 days 123,297 12% Sales LeeBao Security Co., Ltd. Subsidiary accounted for using the equity method 196,509 7% 30-60 days (28,298)(5)% Purchase Titan Star International Co., Ltd. Subsidiary accounted for using the equity method 391,458 30-60 days (135,919)26% Note 2 Note 2 Goldsun Express & Logistics Co., Ltd. | Goldsun Building Materials Co., Ltd. | Investee accounted for using the equity method Note 3 (396,425)Note 3 95,782 55% 30 days

Note 1: The Company purchases information equipment, software and system maintenance from Aion Technologies Inc.

Note 2: The Company purchased inventory, electronic anti-theft and electronic fireproof equipment from Titan Star International Co., Ltd, and recognized spare electronic equipment under the purchase, operating costs and fixed assets.

Note 3: The subsidiary provides cement carrying services to Goldsun Building Materials Co., Ltd, and recognized as other revenue.

Attachment 6

Receivables from related parties with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20 percent of capital stock

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Company name	Country norty	rty I Relationshin I halance of I		Turnover	Overdue r	eceivables	Amount received in amount	Loss
Company name	Counter-party	Relationship	receivables	rate (times)	Amount	Collection status	collection status subsequent period	allowance
Anfeng Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd.	Investee accounted for using the equity method	\$123,297	1.93	\$-	\$-	\$27,984	\$-

Attachment 7-1

Names, locations and related information of investee companies (excluding investment in Mainland China)

*Investee company accounted for using the equity method

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

				Initial In	vestment		Ending balance		Net income	Investment
Investor company	Investee company	Location	Main businesses and products	Ending balance	Beginning balance	Number of shares	Percentage of ownership	Book value	(loss) of investee company	income (loss) recognized
van Secom Co., Ltd.	Speed Investment Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Investment holding	\$198,200	\$198,200	311,124,598	100.00%	\$3,375,727	\$179,862	\$118,742
	LeeBao Security Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Security services providing	198,006	198,006	103,983,458	100.00%	1,725,614	245,612	250,666
	Goyun Security Co., Ltd.	Kaohsiung City	Security services providing	40,034	40,034	27,705,510	100.00%	543,904	75,794	74,060
	Chung Hsing E-Guard Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Sales of electric, telecommunications and fireproof products	20,000	20,000	2,000,000	100.00%	9,372	3,057	369
	Goldsun Express & Logistics Co., Ltd.	New Taipei City	Air cargo transporting services	613,878	613,878	59,464,914	100.00%	673,041	25,129	25,010
	KuoHsing Security Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Corporate security guarding services	-	-	29,321,619	83.77%	562,434	165,389	119,606
	Gowin Building Management and Maintenance Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Building management services providing	101,911	101,911	28,463,488	80.96%	533,995	176,826	139,163
	Aion Technologies Inc.	Taipei City	Technology support services	186,358	178,243	15,576,721	90.17%	241,921	43,421	37,204
	Zhong Bao Insurance Services Inc.	Taipei City	Insurance broker	13,063	13,063	912,600	90.00%	27,722	5,995	5,396
	Lee Way Electronics Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Police-Citizen connection and AED rental services	87,125	87,125	6,858,894	34.29%	125,239	76,744	26,036
	Lots Home Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Digital video and movie distribution	186,480	186,480	683,920	1.93%	2,929	4,593	89
	TransAsia Catering Service Ltd.	Taoyuan City	Production and sales of instant foods and in-flight catering	750,687	750,687	24,562,918	67.02%	681,445	1,016	465
	Brightron Technology and Engineering Corporation	Taipei City	Light controlling system services	6,776	6,776	2,085,434	5.18%	16,327	28,479	(67)
	Golden Harvest Food Enterprose Ltd.	Taipei City	Catering services	520,874	520,874	12,010,227	97.84%	558,567	45,166	38,374
	Goldsun Building Materials Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Ready mixed concrete, real estate sale, and lease	1,257,922	1,257,922	77,705,747	6.59%	1,761,050	2,348,723	154,779
	TransAsia Airways Corp.	Taipei City	Aviation services	833,409	833,409	76,245,604	10.05%	-	_	_
	Tech Elite Holdings Ltd.	Hong Kong	Investment holding	66,416	66,416	2,000,000	39.22%	_	_	-
	Anfeng Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Automated Teller Machine (ATM) services	10,820	10,820	900,000	30.00%	15,574	5.319	1,596
	Huaya Development Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Operating hotel and sales of cement products and asbestos waves	314,899	314,899	25,512,892	42.52%	287,426	(6,256)	(2,660)
	GALC Inc.	Taipei City	Manufacturing of metal structures and building components	9,000	9.000	900.000	30.00%	12,323	9,906	2,972
				,,,,,	,,,,,,	, ,	2010070	,	.,	_,,,,_
ed Investment Co., Ltd.	Titan Star International Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Manufacturing, selling and processing of security-related	272,396	272,396	133,806,110	100.00%	2,036,354	151,501	129,538
			equipment and parts							
	Jiansheng International Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Medical equipment and AED rental services	20,000	20,000	2,000,000	100.00%	20,396	316	311
	Lots Home Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Digital video and movie distribution	375,568	375,568	29,865,578	84.10%	180,331	4,593	3,883
	Ching-Dian Tech Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	POS system for retail	147,780	147,780	13,992,000	93.28%	151,087	6,191	5,545
	Lee Way Electronics Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Police-Citizen connection and AED rental services	103,446	103,446	9,385,856	46.93%	188,535	76,744	35,711
	TransAsia Catering Service Ltd.	Taoyuan City	Production and sales of instant foods and in-flight catering	80,000	80,000	2,424,242	6.61%	71,607	1,016	83
	Zhong Bao Insurance Services Inc.	Taipei City	Insurance broker	1,927	1,927	101,400	10.00%	3,076	5,995	595
	Goldsun Building Materials Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Ready mixed concrete, real estate sale, and lease	89,181	89,181	8,472,699	0.72%	169,063	2,348,723	16,893
	Brightron Technology and Engineering Corporation	Taipei City	Light controlling system services	124,740	124,740	28,201,692	70.00%	275,653	28,479	20,549
	Star Power Solutions Taiwan Limited	Taipei City	Energy-saving solutions technology	30,000	15,300	3,000,000	100.00%	6,870	(9,249)	(6,361)
	Epic Tech Taiwan Inc.	Taipei City	Information management platform	79,200	55,200	3,804,525	79.58%	26,336	(15,795)	(12,475)
	MyStory Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Video content development and investment	102,000	102,000	10,200,000	51.00%	93,977	(9,863)	(5,022)
	Baohwa Trust Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Information Security Services	60,000	30,000	6,000,000	75.00%	37,600	(19,803)	(12,300)
	Living Plus Food & Beverage Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Catering services	20,000	20,000	2,000,000	94.67%	13,817	(2,932)	(2,777)
	Elving Flus Food & Beverage Co., Eld.	raiper City	Cutching Services	20,000	20,000	2,000,000	54.0770	15,017	(2,732)	(2,777)
an Star International Co., Ltd.	eSkylink Inc.	Taipei City	Telecom value-added network services	7,301	7,301	884,016	19.71%	24,377	31,337	6,038
	Brightron Technology and Engineering Corporation	Taipei City	Light controlling system services	30,244	30,244	2,303,654	5.72%	33,629	28,479	1,629
	TransAsia Airways Corp.	Taipei City	Aviation Services	54,007	54,007	4,405,028	0.58%	-	_	-
	Goldsun Building Materials Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Ready mixed concrete, real estate sale, and lease	317,979	317,979	43,923,710	3.72%	897,723	2,348,723	87,283
	TransAsia Catering Service Ltd.	Taoyuan City	Production and sales of instant foods and in-flight catering	100,000	100,000	3.030.303	8.27%	63,699	1,016	26

Note 1: On January 11, 2017, the shareholders meeting of TransAsia Airways Corp., which is the Group's investee recognized in investments accounted for under the equity method, approved the liquidation proposal. No more investment income or loss has been recognized since 2017.

Attachment 7-2 Names, locations and related information of investee companies (excluding investment in Mainland China)

*Investee company accounted for using the equity method

mivestee company accounted for using the equity method				Initial Inv	vestment		Ending balance	iii Tiiousaiius or i	Net income	Investment	, stated)
					Beginning	Number of	Percentage of		(loss) of investee	income (loss)	
Investor company	Investee company	Location	Main businesses and products	Ending balance	balance	shares	ownership	Book value	company	recognized	Note
Goldsun Express & Logistics Co., Ltd.	Goldsun Express Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	The custom broker services	\$26,833	\$26,833	3,361,248	100.00%	\$36,808	\$620	\$621	
Goyun Security Co., Ltd.	Gowin Building Management and Maintenance Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Building management services providing	15,000	15,000	2,154,042	6.13%	40,465	176,826	10,272	
Goydii Security Co., Edd.	TransAsia Airways Corp.	Taipei City	Aviation Services	28,978	28,978	1,635,080	0.13%	40,403	170,820	10,272	Note 1
	Ching-Dian Tech Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	POS system for retail	10,080	10,080	1,008,000	6.72%	10,718	6,191	320	
	Goldsun Building Materials Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Ready mixed concrete, real estate sale, and lease	42,045	42,045	4,531,136	0.38%	71.033	2,348,723	7,208	
	Guoyun Technology Co., Ltd.	Kaohsiung City	Car parking lot services	150,000	150,000	20,000,000	100.00%	206,540	6,148	6,118	
	Lots Home Entertainment Co., Limited	Taipei City	Digital video and movie distribution	1,814	1,814	1,240,688	3.49%	7,448	4,593	161	
									-		
KuoHsing Security Co., Ltd.	Gowin Building Management and Maintenance Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Building management services providing	26,615	26,615	4,540,260	12.91%	123,957	176,826	21,640	
	Lee Way Electronics Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Police-Citizen connection and AED rental services	20,020	20,020	1,804,972	9.02%	38,791	76,744	6,249	
	Goldsun Building Materials Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Ready mixed concrete, real estate sale, and lease	287,475	287,475	16,300,599	1.38%	369,351	2,348,723	31,999	
	TransAsia Airways Corp.	Taipei City	Aviation Services	47,581	47,581	4,360,832	0.57%	-	=-	-	Note 1
	KuoHsing Rental Co.,Ltd.	New Taipei City	Mini-Storage rental services	10,000	10,000	1,000,000	100.00%	8,859	628	628	
	TransAsia Catering Service Ltd.	Taoyuan City	Production and sales of instant foods and in-flight catering	70,000	70,000	2,121,212	5.79%	45,309	1,016	72	
Gowin Building Management and Maintenance Co., Ltd.	Gowin Security Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Corporate security guarding services	40,000	40,000	4,000,000	100.00%	80,508	12,543	12,611	
	KuoHsing Security Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Corporate security guarding services	12,515	12,515	506,692	1.45%	15,929	165,389	2,280	
	TransAsia Airways Corp.	Taipei City	Aviation Services	19,639	19,639	2,101,872	0.28%	-	-	_	Note 1
	Goldsun Building Materials Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Ready mixed concrete, real estate sale, and lease	94,214	79,807	5,029,913	0.43%	101,768	2,348,723	7,977	
	Gowin Smart Parking Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Car parking lot services	100,000	50,000	10,000,000	100.00%	120,353	17,823	17,852	
Lee Way Electronics Co., Ltd.	Lee Yuan Biomedical Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Medical equipment and AED rental services	30,000	30,000	5,000,000	100.00%	100,945	35,283	35,283	
	TransAsia Catering Service Ltd.	Taoyuan City	Production and sales of instant foods and in-flight catering	50,000	50,000	1,515,152	4.13%	31,810	1,016	12	
LeeBao Security Co., Ltd.	LeeBao Technology Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Automated Teller Machine (ATM) services	50,000	50,000	5,000,000	100.00%	59,966	5,157	6,456	
	Baohong Technology Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Information software services	6,500	6,500	650,000	65.00%	6,620	161	131	
Aion Technologies Inc.	Brightron Technology and Engineering Corporation	Taipei City	Light controlling system services	81,623	81,623	6,132,000	15.22%	90,950	28,479	4,420	
	Goldsun Building Materials Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Ready mixed concrete, real estate sale, and lease	76,600	76,600	3,499,811	0.30%	89,408	2,348,723	6,154	
	Epic Tech Taiwan Inc.	Taipei City	Information management platform	19,800	13,800	951,131	19.89%	6,576	(15,795)	(3,127)	
TransAsia Catering Services Ltd.	Global Food Co., Ltd.	Taoyuan City	Retail of food product	18,000	18,000	1,800,000	30.00%	21,229	9,403	1,700	
	Goldsun Building Materials Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Sales of digital signage, monitors, and etc.	205,172	205,172	7,931,574	0.67%	200,665	2,348,723	15,720	
	Living Plus Food & Beverage Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Catering services	14,180	14,180	112,700	5.33%	168	(2,932)	(155)	
Ching-Dian Tech Co., Ltd.	Goldsun Building Materials Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Sales of digital signage, monitors, and etc.	101,478	101,478	4,145,000	0.35%	110,489	2,348,723	8,241	
Lots Home Entertainment Co., Limited	Goldsun Building Materials Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Sales of digital signage, monitors, and etc.	66,118	66,118	6,760,906	0.57%	133,587	2,348,723	13,374	
Does Frome Entertainment Co., Emmed	Goldsun Bunding Materials Co., Etc.	raiper exy	Sales of digital signage, momors, and etc.	00,110	00,110	0,700,200	0.5770	155,567	2,340,723	13,374	
Living Plus Food & Beverage Co., Ltd.	Pony Drink Dream Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Catering services	-	7,000	-	0.00%	-	(2,999)	(1,302)	
	T C C L	m : : ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::		20.000	20.000	2 000 000	100.000/	56,380	24.222	28,005	
Golden Harvest Food Enterprose Ltd.	Tai-Shun Shi Ye Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Garment Industry	29,900	29,900	2,990,000	100.00%	36,380	24,222	28,005	
Brightron Technology and Engineering Corporation	SIGMU D.P.T. Company Ltd.	Taipei City	Wholesale and installation of fire safety equipment	100,281	100,281	1,364,319	100.00%	60,891	1,364	1,364	
•	Comlink Fire Systems Inc.	Taoyuan City	Wholesale of fire safety equipment	40,917	40,917	206,250	100.00%	15,037	(431)	(431)	
LeeBao Technology Co., Ltd.	Baohong Technology Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Information software services	500	500	50,000	5.00%	509	161	10	
		1									

Attachment 8

Investment in Mainland China

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

								(-				Accumulated
							Accumulated					Inward
				Accumulated	Investme	ent Flows	Outflow of			Investment		Remittance of
				Outflow of			Investment from	Net income			Carrying Value	-
			Method of	Investment from			Taiwan as of	(loss) of		(loss)	as of	as of Outflow
		Total Amount of		Taiwan as of			September 30,	investee	Percentage of	recognized	September 30,	September 30,
Investee company	Main Businesses and Products	Paid-in Capital	(Note 1)	January 1, 2023	Outflow	Inflow	2023	company	Ownership	(Note 2)	2023	2023
Yixun (China) Software Co., Ltd.	R&D, production of computer applications, programs, talent training, web applications and other software sales	\$197,278	(2)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	17.20%	\$-	\$-	. \$-
Zanyun (China) Software Co., Ltd.	and technical consulting services Computer and peripheral software wholesale and retail, computer software services, data processing services, network information supply and management consultants	USD 4,800	(2)	-	-	-	-	-	17.20%	-	-	-

Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as of	Investment Amounts Authorized by	Upper Limit on Investment
2023/9/30	Investment Commission, MOEA	(Note 3)
\$-	\$120,801	\$7,408,796

Note 1: The methods for engaging in investment in Mainland China include the following:

- (1) Direct investment in Mainland China.
- (2) Indirectly investment in Mainland China through companies registered in a third region. (Please specify the name of the company in third region).
- (3) Other methods

Note 2: The investment income (loss) recognized in current period:

- (1)Please specify if no investment income (loss) has been recognized as still in the preparation stage.
- (2)The investment income (loss) were determined based on the following:
- a. The financial report was audited and certified by an international accounting firm in cooperation with an R.O.C. accounting firm.
- b.The financial statements certificated by the CPA of the parent company in Taiwan.
- c.Others.

Note 3: The Company is based on the new regulations promulgated by the Ministry of Economic Affairs in the Republic of China in 2008. The calculation method for the mainland area is 60% of the net value or the combined net value, whichever is higher.

Note 4: In order to simplify the investment structure, the Group sold the entire equity of Northern Bank Securities Software Development Co., Ltd. in the first quarter of 2016 and lost control from that date.

Attachment 9

Major Shareholders Information

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Name	Shares	Number of shares	Percentage of ownership (%)
SECOM CO. LTD.		123,110,870	27.29%
Shin Kong Life Insurance Co., Ltd.		24,383,205	5.40%